

A prehistoric ring-ditch and Roman landscape at Lanswood Park, Elmstead Market, Essex: evaluation and excavation (June-July 2020, and March-June 2021)



by **Howard Brooks**

Contributions by Michael Bamforth, Dr Matthew Loughton, Laura Pooley, Bronagh Quinn,
Megan Seehra, Alec Wade, and Adam Wightman

Fieldwork directed by Ben Holloway (evaluation) and Harvey Furniss (excavation),
with Mark Baister, Ziya Eksen, Elliott Hicks, Emma Holloway, Matthew Perou, Nicholas Pryke, Nigel
Rayner, Adam Ronn, Megan Seehra, Alexander Smith, Sarah Veasey, and Alec Wade

Figures by Emma Holloway, Harvey Furniss, Ben Holloway, Howard Brooks

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Colchester Archaeological Trust

Roman Circus House,
Roman Circus Walk,
Colchester,
Essex, CO2 7GZ

tel.: 01206 501785

email: hb@catuk.org

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1 Summary

The Tendring Peninsula is rich in archaeological cropmark sites. When excavated, these cropmark sites generally reveal multi-period occupation centred on the prehistoric and Romano-British periods. The current site, at NGR TL073 236 and just east of the famous Beth Chatto Gardens, conforms to this pattern.

A small scattering of prehistoric flints indicates passing activity in the Mesolithic and Neolithic periods (Period 1a). The first dated features were two deposits of burnt flints accompanied by large sherds of Middle Bronze Age pottery. These deposits may be ceremonial rather than domestic in nature. Of a group of fifty-one cuts arranged in two or three overlapping oval patterns, nineteen contained Late Bronze Age and Early Iron Age pottery (Period 1b). The cuts (with or without finds) were of widely differing depths, and so the oval patterns are unlikely to have been created by the uprooting of wooden posts. Again, a ceremonial function is more convincing than a domestic one for these deposits. Mirroring the oval pattern of the cuts, an adjacent ring-ditch may, by association, be dated to the Bronze Age. A cremation burial off-centre within the ring-ditch is similarly undated, but contained the remains of an adult buried with a copper object surviving only as a bone stain.

The beginning of a sustained period of activity belongs to the 1st century AD (Period 2a), when a Late Iron Age/early Roman enclosure was laid out, initially containing two unurned cremation burials. Although a small number of features can be dated to this 1st century phase, the later first and early second century (Period 2b) saw a massive increase in activity (continuing into the third), with the laying out of an enclosure (half of which lay within the excavated area), approached by at least four trackways or droveways.

A significant element of the site was a Roman timber well.

Sixteen iron nails may have been parts of structures which are otherwise invisible. In a possible connection, one plank from the well may have had a nail hole, indicating a former life as part of a wooden structure. Apart from those instances, there were no signs of a structure (for example, convincing settings of post holes) within the enclosure, other than two possible fence lines.

It may therefore be assumed that the primary function of the enclosures was agricultural, with evidence of the movement of livestock (the droveways), and of cereal processing (quern fragments).

It may be noted that there were no Roman coins. A small quantity of slag shows that some metal working took place. Although no hearth or ovens were found, a quantity of baked clay, some of it with wattle holes, may be indicative of fired clay structures which are not otherwise apparent.

What is difficult to interpret is the large volume of Roman pottery here (55 kg). This is surely indicative of a settlement in the immediate vicinity. Likewise, the large group of Roman brick and tile (53 kg) must indicate the presence of a nearby Roman masonry structure with a tiled roof and a hypocaust.

It may be concluded that the excavated site was a farmyard belonging to an adjacent and substantial Roman-period structure with a tiled roof and a hypocaust, most likely to be of 1st century date (Period 2a) and associated with the early enclosure and cremation burials mentioned above. The pottery found on the excavated site was presumably used by the inhabitants of this building and then dumped as waste in the adjacent farmyard. Significantly, the fact that brick, roof tile and flue-tile fragments from the building found their way into the farmyard ditches must imply that the building was demolished or at least remodelled during the lifetime of the farm (Period 2b).

2 Introduction

A planning application (20/00239/FUL) was submitted to Tendring District Council in February 2020 for Outline Application for up to 10,000sqm of new mixed use (B1, B2, B8) commercial space and 14 houses, and Full Permission for 71 houses. As the site lies within an area of

archaeological importance as highlighted by the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER), an archaeological condition was recommended, following the guidelines given in National Planning Policy Framework (MHCLG 2019).

This is the report on the required archaeological work - evaluation by thirty-five trenches (June-July 2020) and subsequent excavation of an area of 14,350 m² (March-June 2021) commissioned by Lanswood Limited and carried out on their behalf by Colchester Archaeological Trust. The details of the scope and methodology of this project, as agreed by Essex County Council Place Services and (originally) Archaeology Collective (and later) CAT, can be seen in Archaeology Collective 2020, and CAT 2021. The project was monitored for ECCPS by Teresa O'Connor. All site work was in accordance with modern agreed standards as summarised in ClfA 2014 and mindful of research aims summarised by Medlycott 2012.

3 Archaeological background

The site lies within an area rich in archaeological cropmarks. The area including the current site contained cropmarks of trackways, pits, ditches and a curvilinear enclosure (Essex Historic Environment Record numbers 2593, 2615 & 17573). Ditches parallel to the trackways may be parts of enclosures, indicating settlement activity (EHER 2536, and 48544).

Under the auspices of Helen Saunders of ECCPS, the cropmarks were rectified by Archaeology Collective (AC 2020). Regarding the current site, these rectified cropmarks show double-ditched trackways or droveways (heading mostly NW-SE), blobs representing pits, and Ditch marks probably representing field ditches.

Roman and medieval objects found in this area by metal detectorists include pottery and glass vessels, and jewellery. Specifically from this site are 1st and 2nd century Roman coins (EHER 19426). Two adjacent evaluations at Blue Barns Farm by CAT in 2017 (CAT Reports 1094 & 1209) revealed medieval boundary ditches.

4 Site conditions

Soil

The British Geological Survey shows the site is on Kesgrave Catchment Subgroup - Sand and Gravel ¹. On site, the sandy / gravel mix was generally represented in the exposed subsoil and the feature fills, though there was a notable patch of clay around and into which a Roman well had been sunk (possibly deliberately). There are two other factors illustrating the mixed soils on this site. First, there were several large natural silt patches (these were trenched in case they were features, but proved to be natural). Second, two large pits may have been for mineral extraction (later used as rubbish dumps).

The ploughsoil (L1) and underlying subsoil (L2) had a combined depth of c 40cm, over natural L3.

Water

The nearest (current) water sources are the Elmstead Brook, which runs NW-SE and is adjacent to the southern boundary of the Application Site (and 200m from the site centre), and The Tenpenny Brook, which is approximately 250m north-west of the site centre, but then curves around to the south to pass only 190m from the site's south-eastern corner where the modern Clacton Road crosses the Tenpenny Brook.

Gradients

The site slopes down from north-east to south-west, losing about 3m in height from the Clacton Road side (28.3m aOD ²) to 25.3m close to Elmstead Brook. There is also a 6m loss of height when measured over a greater distance from the extreme north-east corner (29.7m) to the

¹ <https://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html?/>: consulted 08.06.22

² All heights in this report are above Ordnance Datum (aOD).

extreme south-eastern corner (23.6m). This gradient is of course reflected in the direction of the excavated trackways. Trackways cannot cut across slopes, because in wet weather wheeled vehicles would slide off into the ditches. Consequently, most of trackways run NE-SW down slope, or WNW-ESE where the slope is not so pronounced³.

5 The excavated remains

5.1 Dated and undated features

The evaluation and excavation uncovered a total of 267 features. However, 98 of these (or 37% of the total) were undated or natural features. Of the dated features, 32 were prehistoric, 75 were Roman, and two were post-medieval or modern. In terms of assigning a date to undated features, a certain amount of extrapolation is possible. For instance, where undated ditches were clear continuations of adjacent and dated Roman ditches, and where undated post holes were in groups with dated prehistoric post holes. Based on the close proximity of dated prehistoric features (and the absence of any other dated features in or near these groups), the number of prehistoric features may reasonably be raised from 32 to 72.

5.2 Period 1 - Prehistoric

5.2.1 *Period 1a Middle Bronze Age (MBA)*

The two earliest contexts on this site were pits F126 and F272. Pit F272 contained only eight sherds, but they were all from an Early Bronze Age (EBA) collared urn. F126, a sub-circular pit 1.2m in diameter, contained a large group of burnt flints (25 pieces, 382g) and the largest assemblage of prehistoric pottery on the site - 435 sherds weighing 3.8kg. There were sherds of at least four MBA Deverel-Rimbury vessels here - a bowl, two urns, and a cup.

These two pits were isolated on the site, in that they were 170m apart, but two other prehistoric features (F127-8), were within 1.5m of F126 and may have been part of this small group of MBA cuts.



Photograph 2 Bronze Age sherds in pit F126

³ see main report for detail

There were no other features, structural or otherwise, of this date. So, how do we interpret them? Given the absence of any other occupational material or structures in the vicinity, this group, or at least F126, may be regarded as a Middle Bronze Age 'foundation deposit'. It can be argued that this laid a claim to land later occupied on a more substantial basis, particularly by the later ring-ditch F20/79 and the groups of pits 150m to the SSE.

5.2.2 Period 1b Later Bronze Age to (Early) Iron Age

Fifteen features are dated to this period: F63-66, F69, F156, F158, F161, F163, F166, F171, F173, F178, F182, F190. Their pottery assemblages are typified by shouldered, everted and flat-topped jars dating to the Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age. These features were all grouped near the ring-ditch (below).

The pit groups

There was a group of fifty-one features to the south and west of the ring-ditch F20/78. Nineteen are ceramically dated to LBA-EIA (red tone on Fig 11). However, an argument can be made that thirty-two other undated features (purple tone on Fig 11⁴) are in fact contemporary with the LBA-EIA features, and form groups with them⁵.

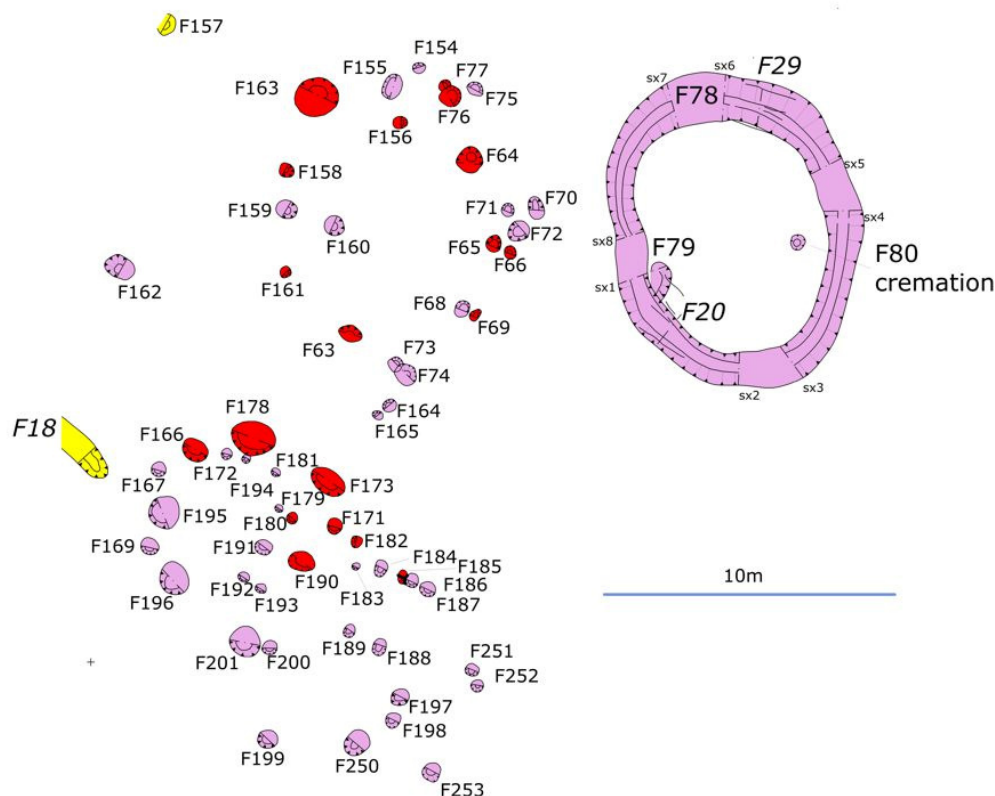


Fig 11 (extract)⁶ Ring-ditch F20/78 (top right) and adjacent pit groups (red shade indicates LBA-EIA dated contexts. Pink shade indicates undated but probably LBA-EIA contexts? (full figure at end of this report).

Groups of small features are, of course, susceptible to a number of different interpretations. However, it may be significant that the roughly oval layout of the northernmost group of features appears to mirror quite closely the shape of the adjacent ring-ditch to the east. We may be seeking patterns where they do not exist, but the southern group of features looks more like

⁴ F68, F70-75, F154-5, F159-60, F162, F164-5, F167, F169, F185-9, F191-3, F195-6, F199-201, F250-53.

⁵ The nearest feature dated to any period other than the LBA-EIA is over 100m away.

⁶ Figures can be found at the end of the report

several overlapping oval settings. In summary, it is argued here that the ring-ditch and the oval settings of cuts (whether there were three or four) may be regarded as one group dated to the LBA-EIA.



Photograph 3 Northern part of the northern pit group. F75-77 in foreground. View south.



Photograph 4 Finds-rich ceremonial deposit F76. Note the stony soil above the pot fragments.

The question then follows - what was the function of the features? There are only two options, really. They were either pits arranged in oval settings, or they held upright posts, now vanished. A comparison of the depth of the features in the northern group shows a great variety of depths, from 8cm to 74cm. Further, an arc of features at the northern edge of the northern group has

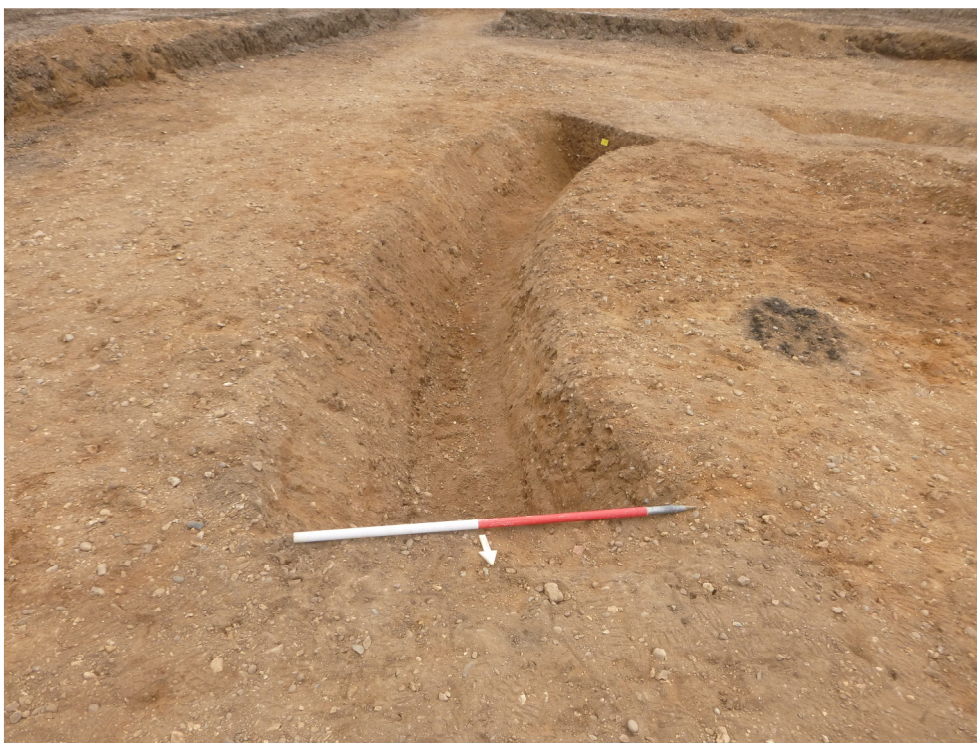
depths of 74cm, 17cm, 20cm, 14cm, and 42cm. Given that a ring of posts would presumably have been inserted to a broadly similar depth, it is hard to see this group as a series of post holes. Rather, they appear to be a group of small pits arranged in a pattern which mirrors the oval-shaped ring-ditch. Perhaps a stronger case for a ring of posts can be made with the north-western side of the southern group, where depths of 48cm, 22cm, 26cm, 43cm and 50cm are more susceptible of a structural interpretation. But on balance, the case for settings of upright posts is not strong. So, these were probably pit groups rather than structures.

The ring-ditch

The ring-ditch is the main feature of the southern part of the site. It was cut by evaluation T19, in which it was numbered F20 (southern part of ditch) and F29 (northern part of ditch). In the excavation stage, it was numbered F78. None of these contexts produced finds, so, strictly speaking, the ring-ditch is undated. However, it is located close the dated pit groups (above), and the fact that the pit groups may mirror the oval shape of the ring-ditch may lend strength to the suggestion that they were all connected. The question is - how? Two views are possible. First, the pit groups are earlier, and the ring-ditch was placed in a space next to them. Second, the ring-ditch was earlier, and the pit groups were later arranged in groups to its west and south.



Photograph 5 Ring-ditch F20/78, view south.



Photograph 6 The eastern arc of the ring-ditch F20/78, with undated cremation F80 to the west.



Photograph 7 Unurned cremation F80. By association, this is probably LBA-EIA.

Fired clay

F64 and F178 contained small quantities of fired clay, some of it with wattle holes. These fragments may indicate fired clay structures which are not otherwise apparent, or perhaps loom weights.

5.2.3 Period 1c Iron Age

Two features only are ceramically dated to this period - pits F62 and F76. F62 is an isolated pit 20m east of the group of Period 1a MBA pits, in the area later occupied by the Roman field system and trackways. After the LBA-EIA period above, which included nineteen dated contexts and thirty-two associated contexts, two dated contexts implies a great reduction in activity on this site in the Middle Iron Age.

5.3 Period 2 - Late Iron Age and Roman

This period has the highest feature count - 75, or 28% of the site features. Most of the Roman-period features were ditches forming trackways or droveways leading into one or two enclosures. Other features include, notably, a preserved timber well. There is a large weight of quernstone (8.3g) and of Roman brick and tile (including box flue tile and roof tile: 53kg) in features of this period.

Roman-period pottery indicates occupation from the Late Iron Age (1st century AD) to the fourth century, but with a strong concentration in the 2nd and 3rd centuries. It may be noted that no Iron Age or Roman coins were recovered by this excavation.

5.3.1 Period 2a Late Iron Age and early Roman

Ten features have pottery dating to this phase, and two more are postulated to belong to it (below).

Enclosure?

It may be postulated that an early phase of enclosure (Enclosure 1) is defined by ditches F99 on the north and F205 on the west. There is no obvious eastern or southern ditch. Dating is not strong (F99 has no finds, and F205 only a Roman brick fragment), but the fact that F99 is cut by three P2b features (F87, F117, F123) lends weight to a supposition that it is early. Another factor in support of this proposition is that two cremations of this date would be within this enclosure - F110 and F202 (below). Whether this may be taken to imply that the earliest Roman phase on this site is essentially one connected with ritual/burial will be discussed below ⁷.

Two other ditch fragments, F81 on the northern edge of the excavated area, and F220 on the south, may or may not have been connected with this enclosure

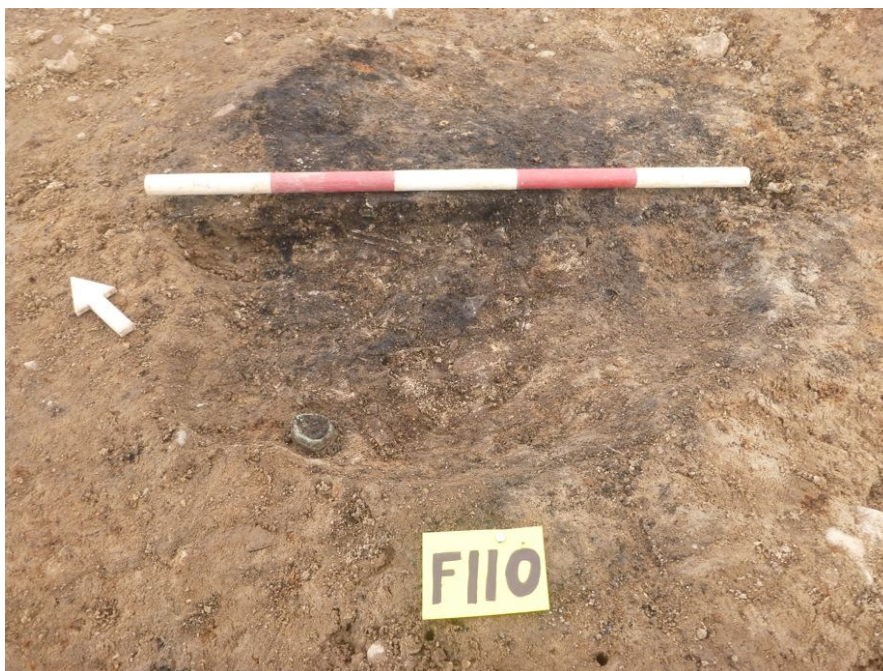
Cremations

Two cremations date to this period: F110 and F202. These were not cuts containing complete pots holding cremated human bone, but charcoally pits with cremated bone and small numbers of pot sherds (11 and 1 respectively). No age or sex estimation was possible with F202, but F110 may have been an adult over 18yrs old. Cremation F110 also contained a fragmentary copper-alloy ring. Another possible burial is indicated by the three complete or near complete vessels (a flagon and two fine ware beakers) which were deposited in ditch F81.

Other P2a features

The other features were pits F174, and F225, and gully F130.

⁷ It is not necessary to point out that the LBA activity in P1 is entirely ritual.



Photograph 8: cremation burial F110 with copper ring lying on surface.

5.3.2 Period 2b (2nd-3rd centuries)

Most of the site features are dated to this period (83, or 31% of all site contexts). This includes five cremations and a well, but principally ditches or gullies forming droveways and enclosures (61), and pits (27).

Cremations

Five cremations are dated to this phase - F131-2, F176-7, and F203. The cremations were not urned. Essentially they were shallow cuts with charcoally fills, containing small quantities of bone (16g, 0.5g, 3g, 5g, and 9g respectively). F131-2 can only be dated as 'Roman' because they only contained 1 and 2 sherds respectively. The others had larger groups of sherds (47, 8, 30) enabling a fairly consistent date range of early 2nd to early/mid 3rd century, squarely within our Period 2b.

The tiny bone quantities precluded any determination of age or sex. The only exception is that F131 had identifiable fragments which allowed an age estimation of 3-6 years old.

Enclosures and droveways (Fig 13)

The Roman P2b features (2nd to 3rd century) are dominated by ditches and trackways or droveways leading into two enclosures, or two fields. Regarding the larger *Enclosure 2*, its western, southern sides and a very small part of its eastern sides were on site, but not its northern side. It measured a little under 89m NW-SE by approximately 82m SW-NE (if F87 defined its northern side). The smaller *Enclosure 3* was 35 x 33m, at least (assuming the inner ditches were its sides).

The droveways (D) are as follows. Leading into the *Enclosure 2* from the NNW, D1 consisted of ditch F100 and a possible recut F101 on its western side, and F87 with F123 as a possible recut on its eastern side. Leading in from the NW, D2 consisted of ditches F118 on the north and F122/F124 to the south (both convincingly continue to the west as F49 and F57 respectively in evaluation Trench 5). D3, coming in from the SW, is a cropmark feature only, although ditch F221/211 may have been a continuation of it. D4 coming in from the ESE consisted of ditches F234 and F36 on the south, and F208/240, F37 and F39 on the north. Though less certain, Droveway 5 may have been defined by F151 and F152.

Some of these droveways appear to come to a dead halt against nearby ditches, especially D2 against F170, and D4 against F223. On one hand, wooden bridges can easily be used to cross

open ditches, but, on the other hand, this may be an indication of several periods of ditch / droveway construction.

The Roman well F255

The only surviving structure was a Roman timber well F255. This consisted of three surviving courses of split oak planks, reinforced at the corners by hazel stakes.

This was inserted into a cut barely larger than the timber structure, and was capped by a large deposit F44, which can be described as sinkage over the timber well when it had gone out of use. Dating is as follows. From the well itself, the pottery dates to AD 140-300, and from the infill F44, to AD 225-300. This allows an estimate that the well was in use in our Period 2b, but its infill may overlap 2b to 2c. A report on the well by Michael Bamforth can be found in the Finds Report section.





Photographs 9, 10,11: Three views of well F255. Only three courses survived. Note the carpentry technique, and the transverse corner pegs in the lowest course.

Other P2b features

Other features dated to this period include, at the northern end of the excavated area, a group of small pits - F90-92, F97, F105-6, F125. It is not impossible that these are the post pits of one or two fence lines perhaps defining a field edge to the north of Enclosure 1, but this is not certain. To the north of that group are two isolated pits F135 and F60.

It can be noted that apart from the two intercutting pits F129 and F136, close to the northern ditch of Droveaway 1, and the two intercutting pits F216-7, close to Droveaway 4, there were no features inside *Enclosure 2* other than the three cremation burials (F176-7, F203).

Central within *Enclosure 3* were pits F212 and F209. Close to its eastern edge were features F147-8, F153, F168, and F45. Although these did not form a straight line, it could be argued that they were part of a fence line along the eastern edge of *Enclosure 3*.

Other than those which might have been post pits (above), the function of these pits is difficult to establish. Two large pits F28 and F58, each roughly 30m away from the Enclosures, may have originated as mineral quarries, later to be filled with debris including much pottery and brick/tile. Two (F129, F138) contained substantial groups of quern fragments. Why bury quern fragments? The presence of two cremation burials in the top fills of adjacent enclosure ditches means we cannot rule out a ceremonial or ritual function for these features (closing deposits?).

With the exception of those two pits, and the infill (F44) over the well F255, the bulk of the site finds came from ditches, not pits, so it is not convincing to describe the remaining features as rubbish pits (again, the same question - why bury rubbish?).

Ditches F87 and F208 contained a small quantity of baked clay, possibly fragments of loom weights.

Period 3 Post-medieval and modern

Four contexts date to this period: pit F52/144, ditch F30/31/35, and ditch/pit F43. Ditch F30/31/35 is clearly visible as a field boundary on the OS 1st Edition of 1888.

6 Finds

6.1 Small finds and iron nails (Fig 26)

By Laura Pooley

There were 16 numbered Roman small finds – nine bags of quernstone, five iron objects and two bags of copper-alloy fragments. A full catalogue of all of the small finds and iron nails can be found in Appendix 2.

In total, 245 fragments of lava quernstone, weighing 8.38kg, came from seven Roman features: pit F53 (SF2), ditch F87 (SF3), pit F90 (SF4), ditch F100 (SF5), pit F129 (SF6), pit F141 (SF7) and ditch F152 (SF8). All of the fragments were in extremely poor condition being small, abraded and crumbling to the touch, and none had any distinguishing features. In contrast, fragments of puddingstone quern from Roman pits F129 (SF9) and F238 (SF10) were in much better condition. Fragment SF9 came from the upper stone of a hemi-spherical quern and SF10 from the lower stone of a cylindrical quern (Fig 26.1 -2) (Shaffrey 2021).

All five of the iron objects came from Roman features, one each from sinkage F44 and pit F52, and three from ditch F208. They were all fragmentary and in a poor condition, being covered in dirt and corrosion, and were sent for x-ray to aid identification. From ditch F203 were fragments of an iron knife (SF14), socketed iron object (SF15) and curved strip (SF16), with a solid iron bar (SF13) from F44 and an unidentified object (SF1) from F52.

Small and mostly unidentifiable fragments of copper-alloy came from cremation F110 (SF11 and SF12). Some of the fragments appear to have been melted and may have been burnt on the pyre during cremation. Four fragments appear to be from a ring with a D-shaped cross section.

Sixteen complete and fragmentary iron nails were also recovered from Roman features F52, F124, F176, F203, F208, F256, and appear to be of Manning Type 1b (Manning 1985).

6.2 Ceramic and pottery finds (Figs 27-33)

By Dr Matthew Loughton

Introduction

The excavation uncovered 5,386 sherds of pottery and ceramic building material (henceforth CBM) with a weight of just over 108 kg (Table 1). The mean sherd weight is low at 20 g and the assemblage is heavily fragmented. There were rim sherds from 68.30 vessels (EVE) (Table 1). Pottery accounts for the majority of this material by sherd count while the sherd weight is evenly split between CBM and pottery (Table 1).

Ceramic material	nr	%	Weight (g)	%	MSW (g)	EVE
Pottery	4,710	87.4%	55,585	51.1%	12	68.30
CBM	676	12.6%	53,160	48.9%	79	-
All	5,386		108,745		20	68.30

Table 1 Details on the main types of ceramics and pottery

Sherds of pottery and ceramics were recovered from 115 features and two layers (Table 2). The largest assemblage is the 1,410 sherds with a weight of 25.9 kg from ditch F208 followed by ditch F87 with 830 sherds with a weight of 10.5 kg (Table 2). Together these two features contained 42% of the assemblage by sherd count and 34% by sherd weight. Other important assemblages came from pit F126 (nr. 437/3.8 kg), charcoal rich accumulation layer L6 (nr. 280/1.3 kg) and sinkage F44 (nr. 277/20.7 kg) (Table 2).

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F3	Ditch/pit?	1	9	9
F21	Ditch	1	1	1
F28	Quarry pit	3	236	79
F30	Ditch	1	13	13
F32	Ditch	2	21	11
F35	Ditch	4	43	11
F36	Ditch	5	29	6
F37	Ditch	7	166	24
F39	Ditch	58	1,412	24
F42	Ditch	1	19	19
F43	Ditch	36	181	5
F44	Sinkage	277	20,748	75
F45	Ditch	158	1,807	11
F46	Pit	5	27	5
F47	Ditch	6	79	13
F49	Ditch	10	34	3
F52	Pit	99	789	8
F53	Quarry pit	5	318	64
F55	Ditch	21	99	5
F58	Sand pit	5	22	4
F59	Ditch	2	3	2
F60	Pit	19	75	4
F62	Pit	1	4	4
F63	Pit/post hole	5	39	8
F64	Pit/post hole	70	573	8
F65	Pit/post hole	2	25	13
F66	Post hole/pit	3	45	15
F69	Post hole/pit	9	66	7
F76	Post hole/pit	115	4,008	35
F81	Ditch	191	778	4
F82	Gully	2	366	183
F87	Ditch	830	10,520	13
F088	Ditch/gully	10	71	7
F091	Pit	9	68	8
F094	Gully	2	119	60
F095	Ditch/gully	2	2	1
F097	Pit	7	59	8
F099	Ditch	3	18	6
F100	Ditch	25	214	9
F101	Ditch	7	299	43
F102	Ditch	29	2,096	72
F104	animal disturbance	2	27	14

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F105	Pit	5	100	20
F107	Ditch	6	14	2
F110	Cremation	11	64	6
F111	Ditch	8	51	6
F117	Gully	1	21	21
F118	Ditch	2	8	4
F121	Pit	12	90	8
F122	Ditch	2	15	8
F123	Ditch	9	149	17
F124	Ditch	169	3,220	19
F126	Pit	437	3,821	9
F127	Pit	32	232	7
F129	Pit	1	12	12
F130	Gully	1	4	4
F131	Cremation	1	2	2
F132	Cremation	2	3	2
F135	Tree throw	1	2	2
F136	Pit	1	22	22
F139	Ditch	4	43	11
F141	Pit	16	164	10
F143	Post hole	1	68	68
F144	Pit	10	128	13
F147	Pit	4	48	12
F148	Pit	1	6	6
F151	Ditch	26	779	30
F152	Ditch	129	1,376	11
F153	Pit	10	5,071	507
F156	Post hole/pit	1	11	11
F158	Post hole/pit	5	22	4
F161	Post hole/pit	61	472	8
F163	Pit	42	482	11
F166	Pit/post hole	2	19	10
F168	Pit	1	102	102
F169	Pit/post hole	1	10	10
F170	Ditch	8	78	10
F171	Pit/post hole	2	40	20
F173	Pit/post hole	24	304	13
F174	Pit	2	11	6
F176	Cremation	47	334	7
F177	Cremation	8	131	16
F178	Pit	80	1,208	15
F180	Post hole/pit	4	10	3

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F182	Pit/post hole	5	51	10
F185	Post hole/pit	7	18	3
F188	Pit	5	92	18
F190	Pit	10	145	15
F202	Cremation	1	5	5
F203	Cremation	30	71	2
F208	Ditch	1,410	25,947	18
F209	Pit	11	1,147	104
F210	Ditch	14	76	5
F211	Ditch	5	55	11
F212	Pit	2	381	191
F213	Gully	1	11	11
F216	Pit	3	11	4
F219	Pit	1	2	2
F220	Ditch	1	9	9
F221	Pit	13	583	45
F223	Ditch	14	303	22
F225	Pit	2	10	5
F228	Ditch/gully	20	123	6
F230	Pit	2	2,043	1022
F234	Ditch	107	5,899	55
F235	Pit	3	268	89
F238	Pit	2	792	396
F239	Ditch	54	2,899	54
F246	Pit	2	18	9
F249	Pit?	1	2	2
F255	Well	66	719	11
F256	Pit	40	305	8
F263	Ditch/gully	3	19	6
F272	Pit	8	131	16
F277	Ditch	9	920	102
L4	Silt patch	14	163	12
L6	Charcoal rich accumulation layer	280	1,252	4
Total		5,386	108,745	20

Table 2 Quantities of pottery and CBM from specific features and contexts

Prehistoric Pottery

There was a substantial collection of prehistoric pottery with 857 sherds with a weight of nearly 11 kg and EVE of 4.05 (Table 3). This material was recovered from 32 features and one layer (Table 4). Most of the contexts contained ten or fewer sherds of prehistoric pottery while eight features produced more substantial assemblages. The largest assemblage by sherd count is the 435 sherds with a weight of 3,815 g and EVE of 1.42 from pit F126. Pit/post hole F76 contained 111 sherds with a weight of just under 4 kg and EVE of 1.56 EVE while more modest sized assemblages were recovered from pit/post hole F161 (nr. 61/472 g/EVE: 0.00), pit F178

(nr. 53/831 g/EVE: 0.13), pit F163 (nr. 41/438 g/EVE: 0.07) and pit/post hole F64 (nr. 36/208 g/EVE: 0.29) (Table 4).

Sherds of handmade flint-tempered pottery (fabric HMF), which in all likelihood date to the Bronze Age and Early Iron Age, account for a considerable proportion of the assemblage and 48% by sherd count, 63% of the sherd weight, and 56% of the EVE (Table 3). Most of the handmade flint-tempered pottery (fabric HMF) is weakly oxidised with brown to orange-coloured surfaces with darker cores, and is typically tempered with medium and coarse sized flint, although some sherds the flint is badly sorted. Occasional sherds have wiped and smoothed surfaces. Handmade grog-tempered (HMG) and Handmade sand and grog-tempered (HMSG) pottery is also well-represented in the assemblage and again much of this material is possibly of late Bronze Age date. There is also a modest collection of handmade sand-tempered pottery dating to the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
HMF	Handmade flint-tempered	414	6,912	17	2.28
HMFGS	Handmade flint, grog and sand-tempered	17	158	9	0.42
HMFO	Handmade flint and organic-tempered	2	8	4	0.00
HMFS	Handmade flint and sand tempered	7	238	34	0.00
HMG	Handmade grog-tempered	148	2,044	14	0.61
HMGF	Handmade grog and flint-tempered	10	239	24	0.15
HMS	Handmade sand-tempered	56	311	6	0.36
HMSG	Handmade sand and grog-tempered	139	992	7	0.23
HM CRUMBS	Handmade unidentifiable crumbs	64	64	1	0.00
Total		857	10,966	13	4.05

Table 3 Details on the prehistoric pottery

Cxt	Feature type	nr	Weight(g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F21	Ditch	1	1	1	0.00
F32	Ditch	1	13	13	0.00
F36	Ditch	1	2	2	0.00
F49	Ditch	1	5	5	0.00
F60	Pit	1	3	3	0.00
F62	Pit	1	4	4	0.03
F63	Pit/post hole	4	37	9	0.00
F64	Pit/post hole	36	208	6	0.29
F65	Pit/post hole	2	25	13	0.00
F66	Post hole/pit	3	45	15	0.00
F69	Pit/post hole	9	66	7	0.00
F76	Pit/post hole	111	3,959	36	1.56
F99	Ditch	2	16	8	0.03
F124	Ditch	1	13	13	0.05
F126	Pit	435	3,815	9	1.42
F127	Pit	32	232	7	0.11
F143	Post hole	1	68	68	0.00
F156	Pit/post hole	1	11	11	0.10
F158	Pit/post hole	4	21	5	0.00
F161	Pit/post hole	61	472	8	0.00
F163	Pit	41	438	11	0.07
F166	Pit/post hole	2	19	10	0.00
F171	Pit/post hole	2	40	20	0.05

Cxt	Feature type	nr	Weight(g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F173	Pit/post hole	23	300	13	0.11
F178	Pit	53	831	16	0.13
F180	Pit/post hole	4	10	3	0.00
F182	Pit/post hole	4	20	5	0.00
F185	Pit/post hole	2	7	4	0.00
F190	Pit/post hole	7	134	19	0.05
F211	Ditch	1	15	15	0.00
F255	Well	1	1	1	0.00
F272	Pit	8	131	16	0.03
L6	Charcoal rich accumulation layer	1	4	4	0.02
Total		857	10,966	13	4.05

Table 4 Quantities of Prehistoric pottery from specific features and contexts

The identifiable vessel forms range in date from the early Bronze Age (Collared urn), Deverel-Rimbury Middle Bronze Age bucket urns, Post-Deverel-Rimbury (late Bronze Age-early Iron Age) shouldered jars, and early Iron Age fine tripartite angular bowls with everted rims (Table 5). Bucket urns with applied cordons decorated with impressed finger-tips and applied horseshoe handles also decorated with finger-tip impressions typical of the Deverel-Rimbury pottery tradition of the Middle Bronze Age were recovered from pit F126.

Vessel form	EVE
?	0.07
ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.65
BOWL	1.14
BUCKET URN	0.65
BUCKET URN EXPANDED FLAT RIM	0.05
COLLARED URN	0.03
CUP	0.23
JAR	0.02
JAR EVERTED RIM	0.10
JAR FLAT TOPPED NECKLESS	0.03
JAR FLAT-TOPPED EXPANDED RIM	0.05
JAR FLAT-TOPPED RIM	0.08
JAR UPRIGHT RIM	0.10
SHOULDERED JAR	0.66
SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.19
Total	4.05

Table 5 Prehistoric pottery quantification via vessel form

Pit F64

This pit produced a modest sized assemblage of prehistoric pottery with 36 sherds with a weight of 208 g and EVE of 0.29 (Table 6). Nearly all of this pottery is flint-tempered (fabric HMF) and included a middle Bronze Age bucket urn, a late Bronze Age-early Iron Age shouldered jar and early Iron Age jars including one with a flat-topped expanded rim (Table 7). This assemblages dates to the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
HMF	Handmade flint-tempered	35	202	6	0.29
HMFO	Handmade flint and organic-tempered	1	6	6	0.00
Total		36	208	6	0.29

Table 6 Details on the prehistoric pottery from the pit F64

Vessel form	EVE
BUCKET URN	0.05
JAR	0.02

JAR FLAT-TOPPED EXPANDED RIM	0.05
SHOULDERED JAR	0.13
Total	0.29

Table 7 Prehistoric pottery quantification via vessel form

Pit/post hole F76 (Figs 27-8)

Pit/post-hole F76 produced the second largest assemblage of prehistoric pottery from the excavation with 111 sherds with a weight of nearly 4 kg and EVE of 1.56 (Table 8). The majority of the handmade pottery is flint tempered (fabric HMF) followed by sherds tempered with flint, grog, and some sand (fabric HMFSGS).

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
HMF	Handmade flint-tempered	87	3,590	41	1.14
HMFSGS	Handmade flint, grog, and sand -tempered	17	158	9	0.42
HMFO	Handmade flint and organic-tempered	1	2	2	0.00
HMFS	Handmade flint and sand tempered	5	206	41	0.00
HMS	Handmade sand tempered	1	3	3	0.00
	Total	111	3,959	36	1.56

Table 8 Details on the prehistoric pottery from the post-hole F76

Vessel form	EVE
ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.65
BOWL	0.31
SHOULDERED JAR	0.48
SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.12
Total	1.56

Table 9 Prehistoric pottery quantification via vessel form

Notable vessel from this feature included a large shouldered jar (Fig 27.9) with a line of finger-tip impression along the shoulder (HMF) (sherds from F76, 171, F76, 36) while the vessel interior has traces of sooting and burning. Similar looking jars with limited decoration are found in late Bronze Age assemblages at Chadwell St Mary, North Shoebury, Springfield Lyons etc. (Peachey 2020, 77).

There are several fineware tripartite angular bowls (EVE: 0.63) with everted rims (Fig 27.8) and pedestal bases. Many of these are in finer smoother fabrics (HMFSGS) with slightly burnished surfaces, although some example are in a slightly coarser flint tempered fabric (HMF). Angular tripartite bowls are typical of the Early Iron Age and similar examples are known from North Shoebury, Essex (Brown 1995, 83-87, fig 65 nos. 81-82).

There is a large part of a fineware bowl (EVE: 0.29) with a shoulder and upright rim with wipe marks on the exterior and traces of burning in the interior while there is also some wear and abrasion on the interior surface below the rim (Fig 27.9). There are similar looking bowls from North Shoebury, Essex (Brown 1995, 84 fig 65 no. 87) and H2 bowls from Chadwell St Mary which date to the late Bronze Age (Peachey 2020, 80, 88 fig 11 no. 88).

There are several shouldered jars including examples with flat-topped rims (Fig 28.10-13) in fabric HMF and similar examples dating to the early Iron Age are found at North Shoebury (Brown 1995, fig 65 nos. 87, 96). This assemblage probably dates to the Early Iron Age.

Pit F126 (Fig 27)

This feature produced the largest assemblage of prehistoric pottery by sherd count and weight from the excavation with 435 sherds with a weight of 3.8 kg and EVE of 1.42 (Table 10). There were body sherds from a large bucket urn in fabric HMG which is decorated with an applied rectangular handle cordons with occasional finger-tip impressions (Fig 27.2). Bucket urns with applied cordon decorated with impressed finger-tips are typical of the middle Bronze Age Deverel-Rimbury pottery from Ardleigh (Brown 1999, 76-116). There were also a small number of body sherds decorated with cordons with finger-tip impressions (Fig 27.5) in fabric HMF which are also typical of Deverel-Rimbury pottery. There are also examples of bowls and cups

although some of these could instead be of small bucket urns. This assemblage dates to the Middle Bronze Age.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
HM CRUMBS	Handmade unidentifiable crumbs	64	64	1	0.00
HMF	Handmade flint-tempered	71	637	9	0.29
HMG	Handmade grog-tempered	144	1,955	14	0.52
HMGF	Handmade grog and flint-tempered	1	45	45	0.05
HMS	Handmade sand tempered	38	238	6	0.33
HMSG	Handmade sand and grog-tempered	117	876	7	0.23
Total		435	3,815	9	1.42

Table 10 Details on the prehistoric pottery from the pit F126

Vessel form	EVE
BOWL	0.61
BUCKET URN	0.53
BUCKET URN EXPANDED FLAT RIM	0.05
CUP	0.23
Total	4.05

Table 11 Prehistoric pottery quantification via vessel form

Pit F272

Although this pit only contained eight sherds of prehistoric pottery in fabric HMGF with a weight of 131 g (Table) all of this material came from an Early Bronze Age collared urn (EVE: 0.03) decorated with four rows of impressed fingernails.

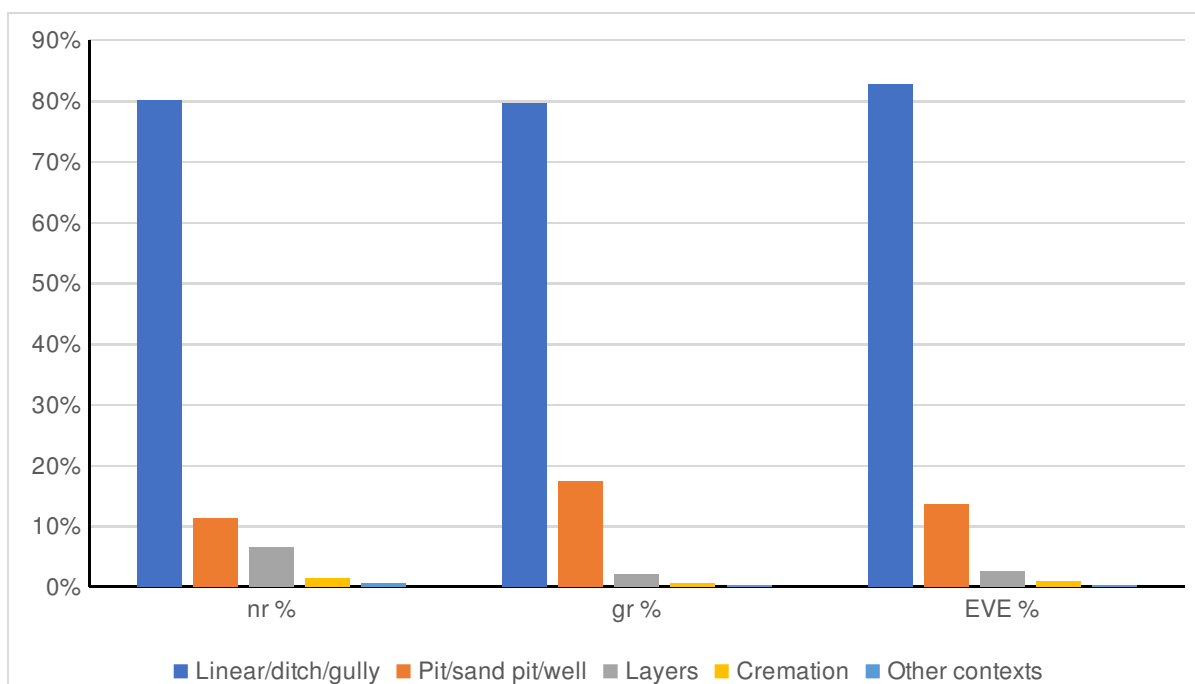
Late Iron Age-Roman Pottery

The Roman pottery was classified according to the fabric groups outlined in *CAR 10* (Symonds & Wade 1999) supplemented with fabric groups from the National Roman Fabric Reference Collection, henceforth NRFRC (Tomber & Dore 1998). The late Iron Age/early Roman pottery fabrics have been recorded using the fabric groups developed for the study of the Stanway burials (Benfield 2007) and the Colchester 'Institute' site (Loughton in prep) (Table 12). Romanising coarse ware pottery (RCW) has been further sub-divided into the following groups.

- RCW 1: Black surface ware, typically thin-walled, micaceous, with very smooth burnished surfaces
- RCW 2: Pimply ware (sand and grog) often with a black outer surface
- RCW 4: thin-walled approaching EGW/FSW with orange to red coloured surfaces, and some voids; perhaps a more Romanised version of the mixed vesicular ware (MVW)
- RCW 6: Black surface, grey core with frequent black grog

Roman vessel types were classified via the Colchester (*Camulodunum*), henceforth Cam, type series (Hawkes & Hull 1947; Hull 1958; *CAR 10*, Bidwell & Croom 1999, 468-487). The pottery was recorded by sherd count, the number of rims, handles, and bases, and weight, for each fabric group. The number of vessels was determined by rim EVE (estimated vessel equivalent).

There was a substantial assemblage of late Iron Age-Roman pottery with 3,821 sherds, with a weight of 44.4 kg and 64.11 vessels according to the EVE (Tables 13-14). The mean sherd weight is only 12 g. This material was recovered from 78 features and two layer (Table 15). As can be seen from [Graph 1](#) the majority of this material by sherd count, weight, and EVE came from ditches and gullies. Only a minority of the late Iron Age-Roman pottery came from pits, wells, and other related features (sand pits, extraction pits, etc).



Graph 1. Percentage of the Late Iron Age-Roman pottery via sherd count, weight, and EVE from the main depositional contexts

Ditch F208 alone contained a considerable proportion of the late Iron age-Roman pottery assemblage with 1,266 sherds with a weight of nearly 15 kg and 24.85 vessels (EVE) (Table 15). This feature accounts for c 33% of the late Iron Age-Roman pottery assemblage by sherd count and weight, and 39% by EVE. Other features with notable assemblages included ditch F87 with 653 sherds with a weight of 5.8 kg and EVE of 10.68, the charcoal-rich accumulation layer L6 with 236 sherds, with a weight of 830 g and EVE of 1.31 and ditch F81 with 191 sherds, with a weight of 778 gr and EVE of 2.39 (Table 15).

Fabric code	Fabric description	Fabric date range guide
BASG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) plain samian	AD 43-110
BXSG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) decorated samian	AD 43-110
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	AD 110-220
BXCG	Central Gaulish decorated samian	AD 110-220
BACO	Colchester plain samian	AD 150-200
BAEG	East Gaulish plain samian	AD 150-260
BAEG (BLWSA)	Blickweiler plain samian	AD 150-180
BAEG (SIN SA)	Sinzig plain samian	AD 150-260
BAMV	Les Martres-de-Veyre plain samian	AD 100-135
BAET	Inland Baetican (Guadalquivir) amphorae	Roman
BSW	Black surface ware	Roman
CB	Colchester red colour-coated, roughcast ware	AD 100/110-275/300
CL (NE)	Central Gaulish colour-coated	AD 150-250
CL (NF)	Trier colour-coated	AD 200-300
CSOW	Coarse sandy oxidised ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	AD 100/110-275/300
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	Roman
DJ (M)	Coarse oxidised and related wares (micaceous)	Roman
DZ	Fine oxidised wares	AD 43-225
EA	Nene Valley colour-coated wares	AD 225/250-425
EC	Early Colchester colour-coated ware	AD 43-90
EZ	Other fine colour-coated wares	AD 43-400
EZ (KOL CC)	Cologne Colour-coated ware	AD 100-220
FMW	Fumed micaceous ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
FSOW	Fine sandy oxidized ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
FSW/EGW	Fine sandy ware/Early Grey ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
GA	BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1	AD 110/125-400
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	AD 110/125-275/300

Fabric code	Fabric description	Fabric date range guide
GP	Fine grey wares (Colchester, London-type and north Kent wares)	AD 43-110
GR	Fine grey wares imitating samian and terra nigra forms	AD 43-125
GTW	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware	Late Iron Age
GTW (BG)	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware (Black grog)	Late Iron Age
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	Roman
GX (BSW)	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (Black surface)	Roman
HD	Shell-tempered and calcite-gritted wares	AD 43-425
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	AD 43-425
HZ (BSW)	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered wares with black surface	AD 43-425
HZ OX	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered oxidised wares	AD 43-425
KX	Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware	AD 125/150-275
MQ	White-slipped fine wares and parchment wares	AD 43-400
MR	Brown colour-coated ware, including Drag. 38 bowls	AD 275-400
MVW	Mixed vesicular ware	Late Iron Age
RCW	Romanising Coarse ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
RCW 1	Romanising Coarse ware (Black surface ware)	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
RCW 2	Romanising Coarse ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
RCW 6	Romanising Coarse ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
ROW	Romanising Oxidized ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
SW	Sandy ware	Late Iron Age-Early Roman
TZ	Mortaria, Colchester and Continental imports	AD 43-400
TZ (COL)	Mortaria, Colchester	AD 43-225
TZ (I)	Mortaria continental import	AD 43-400
UR (BSW)	Copies of Terra nigra-ware (BSW)	AD 43-100
UR (GP)	Copies of Terra nigra-ware (GP)	AD 43-100
UR (FSW/EGW)	Copies of Terra nigra-ware (FSW/EGW)	AD 43-100
UR (GTW)	Copies of Terra nigra-ware (GTW)	Late Iron Age-early Roman
UR (GX)	Copies of Terra nigra-ware (GX)	AD 43-100
WA	Silvery micaceous wares	Roman
WC	Miscellaneous grey and pale grey wares	Roman

Table 12 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery fabrics recorded. *NRFRC

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
BASG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) plain samian	16	297	19	0.93
BXSG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) decorated samian	3	27	9	0.00
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	38	1,412	37	1.49
BXCG	Central Gaulish decorated samian	3	371	124	0.00
BACO	Colchester plain samian	5	47	9	0.55
BAEG	East Gaulish plain samian	14	263	19	0.60
BAEG (BLWSA)	Blickweiler plain samian	1	10	10	0.00
BAEG (SIN SA)	Sinzig plain samian	1	20	20	0.08
BAMV	Les Martres-de-Veyre plain samian	1	10	10	0.05
BAET	Inland Baetican (Guadalquivir) amphorae	18	2,156	120	0.00
BSW	Black surface ware	66	217	3	0.23
CB	Colchester red colour-coated, roughcast ware	2	19	10	0.13
CL (NE)	Central Gaulish colour-coated	1	1	1	0.00
CL (NF)	Trier colour-coated	2	5	3	0.00
CSOW	Coarse sandy oxidised ware	83	681	8	0.53
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	179	804	4	3.84
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	337	3,526	10	4.59
DJ (M)	Coarse oxidised and related wares (micaceous)	15	132	9	0.00
DZ	Fine oxidised wares	19	137	7	0.00
EA	Nene Valley colour-coated wares	10	53	5	0.08
EC	Early Colchester colour-coated ware	1	26	26	0.00
EZ	Other fine colour-coated wares	3	3	1	0.00
EZ (KOL CC)	Cologne Colour-coated ware	16	96	6	0.00
FMW	Fumed micaceous ware	10	34	3	0.23
FSOW	Fine sandy oxidized ware	36	107	3	0.22
FSW/EGW	Fine sandy ware/Early Grey ware	166	886	5	0.92
GA	BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1	28	484	17	0.99
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	265	4,022	15	7.51
GP	Fine grey wares (Colchester, London-type and north Kent wares)	2	7	4	0.10
GR	Fine grey wares imitating samian and terra nigra forms	2	442	221	0.86

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
GTW	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware	5	114	23	0.00
GTW (BG)	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware (Black grog)	6	39	7	0.05
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	2,023	18,771	9	31.30
GX (BSW)	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (Black surface)	42	298	7	0.28
HD	Shell-tempered and calcite-gritted wares	1	23	23	0.00
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	44	3,307	75	0.13
HZ (BSW)	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered wares with black surface	2	29	15	0.11
HZ OX	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered oxidised wares	45	1,438	32	0.29
KX	Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware	41	665	16	2.94
MQ	White-slipped fine wares and parchment wares	1	3	3	0.00
MR	Brown colour-coated ware, including Drag. 38 bowls	1	6	6	0.00
MVW	Mixed vesicular ware	12	72	6	0.20
RCW	Romanizing Coarse ware	18	117	7	0.33
RCW 1	Romanizing Coarse ware (Black surface ware)	4	51	13	0.00
RCW 2	Romanizing Coarse ware	20	240	12	0.35
RCW 6	Romanizing Coarse ware	2	12	6	0.00
ROW	Romanising Oxidized ware	5	61	12	0.00
SW	Sandy ware	6	15	3	0.00
TZ	Mortaria, Colchester and Continental imports	3	112	37	0.11
TZ (COL)	Mortaria, Colchester	30	1,525	51	1.12
TZ (I)	Mortaria continental import	9	249	28	0.34
UR (BSW)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (BSW)	7	137	20	0.48
UR (GP)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GP)	110	377	3	1.25
UR (FSW/EGW)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (FSW/EGW)	5	82	16	0.14
UR (GTW)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GTW)	1	18	18	0.08
UR (GX)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GX)	8	186	23	0.57
WA	Silvery micaceous wares	25	165	7	0.00
WC	Miscellaneous grey and pale grey wares	2	23	12	0.11
	Total	3,821	44,430	12	64.11

Table 13 Details on the Late Iron Age-Roman pottery

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BASG	All	0.93
	DRAG 18	0.66
	DRAG 18/31	0.05
	DRAG 18/31R	0.02
	DRAG 27A	0.20
BAMV	All	0.05
	DRAG 18/31	0.05
BACG	All	1.49
	?	0.05
	DRAG 30	0.08
	DRAG 31	0.69
	DRAG 33	0.39
	DRAG 38	0.05
	DRAG 45	0.07
	W79	0.09
	W79R	0.07
BACO	All	0.55
	DRAG 33	0.55
BAEG	All	0.60
	DRAG 31	0.48
	DRAG 45B	0.12

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BAEG (SIN SA)	All	0.08
	DRAG 18/31	0.08
BSW	All	0.23
	?	0.15
	CAM 227	0.08
CB	All	0.13
	CAM 391A/B	0.13
CSOW	All	0.53
	?	0.05
	CAM 266	0.48
CZ	All	3.84
	CAM 391A/B	2.08
	CAM 392	0.32
	CAM 406	0.76
	CAM 407	0.60
	CAM 408-410	0.08
DJ	All	4.59
	?	0.78
	BOWL	0.02
	CAM 140	0.26
	CAM 146	1.00
	CAM 151?	1.00
	CAM 155	0.30
	CAM 207/296	0.24
	CAM 218	0.13
	CAM 231-232	0.33
	CAM 241-242	0.18
	CAM 270B	0.14
	CAM 288	0.15
	CAM 508	0.06
	EA	All
CAM 407		0.08
FMW	All	0.23
	?	0.14
	CAM 218	0.09
FSOW	All	0.22
	CAM 218	0.06
	CAM 229	0.16
FSW/EGW	All	0.92
	CAM 46/311	0.07
	CAM 108	0.14
	CAM 218	0.26
	CAM 266	0.40
LID	0.05	

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
GA	All	0.99
	CAM 37A/38A	0.08
	CAM 279C	0.49
	CAM 303	0.37
	CAM 305A	0.05
GB	All	7.51
	CAM 37A/38A	0.66
	CAM 37B/38B	4.99
	CAM 40A	0.13
	CAM 40B	1.01
	CAM 278	0.66
	CAM 305B	0.06
GP	All	0.10
	CAM 122	0.10
GR	All	0.86
	CAM 69B/320	0.86
GTW (BG)	All	0.05
	CAM 229	0.05
GX	All	31.30
	?	2.73
	CAM 104	0.31
	CAM 108	2.36
	CAM 119	0.15
	CAM 218	4.44
	CAM 219	0.49
	CAM 221	0.17
	CAM 227	0.32
	CAM 231-232	0.19
	CAM 241-242	0.22
	CAM 243-244/246	0.59
	CAM 266	2.56
	CAM 268	10.20
	CAM 270B	0.35
	CAM 280-281	0.25
	CAM 285	1.00
	CAM 298	0.23
	CAM 299	1.39
	CAM 302	0.13
	CAM 307	1.12
	CAM 327	0.06
	CAM 391A/B	0.15
CAM 401	0.24	
CAM 507	0.06	
CAM 508	0.86	

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
	CAM 513	0.43
	CAM 514	0.12
	LID	0.18
GX (BSW)	All	0.28
	CAM 218	0.28
HZ	All	0.13
	CAM 270B	0.13
HZ (BSW)	All	0.11
	CAM 230	0.11
HZ OX	All	0.29
	CAM 270B	0.29
KX	All	2.94
	CAM 37A/38A	0.64
	CAM 37B/38B	0.75
	CAM 40B	0.18
	CAM 278	1.37
MVW	All	0.20
	CAM 270B	0.20
RCW	All	0.33
	CAM 266	0.33
RCW 2	All	0.35
	CAM 218	0.35
TZ	All	0.11
	CAM 194	0.11
TZ (COL)	All	1.12
	CAM 195	0.80
	CAM 496	0.23
	CAM 497	0.09
TZ (I)	All	0.34
	?	0.10
	CAM 497	0.24
UR (BSW)	All	0.48
	CAM 27	0.48
UR (FSW/EGW)	All	0.14
	CAM 27	0.08
	CAM 28	0.06
UR (GP)	All	1.25
	CAM 104	1.25
UR (GTW)	All	0.08
	CAM 28	0.08
UR (GX)	All	1.05
	CAM 27	0.29
	CAM 28	0.28
WC	All	0.11

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
	CAM 37B/37B	0.11
Total		64.11

Table 14 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery quantification via vessel form

Cxt	Feature type	nr	Weight(g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F32	Ditch	1	8	8	0.00
F36	Ditch	4	27	7	0.00
F37	Ditch	7	166	24	0.00
F39	Ditch	57	1,231	22	1.62
F44	Sinkage	188	4,790	25	6.02
F45	Ditch	152	1,547	10	1.67
F47	Ditch	6	79	13	0.10
F49	Ditch	9	29	3	0.17
F52	Pit	98	753	8	1.47
F53	Quarry pit	1	9	9	0.00
F55	Ditch	21	99	5	0.29
F58	Quarry pit	5	22	4	0.00
F59	Ditch	2	3	2	0.00
F60	Pit/ditch terminus?	18	72	4	0.17
F81	Ditch	191	778	4	2.39
F82	Gully	2	366	183	0.00
F87	Ditch	653	5,768	9	10.71
F88	Gully	10	71	7	0.08
F91	Pit	9	68	8	0.18
F95	Ditch	2	2	1	0.00
F97	Pit	6	57	10	0.04
F99	Ditch	1	2	2	0.00
F100	Ditch	23	212	9	0.00
F101	Ditch	7	299	43	0.35
F102	Ditch	11	121	11	0.15
F104	Animal disturbance	2	27	14	0.00
F105	Pit	4	43	11	0.00
F107	Ditch	5	12	2	0.13
F110	Cremation	10	44	4	0.07
F111	Ditch	8	51	6	0.00
F117	Gully	1	21	21	0.00
F118	Ditch	1	7	7	0.10
F121	Pit	12	90	8	0.08
F122	Ditch	2	15	8	0.00
F123	Ditch	9	149	17	0.13
F124	Ditch	163	2,655	16	3.57
F129	Pit	1	12	12	0.00
F130	Gully	1	4	4	0.08
F131	Cremation	1	2	2	0.00
F132	Cremation	2	3	2	0.00
F135	Tree throw	1	2	2	0.00

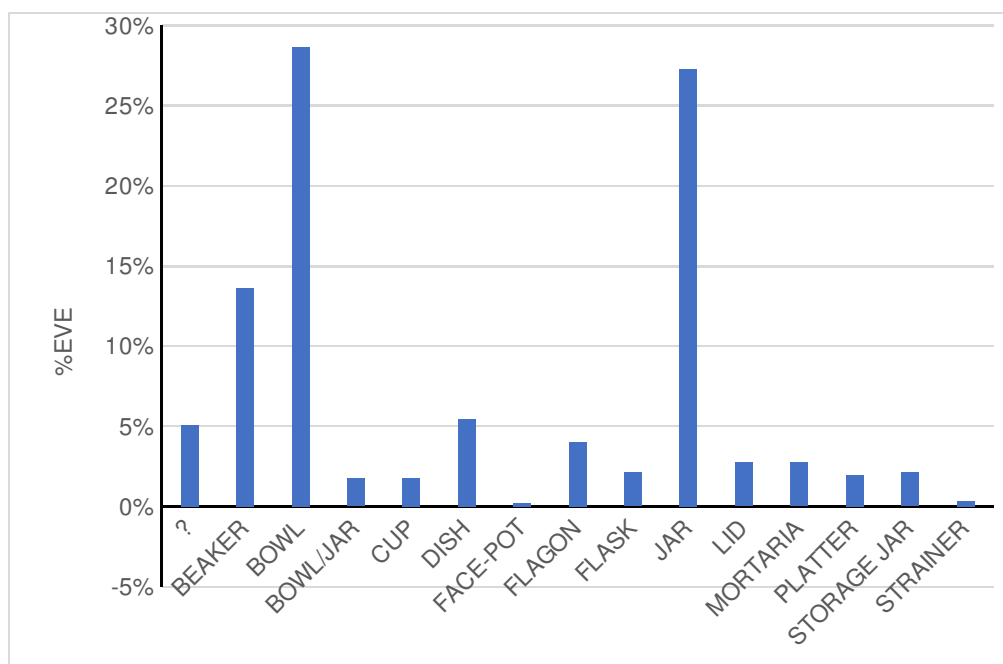
Cxt	Feature type	nr	Weight(g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F136	Pit	1	22	22	0.00
F139	Ditch	4	43	11	0.14
F141	Pit	16	164	10	0.28
F144	Pit	9	122	14	0.00
F147	Pit	4	48	12	0.00
F148	Pit	1	6	6	0.00
F151	Pit	25	91	4	0.10
F152	Ditch	127	1,339	11	2.24
F153	Pit	2	3	2	0.00
F158	Post hole/pit	1	1	1	0.00
F170	Ditch	7	55	8	0.06
F174	Pit	2	11	6	0.05
F176	Cremation	37	228	6	0.52
F177	Cremation	8	131	16	0.18
F202	Cremation	1	5	5	0.00
F203	Cremation	29	60	2	0.17
F208	Ditch	1,266	14,912	12	24.87
F209	Pit	7	653	93	0.45
F210	Ditch	14	76	5	0.05
F211	Ditch	4	40	10	0.00
F213	Gully	1	11	11	0.08
F216	Pit	3	11	4	0.00
F219	Pit	1	2	2	0.00
F220	Ditch	1	9	9	0.00
F221	Pit	13	583	45	0.02
F223	Ditch	13	76	6	0.02
F225	Pit	2	10	5	0.08
F228	Ditch/gully	20	123	6	0.43
F234	Ditch	87	2,387	27	0.79
F235	Pit	2	32	16	0.13
F238	Pit	1	2	2	0.00
F239	Ditch	43	908	21	0.89
F246	Pit	2	18	9	0.00
F249	Pit	1	2	2	0.00
F255	Well	62	389	6	0.66
F256	Pit	36	255	7	0.38
F263	Ditch/gully	3	19	6	0.00
F277	Ditch	9	920	102	0.38
L4	Silt patch	13	117	9	0.26
L6	Charcoal rich accumulation layer	236	830	4	1.31
Total		3,821	44,430	12	64.08

Table 15 Quantities of Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from specific features and contexts

Assemblage as a whole

Bowls and jars account for the majority of the vessels in the assemblage (Graph 2) and together these two forms represent 56% of the EVE. Beakers at 14% of the EVE are the next most common vessel form while all the remaining vessel categories are found in low percentages (Graph 2). Storage jars and mortaria are uncommon, accounting for respectively 2% and 3% of the EVE (Graph 2).

Although there is a modest quantity and variety of late Iron Age and late Iron Age-early Roman pottery fabrics most of this material was recovered from contexts which contained later Roman pottery. Only a small number of features, often with very small-sized assemblages, could date to the late Iron Age (ditch F32, ditch F220) or to the late Iron Age/Early Roman period (ditch F37, cremation F202). The greater representation of some early Roman pottery, such as fine sandy wares/early greywares (fabric FSW/EGW) (Table 13) might suggest that the Roman occupation starts around the conquest with the possibility of some limited activity a decade or two earlier. The only definite pre-conquest vessel is the Cam 299 rippled bowl in grog-tempered ware (fabric GTW) from the cremation F110 (Table 14). There are occasional vessel forms in fabrics which span the late Iron Age to early Roman period including examples of the Cam 218 in fabric FMW from ditch F87, the Cam 229 in FSOV from ditch F52, and examples of the Cam 266 in fabric CSOW and in fabric FSW/EGW, both from ditch F87 (Table 14).



Graph 2. Vessel function via percentage of EVE for the late Iron Age-Roman pottery assemblage

There are also examples of early flagons with examples of the Cam 140 dating to AD 43-96 from ditch F152 which is a distinctive early (imported?) 'corky' DJ fabric (Table 14). There are also examples of the Cam 146 (AD 43-69/80) from sinkage F44, and the Cam 151 (AD 43-69) from ditch F81. There is also an example of the Cam 155 which dates from AD 43 onwards in another possible early 'corky' DJ fabric from ditch F152.

The earliest dateable Roman assemblage from ditch F81 dates to the Neronian period (see detailed discussion below). Other early Roman material includes a small quantity of local terra nigra (fabrics UR GTW, UR FSW/EGW, UR GX, UR BSW) which came from sinkage F44, ditch F87, pit F225, well F255 and ditch F228. Terra-nigra vessels include examples of the Cam 26, Cam 27, and Cam 28 platters which date to the Claudian-Neronian period (Table 14). Otherwise, the bulk of the Roman pottery spans from the Claudian period into the 3rd century although late Roman wares, which appeared during the mid/late 3rd century AD are

uncommon. For instance, Hadham wares (fabric CH) and Oxfordshire-type red colour-coated ware (fabric CH) are absent, while Shell-tempered and calcite-gritted wares (fabric HD) and Nene Valley colour-coated wares (fabric EA) are found in small quantities (Table 13). There is a small quantity of pottery dating to the 3rd century although this material was recovered from just three features (F44 sinkage, F208 ditch, F256 pit) suggesting a reduction in activity during the course of the 3rd century AD. The latest dateable vessel is the Cam 305B bowl in fabric GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) (Table 14) from ditch F208. This is the latest Colchester 'black-burnished' product dating to c 275-300 and was recovered from the latest pottery kilns at Colchester (Bidwell 1999, 496-497). There are also examples of the Cam 407 beaker (EVE: 0.60) (Table 14) in fabrics CZ (Colchester and other red colour-coated ware) dating to AD 225-275/300 and EA (Nene Valley colour-coated ware) dating to AD 225/250-400. Finally, in fabric GA (BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1) there are rare examples of the Cam 279C jar (Table 14) dating to AD 220-380 and the Cam 305A dating to AD 275-400.

There is a good collection of imported Samian pottery which accounts for 5.7% of the EVE (Table 13) although it is worth noting that all of the identifiable forms are plain (Table 14). Colchester and other red colour-coated ware (fabric CZ) is also well-represented accounting for 5.9% of the EVE (Table 14) with a variety of beakers (examples of the Cam 391, Cam 392, Cam 406, Cam 407, and Cam 408-410) although (as with the Samian), apart from simple rouletting there is an absence of barbotine decoration. Otherwise, apart from the Samian and Colchester and other red colour-coated wares, the Roman pottery assemblage show a strong bias toward everyday cooking wares. It is noticeable that sherds of fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) and black-burnished wares (fabrics GA, GB, KX) together account for 62% of the assemblage by sherd count, 54% by sherd weight and 67% by EVE (Table 13). Many of these sherds have signs of burning and/or sooting suggesting that they represent domestic waste. Moreover, a small number of vessels forms are notably common. For example, the Cam 268 jar (EVE: 10.20) accounts for 33% for the fabric GX EVE (Table 14). In fabric GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) there are large numbers of the Cam 37B/38B bowl (Table 14) which accounts for 66% of the fabric GB EVE.

Stamps

There were nine pottery stamps:

1. F44 (14) sinkage
Southern Gaulish samian (fabric BASG) Drag 27 base with the end of a stamp cartouche
2. F44 (117) sinkage
UR (GX) (Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GX)) base with illegible stamp
3. F44 (177) sinkage
Central Gaulish samian (BACG) base with stamp of A[
4. F81 (38) Ditch
Terra nigra (fabric UR GP) Cam 122 base with stamp of ***
5. F81 (38) Ditch
Terra nigra (fabric UR GP) Cam 122 base with stamp of ***
6. F124 (92) ditch
Colchester (fabric TZ (COL) Cam 195 mortaria with a herringbone stamp dating to AD 130-170 (Hartley 1999, 204-209, S135-160).
7. F208 (137) ditch
Central Gaulish samian (BXCG) Drag 37 with cursive mould-makers stamp of M***
8. F234 (157) Ditch (Fig 33.54)
Colchester (fabric TZ (COL) Cam 496 mortaria with a herringbone stamp dating to AD 130-170 (Hartley 1999, 204-209, S135-160).
9. F239 (164) ditch (Fig 33.55)
Central Gaulish samian (BACG) Drag. 18/31 with an illegible stamp

Graffiti

There were eight sherds with graffiti:

1. F39 (9) ditch
Base (fabric GB, BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) with X on interior
2. F44 (177) sinkage
Base (fabric BACG, Central Gaulish plain samian) with chevron on base exterior
3. F101 (64) ditch (Fig 28.15a-b)
Drag. 31 (fabric BACG, Central Gaulish plain samian) with Y on base exterior
4. F124 (92) ditch
Drag. 31 (fabric BACG, Central Gaulish plain samian) with illegible graffito on exterior of vessel wall
5. F208 (178) ditch
Cam 37B/38B bowl in fabric KX (black-burnished ware BB2 in pale grey ware) with graffito of IA? below rim
6. F239 (162) ditch
Large part of Cam 299 in fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) with graffito of II on the exterior vessel wall
7. F239 (163) ditch
Cam 303 in fabric GA (BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1) with a graffito?
8. F246 (167) pit (Fig 33.56)
GA (BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1) base with a graffito?

Modified and reused pottery

1. F124 (82) ditch (Fig 29.16-19)
Base (fabric DJ) with hole (35 mm diam) cut through it

Evidence for vessel use

Sherds with internal white mineral deposits (henceforth WMD) from the heating of water, are uncommon with traces on only 13 sherds in fabrics DJ and GX with a weight of 54 g. Sherds with WMD only account for 0.3% of the late Iron Age-Roman pottery assemblage by sherd count and 0.1% by sherd weight.

Sherds with traces of sooting are slightly more common with 106 sherds with a weight of 1.4 kg and EVE of 1.87 (Table 16). These sherd represent 2.8% of the late Iron Age-Roman pottery by sherd count, 3.2% by sherd weight and 2.9% by EVE. These sherds were recovered from 14 features although a sizeable proportion came from ditch F208 and smaller assemblages from ditches F124 and F152 (Table 16). Sherds with traces of sooting are only found in four fabrics, although the majority are in fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) followed by a small number in fabric GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) and rare sherds in fabrics HZ (Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares) and fabric RCW (Romanising Coarse ware) (Table 17). Nearly 6% of the fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) EVE has traces of sooting (Table 17) and most of this evidence comes from the Cam 268 jar which often has traces of sooting on the top of the rim. Just over 12% of the Cam 268 EVE have traces of sooting while around a third of the Cam 243-244/246 reed-rim bowls also have traces of sooting (Table 18). A small number of Cam 508 lids in fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) also have traces of sooting. A Cam 278 jar in fabric GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) also has traces of sooting.

Cxt	Description	nr	%	Weight (g)	%	MSW (g)	EVE	%
F39	DITCH	2	3.5%	152	12.3%	76	0.35	21.6%
F52	PIT	10	10.2%	112	14.9%	11	0.00	0.0%
F91	PIT	2	22.2%	23	33.8%	12	0.18	100.0%
F121	PIT	1	8.3%	2	2.2%	2	0.00	0.0%
F124	DITCH	15	9.2%	48	1.8%	3	0.08	2.2%
F147	PIT	1	25.0%	2	4.2%	2	0.00	0.0%

F152	DITCH	13	10.2%	98	7.3%	8	0.19	8.5%
F176	CREMATION	4	10.8%	16	7.0%	4	0.00	0.0%
F208	DITCH	39	3.1%	562	3.8%	14	0.66	2.7%
F228	DITCH/GULLY	1	5.0%	4	3.3%	4	0.00	0.0%
F234	DITCH	5	5.7%	341	14.3%	68	0.00	0.0%
F235	PIT	1	50.0%	17	53.1%	17	0.13	100.0%
F255	WELL	11	17.7%	38	9.8%	3	0.17	25.8%
F256	PIT	1	2.8%	24	9.4%	24	0.11	28.9%
Total		106		1,439		14	1.87	

Table 16 Quantities of late Iron Age-Roman pottery with traces of sooting from specific features

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	%	Weight (g)	%	MSW (g)	EVE	%
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	15	5.6%	48	1.2%	3	0.08	1.1%
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	84	4.2%	1,088	5.8%	13	1.79	5.7%
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	4	9.1%	288	8.8%	72	0.00	0.0%
RCW	Romanizing Coarse ware	3	16.7%	15	12.8%	5	0.00	0.0%
Total		106	2.8%	1,439	3.2%	14	1.87	2.9%

Table 17 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery with traces of sooting via fabric group

Fabric Group	Form	EVE	%
GB	All	0.08	1.1%
	Cam 278	0.08	12.1%
GX	All	1.79	5.7%
	?	0.07	2.6%
	Cam 243-244/246	0.19	32.2%
	Cam 268	1.24	12.2%
	Cam 508	0.29	33.7%

Table 18 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery with traces of sooting via vessel form

Sherds with organic residues are rare and the only example is a black-burnished (fabric GA) base with a residue on the exterior which came from the Ditch F39 (91).

Major assemblages from individual features

Ditch F37/F39/F208 (Figs 29-32)

The ditch F37/F39/F208 contained a significant assemblage of Roman pottery with 1,330 sherds with a weight of just over 16 kg and 26.49 vessels according to the EVE (Table 19). The assemblage is dominated by jars and bowls while beakers are also well-represented (Graph 3).

Samian is well-represented accounting for 7.8% of the EVE although decorated vessels are rare (Table 19). There are vessels from Les Martres de Veyre (BAMV) and Lezoux (BACG, BXCG) in central Gaul, and from eastern Gaul (BAEG) including from Blickweiler (BLWSA) and Sinzig (SIN SA). There was also a small quantity of Colchester Samian (fabric BACO) including a Drag. 33 cup dating to AD 150-200. It is worth noting the absence of La Graufesenque southern Gaulish Samian (BASG) dating to the early Roman period (AD 43-110). The Lezoux Samian (BACG) included a range of forms with various dishes and bowls with examples of the Drag. 31 (EVE: 0.16), Walt.79 (EVE: 0.09), Walt. 79R (EVE: 0.09) and Drag. 38 (EVE: 0.05), there are also cups with examples of the Drag. 33 (EVE: 0.34) and the Drag. 45 mortarium (EVE: 0.07) (Table 20). The latest form is the Walt.79R dish which dates from AD 180 onwards. Eastern Gaulish samian (BAEG) was limited to examples of the Drag. 31 dish (EVE: 0.48) and the Drag. 45B mortarium (EVE: 0.12) both of which date from AD 150 onwards. There was a Drag. 18/31 dish possibly from Sinzig (SIN SA) although it could be a Colchester product.

Sherds of Colchester and other red colour-coated ware (fabric CZ) are notably common with an EVE of 3.15 which accounting for 11.9% of the total EVE (Table 19). There are a variety of beakers with examples of the Cam 391, Cam 392, Cam 406, Cam 407, and Cam 408-410 (Table 20) most of these forms date from the mid/late 2nd century until the early/mid-3rd century except for the Cam 407 and Cam 408-410 which date to AD 225-275/300. There is a small quantity of Nene-Valley colour-coated ware (fabric EA) (Table 19) including an example of the Cam 407 beaker (EVE: 0.08) dating to AD 225-400 (Table 20).

Black-burnished and related wares in fabrics GA, GB, KX are very well-represented and the EVE of 7.65 accounts for 28.9% of the total EVE (Table 19). The Cam 37B/38B bowl, dating to AD 180-275, is particularly well-represented in fabrics GB (EVE: 3.80) and KX (EVE: 0.64) (Table 20). The earlier Cam 37A/38A bowl, dating to AD 110-180/220 is found in more modest quantities in fabrics GA (EVE: 0.08), GB (EVE: 0.13) and KX (EVE: 0.44) (Table 20). The latest black-burnished vessels include examples of the Cam 279C jar in fabric GA (EVE: 0.49) dating to AD 220-380 and the Cam 305B bowl in fabric GB (EVE: 0.06) which dating to AD 275-425 is the latest dateable vessel from the assemblage.

Sherds of Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (fabric GX) account for a considerable proportion of the assemblage and 59.5% of the assemblage by sherd count, 46.6% of the weight and 47.1% of the EVE (Table 19). The most common vessel is the Cam 268 jar with an EVE of 8.01 which dates to AD 125/150-280/320 followed by the Cam 307 bowl/jar (EVE: 1.12) dating to AD 180/220-400 and the Cam 299 bowl (EVE: 0.96) dating to AD 140-400 (Table 20).

There were occasional sherds of central-Gaulish colour-coated ware (fabric CL NF) and Trier colour-coated ware (fabric CL NF) (Table 16) of which the latter dates to the 3rd century AD.

Mortaria were uncommon with only 10 sherds with a weight of 222 g and limited to examples of the Cam 497 (EVE: 0.24) (fabric TZ) dating to c AD 140-200/250 which is unsourced although of possible continental origin.

Unusual vessel forms noted in the assemblage included a Cam 288 facepot (EVE: 0.15) dating to AD 43-400 in fabric DJ (Coarse oxidised and related wares) and a large pedestal vase (Cam 207/296) dating to AD 43-180/220 also in fabric DJ.

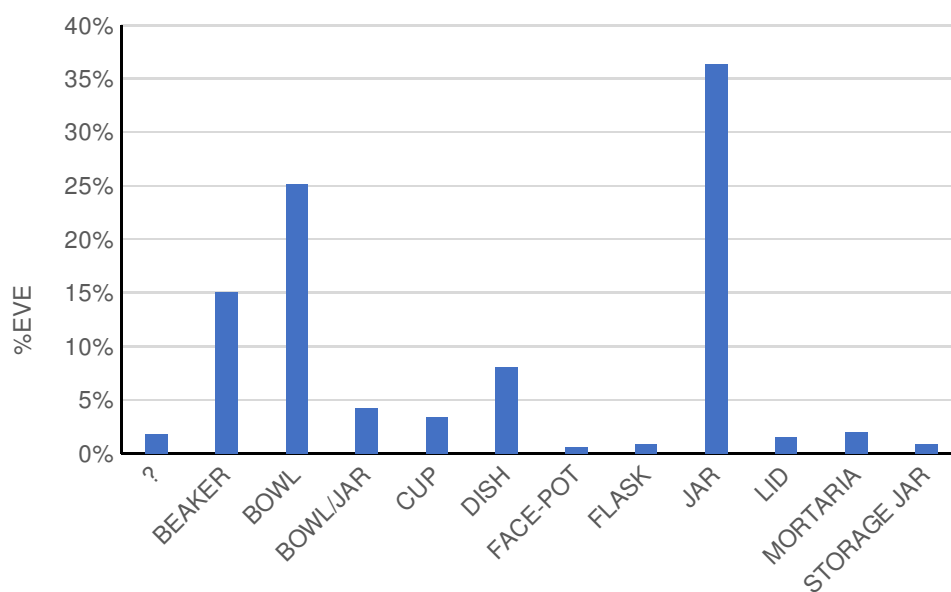
Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	22	622	28	0.78
BXCG	Central Gaulish decorated samian	3	371	124	0.00
BACO	Colchester plain samian	5	47	9	0.55
BAMV	Les Martres-de-Veyre plain samian	1	10	10	0.05
BAEG	East Gaulish plain samian	13	260	20	0.60
BAEG (BLWSA)	Blickweiler plain samian	1	10	10	0.00
BAEG (SIN SA)	Sinzig plain samian	1	20	20	0.08
BAET	Inland Baetican (Guadalquivir) amphorae	2	43	22	0.00
BSW	Black surface ware	1	2	2	0.00
CB	Colchester red colour-coated, roughcast ware	1	15	15	0.13
CL (NE)	Central Gaulish colour-coated	1	1	1	0.00
CL (NF)	Trier colour-coated	2	5	3	0.00
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	158	699	4	3.15
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	37	414	11	0.47
DJ (M)	Coarse oxidised and related wares (micaceous)	10	58	6	0.00
DZ	Fine oxidised wares	15	130	9	0.00
EA	Nene Valley colour-coated wares	8	45	6	0.08
EC	Early Colchester colour-coated ware	1	26	26	0.00
EZ	Other fine colour-coated wares	3	3	1	0.00
GA	BB1: black-burnished ware, category 1	17	358	21	0.57
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	168	2,721	16	5.21
GTW	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware	2	77	39	0.00
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	791	7,607	10	12.48
GX (BSW)	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (Black surface)	2	51	26	0.00
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	12	1,313	109	0.13
HZ OX	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered oxidised wares	6	703	117	0.00
KX	Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware	33	445	13	1.87
MQ	White-slipped fine wares and parchment wares	1	3	3	0.00
MR	Brown colour-coated ware, including Drag. 38 bowls	1	6	6	0.00
TZ	Mortaria, Colchester and Continental imports	2	19	10	0.00
TZ I	Mortaria, Continental imports	8	203	23	0.34
WA	Silvery micaceous wares	2	22	11	0.00
	Total	1,330	16,309	12	26.49

Table 19 Details on the Roman pottery from the ditch F37/F39/F208

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BAMV	All	0.05
	DRAG 18/31	0.05
BACG	All	0.78
	DRAG 31	0.16
	DRAG 33	0.34
	DRAG 38	0.05
	DRAG 45	0.07
	W79	0.09
	W79R	0.07
BACO	All	0.55
	DRAG 33	0.55
BAEG	All	0.60
	DRAG 31	0.48
	DRAG 45B	0.12
BAEG (SIN SA)	All	0.08
	DRAG 18/31	0.08
CB	All	0.13
	CAM 391A/B	0.13
CZ	All	3.15
	CAM 391A/B	1.98
	CAM 392	0.32
	CAM 406	0.59
	CAM 407	0.18
	CAM 408-410	0.08
DJ	All	0.47
	?	0.08
	CAM 207/296	0.24
	CAM 288	0.15
EA	All	0.08
	CAM 407	0.08
GA	All	0.57
	CAM 37A/38A	0.08
	CAM 279C	0.49
GB	All	5.21
	CAM 37A/38A	0.13
	CAM 37B/38B	3.80
	CAM 40A	0.02
	CAM 40B	1.01
	CAM 278	0.19
	CAM 305B	0.06
GX	All	12.48
	?	0.41

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
	CAM 108	0.25
	CAM 218	0.02
	CAM 221	0.17
	CAM 227	0.10
	CAM 243-244/246	0.21
	CAM 266	0.33
	CAM 268	8.01
	CAM 270B	0.11
	CAM 299	0.96
	CAM 307	1.12
	CAM 391A/B	0.15
	CAM 401	0.24
	CAM 508	0.16
	CAM 513	0.24
HZ	All	0.13
	CAM 270B	0.13
KX	All	1.87
	CAM 37A/38A	0.44
	CAM 37B/38B	0.64
	CAM 40B	0.18
	CAM 278	0.61
TZ	All	0.34
	?	0.10
	CAM 497	0.24
Total		26.49

Table 20 Roman pottery quantification via vessel form for the ditch F37/F39/F208



Graph 3. Vessel function via percentage of EVE for the ditch F37/F39/F208

Sinkage F44 (Fig 28.14)

This contained 188 sherds with a weight of nearly 4.8 kg and EVE of 6.02 (Table 21). The assemblage is dominated by jars which account for 44% of the EVE while flagons are also well-represented accounting for 17% of the EVE (Graph 4).

The dateable vessel forms show a wide chronological range spanning from the early Roman period to the 3rd century AD. There is a small quantity of La Graufesenque Samian (fabric BASG) with examples of the Drag. 27A cup (EVE: 0.02), Drag. 18 platter (EVE: 0.19), and Drag. 18/31R (EVE: 0.02) (Table 22). These date from the Claudian period until the early 2nd century AD. In fabric DJ (Coarse oxidised and related wares) there is a Cam 146 flagon (EVE: 1.00) dating to AD 43-69/80 (Table 22). There was also a small quantity of local terra nigra (fabrics UR FSW/EGW, UR GX) with examples of the Cam 27 and Cam 28 platters which date to AD 43-69. In fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) the Cam 266 jar, dating to AD 43-80, is well represented (EVE: 0.43) while there was also a Cam 327 bowl (EVE: 0.06) dating to AD 43-80. Pottery dating to the 2nd century AD included a small quantity of central Gaulish Lezoux Samian (fabric BACG) with examples of the Drag. 33 cup (EVE: 0.05) dating to AD 110-220, and a base possibly from a Drag. 31 bowl dating to AD 160-220. There is also an example of the Cam 37A/38A bowl (EVE: 0.05) in fabric in GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) dating to AD 110-180/220 and a Cam 278 jar in fabric KX (Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware) dating to AD 117-250/260. There was also a Colchester (fabric TZ Col.) Cam 497 mortarium (EVE: 0.09) dating to AD 140-200/250. Examples of the later Cam 268 jar, which dates from AD 125/150 until AD 280/320, are also well-represented (EVE: 0.66) in fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares).

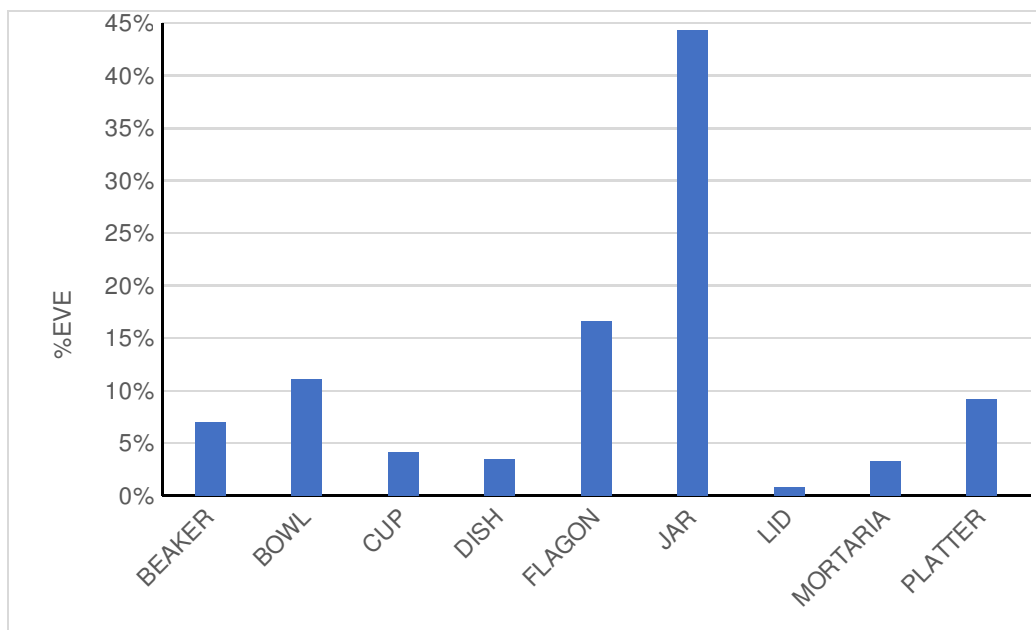
The latest pottery from this feature are the Cam 37B/38B bowl in fabrics GB (BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2) and KX (Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware) which date to AD 180-275 and a Cam 407 beaker in fabric CZ (Colchester and other red colour-coated ware) which dates to AD 225-275/300. It is worth noting the absence of wares, such as fabrics CH (Oxidised Hadham wares) and EA (Nene Valley colour-coated wares) dating from the early/mid-3rd century AD onwards. A high proportion of the pottery from this feature is residual while the latest material suggests a late 2nd to early/mid-3rd century AD date for this assemblage.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
BASG	South Gaulish plain samian	6	163	27	0.41
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	5	263	53	0.05
BAET	Inland Baetican (Guadalquivir) amphorae	5	1,158	232	0.00
BSW	Black surface ware	5	38	8	0.00
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	3	31	10	0.42
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	26	481	19	1.18
DZ	Fine oxidised wares	2	3	2	0.00
FSW/EGW	Fine sandy ware/Early Grey ware	7	51	7	0.05
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	11	270	25	0.32
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	84	1,636	19	2.20
GX (BSW)	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (Black surface)	5	51	10	0.00
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	2	44	22	0.00
HZ OX	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered oxidised wares	1	21	21	0.00
KX	Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware	4	86	22	0.64
RCW	Romanising Coarse ware	7	31	4	0.00
ROW	Romanising Oxidized ware	3	13	4	0.00
TZ	Mortaria, Colchester and Continental imports	1	93	93	0.11
TZ (COL)	Mortaria, Colchester	1	102	102	0.09
UR (FSW/EGW)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (FSW/EGW)	3	73	24	0.06
UR (GX)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GX)	5	149	30	0.49
WA	Silvery micaceous wares	2	33	17	0.00
	Total	188	4,790	25	6.02

Table 21 Details on the Roman pottery from the sinkage F44

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BASG	All	0.41
	Drag. 18	0.19
	Drag. 18/31R	0.02
	Drag. 27A	0.02
BACG	All	0.05
	Drag. 33	0.05
CZ	All	0.42
	Cam 407	0.42
DJ	All	1.18
	Cam 146	1.00
	Cam 241-242	0.18
FSW/EGW	All	0.05
	Lid	0.05
GB	All	0.32
	Cam 37A/38A	0.05
	Cam 37B/38B	0.27
GX	All	2.20
	Cam 218	0.05
	Cam 266	0.43
	Cam 268	0.66
	Cam 285	1.00
	Cam 327	0.06
KX	All	0.64
	Cam 37B/38B	0.06
	Cam 278	0.58
TZ	All	0.11
	Cam 194	0.11
TZ (Col.)	All	0.09
	Cam 497	0.09
UR (FSW/EGW)	All	0.06
	Cam 28	0.06
UR (GX)	All	0.49
	Cam 27	0.21
	Cam 28	0.28
Total		6.02

Table 22 Roman pottery quantification via vessel form for the sinkage F44



Graph 4. Vessel function via percentage of EVE for the sinkage F44

Ditch F45/F55/F87

This ditch also produced a substantial assemblage of Roman pottery with 826 sherds with a weight of 7.4 kg and EVE of 12.67 (Table 23). The mean sherd weight is low at 9g. Bowls dominate this assemblage accounting for 45% of the EVE followed by jars (19%) and beakers (10%) (Graph 5).

The majority of the pottery dates to the early Roman period and from the Claudian period till the end of the 1st century AD. Notably, there was a southern Samian (BASG) Drag. 18/31 bowl dating to AD 90-110 and there was a substantial collection of coarse, locally-produced grey ware (fabric GX) pottery (Table 24) including examples of several forms which appeared during the Claudian period: Cam 108 (EVE: 1.28) beaker, and Cam 243-244/246 bowl (EVE: 0.04) (Table 24). It is worth noting the Cam 298 ceramic strainer (EVE: 0.23) in fabric GX.

There is also a substantial collection of Late Iron Age-Early Roman pottery with sherds in fabrics CSOW, FMW, FSO, FSW/EGW, RCW, and ROW. Two vessels, the Cam 266 jar (Late Iron Age-cAD 80) and the Cam 218 bowl (Late Iron Age-AD 120), account for the majority of the vessels found in these fabrics (Table 24). The exception is the Cam 46/311 bowl (EVE: 0.07) in FSW/EGW which dates to AD 43-120/150. Finally, there was also a local copy of the terra nigra Cam 13 platter (Cam 27) in fabric UR (BSW) which dates to AD 43-69. Late Iron Age pottery is absent except for one, residual, sherd of GTW.

However, while the bulk of the pottery can be dated from the Claudian period until the end of the 1st/early 2nd century AD there is a small quantity of material which is later dating from the early/mid to the late 2nd/early 3rd century AD. For example, there are several examples of the Cam 268 (EVE: 0.50) jar in fabric GX (coarse, locally-produced grey wares) dating to AD 125/150-280/320 (Table 24). It is worth noting that all of these vessels came from F45 (15/section 7). In fabric GX (coarse, locally-produced grey wares) there is an example (EVE: 0.25) of the Cam 280-281 storage jar which dates from AD 150/180 until AD 400 which was recovered from F87. Two small sherds of Colchester and other red colour-coated ware (fabric CZ) with a weight of only 7 g dating to AD 110/125-250/300 came from F45 and F87. There was also a small quantity of BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2 (fabric GB) pottery including an example of the Cam 37B/38B bowl (EVE: 0.37) which dates from AD 180 until AD 275 and is latest dateable vessel from the assemblage. Finally, there was a small sherd of central Gaulish Samian (fabric BACG) dating to AD 110-220.

This assemblage is difficult to date as the Roman suggest two conflicting dates. Most of the pottery dates from the Claudian period until c AD 100/110, however there are later sherds from

F45 and F87 which suggest a late 2nd/early 3rd century AD date. It is possible that the bulk of the pottery recovered from this ditch is residual or alternatively the later pottery is intrusive although the fact that the later material is found in several parts of this ditches F45 and F87 might count against this interpretation.

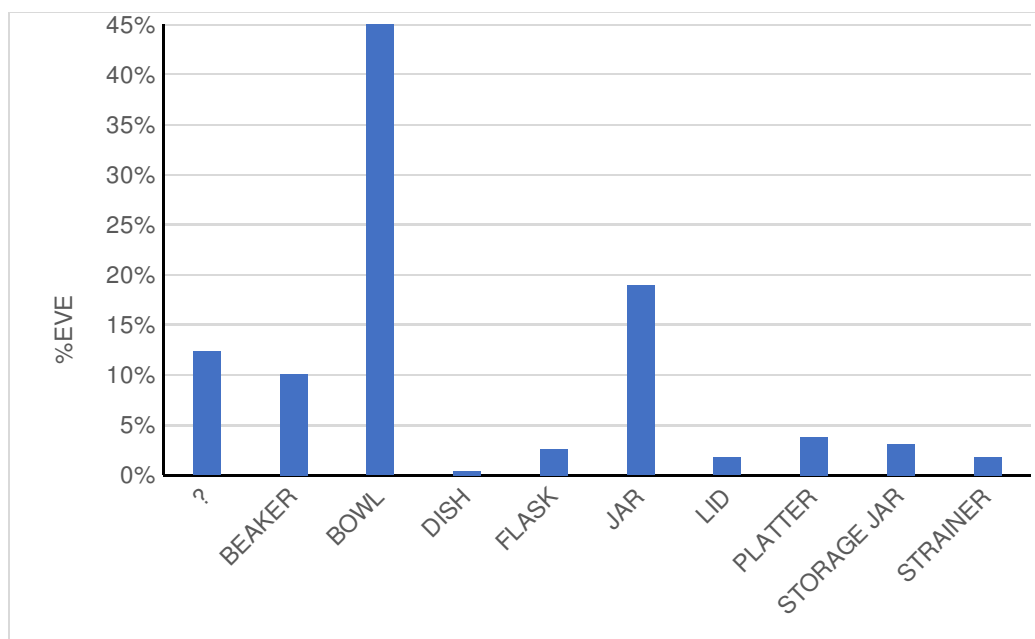
Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
BASG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) plain samian	6	31	5	0.05
BXSG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) decorated samian	2	12	6	0.00
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	1	3	3	0.03
BSW	Black surface ware	24	84	4	0.00
CSOW	Coarse sandy oxidised ware	59	606	10	0.48
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	2	7	4	0.00
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	37	399	11	0.60
FMW	Fumed micaceous ware	1	14	14	0.09
FSOW	Fine sandy oxidized ware	29	65	2	0.06
FSW/EGW	Fine sandy ware/Early Grey ware	82	520	6	0.71
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	8	193	24	0.37
GTW	Late Iron Age 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware	1	20	20	0.00
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	504	4,312	9	9.39
GX (BSW)	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares (Black surface)	16	121	8	0.28
HZ	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered grey wares	3	468	156	0.00
HZ OX	Large storage jars and other vessels in heavily-tempered oxidised wares	18	214	12	0.00
RCW	Romanising Coarse ware (Black surface ware)	2	40	20	0.13
RCW 1	Romanising Coarse ware	4	51	13	0.00
RCW 2	Romanising Coarse ware	1	10	10	0.00
ROW	Romanising Oxidized ware	2	48	24	0.00
UR (BSW)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (RCW)	7	137	20	0.48
Total		826	7,414	9	12.67

Table 23 Details on the Roman pottery from the ditch F45/F55/F87

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BASG	All	0.05
	DRAG 18/31	0.05
BACG	All	0.03
	?	0.03
CSOW	All	0.48
	CAM 266	0.48
DJ	All	0.60
	CAM 218	0.13
	CAM 231-232	0.33
	CAM 270B	0.14
FMW	All	0.09
	CAM 218	0.09
FSOW	All	0.06
	CAM 218	0.06
FSW/EGW	All	0.71
	CAM 46/311	0.07
	CAM 218	0.26
	CAM 266	0.38
GB	All	0.37
	CAM 37B/38B	0.37
GX	All	9.39
	?	1.53
	CAM 108	1.28

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
	CAM 218	3.89
	CAM 219	0.36
	CAM 241-242	0.18
	CAM 243-244/246	0.04
	CAM 266	0.91
	CAM 268	0.50
	CAM 280-281	0.25
	CAM 298	0.23
	CAM 508	0.08
	CAM 513	0.05
	LID	0.09
GX (BSW)	All	0.28
	CAM 218	0.28
RCW	All	0.13
	CAM 266	0.13
UR (BSW)	All	0.48
	CAM 27	0.48
Total		12.67

Table 24 Roman pottery quantification via vessel form for the ditch F45/F55/F87



Graph 5. Vessel function via percentage of EVE for the ditch F45/F55/F87

Ditch F51/F122/F124 (Fig 29)

This ditch produced a fair sized assemblage of Roman pottery with 165 sherds with a weight of 2.6 kg and EVE of 3.57. Bowls account for nearly 50% of the EVE followed by flasks at 17% (Graph 6).

Three wares (fabrics DJ, GB, GX) alone account for the majority of the assemblage by sherd count (87%), weight (67%) and EVE (55%) (Table 25). In fabric DJ (Coarse oxidised and related wares) there is a small flask (?) perhaps of the Cam 280-281 variety which dates to A 150/180-400. In black-burnished fabric 2 (fabric GB) there are Cam 37A/38A (AD 110-180/220) and Cam 37B/38B (AD 180-275) bowls and also examples of the Cam 278 jar (AD117-250/260) (Table

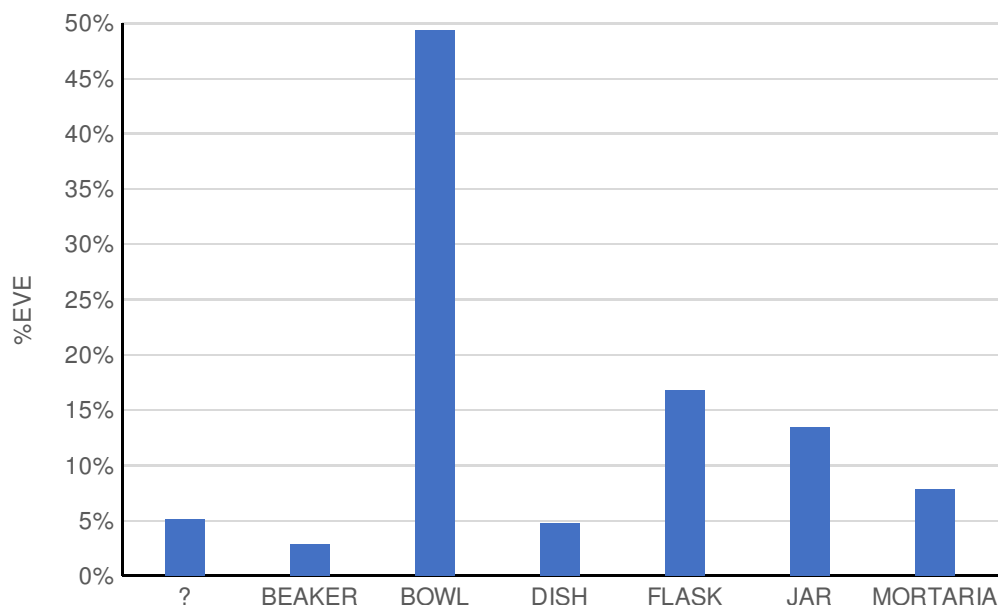
26). Further examples of the Cam 37A/38A and Cam 37B/38B bowls are found in fabric KX (black-burnished pale grey ware) (Table 26). In fabric GX (Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares) there are examples of the Cam 266 jar (AD 43-80), Cam 299 bowl (AD 140-400) and Cam 302 bowl (AD 100/150-280/350) (Table 26). There was partially-complete (EVE: 0.86) Cam 69B/320 bowl (Fig 29.16) in fabric GR (Fine grey wares imitating samian and *terra nigra* forms) dating from AD 69 until the late 2nd century AD. The only imported pottery was rare sherds of southern (BASG) and central Gaulish (BACG) samian including a Drag. 31 bowl (EVE: 0.17) dating to AD 150-220. Fineware pottery was limited to a Colchester red colour-coated (fabric CZ) Cam 391A/B beaker (EVE: 0.10) dating to AD 110/125-180/210. Finally, there was a Colchester (fabric TZ COL) Cam 195 mortarium (EVE: 0.28) with a herring-bone stamp (Fig 29.17) which are dated to AD 130-170 (Hartley 1999, 209-210).

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
BASG	South Gaulish (La Graufesenque) plain samian	1	2	2	0.00
BACG	Central Gaulish plain samian	2	41	21	0.17
BSW	Black surface ware	9	32	4	0.00
CZ	Colchester and other red colour-coated ware	1	7	7	0.10
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	54	1,014	19	0.60
DJ (M)	Coarse oxidised and related wares (micaceous)	2	30	15	0.00
DZ	Fine oxidised wares	1	3	3	0.00
GB	BB2: black-burnished ware, category 2	41	414	10	0.66
GR	Fine grey wares imitating samian and terra nigra forms	2	442	221	0.86
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	48	357	7	0.71
KX	Black-burnished ware (BB2) types in pale grey ware	2	37	19	0.19
TZ (COL)	Mortaria, Colchester	2	291	146	0.28
Total		165	2,670	16	3.57

Table 25 Details on the Roman pottery from the ditch F51/F122/F124

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
BACG	All	0.17
	DRAG 31	0.17
CZ	All	0.10
	CAM 391A/B	0.10
DJ	All	0.60
	Small flask?	0.60
GB	All	0.66
	CAM 37A/38A	0.10
	CAM 37B/38B	0.35
	CAM 278	0.21
GR	All	0.86
	CAM 69B/320	0.86
GX	All	0.71
	?	0.18
	CAM 266	0.27
	CAM 299	0.13
	CAM 302	0.13
KX	All	0.19
	CAM 37A/38A	0.14
	CAM 37B/38B	0.05
TZ (COL)	All	0.28
	CAM 195	0.28
Total		3.57

Table 26 Roman pottery quantification via vessel form for the ditch F51/F122/F124



Graph 6. Vessel function via percentage of EVE for the ditch F51/F122/F124

Ditch F81

This Ditch produced 191 sherds of early Roman pottery with a weight of 778 g and EVE of 2.39 (Table 27). Beakers account for 52% of the EVE followed by flagons with 42%. This material was found in a limited number of fabrics (Table 27) which is down to the recovery of three partially-complete or complete, albeit heavily fragmented, vessels. Firstly, there is a very thin-walled one-handed flagon, perhaps of the Cam 151 variety (EVE: 1.00) in fabric DJ which dates to the Claudian-Neronian period (Bidwell and Croom 1999, 474). Secondly, there are large parts from two Cam 104 beakers (EVE: 1.25) both with stamps (CAR 9, 402 Fig 6.67 nos. 419-427). Both vessels are in a very thin-walled fabric (UR GP) with a black glossy surface, with a brown/grey core with fine sand and mica. These appear to be of local origin, perhaps from West Stow in Suffolk (Rigby's 'Smooth ware'?) rather than continental imports, and date to AD 55-90 (Bidwell and Croom 1999, 472; Rigby 1999, 219). There was also a small number of sherds from a Cam 218 bowl (EVE: 0.14) in RCW 2. The presence of a flagon and two fineware beakers which are complete or partially-complete suggests that we are dealing with either a special deposit or a cremation. This assemblage can be dated to the Neronian period.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
DJ	Coarse oxidised and related wares	57	190	3	1.00
GX	Other coarse, principally locally-produced grey wares	5	24	5	0.00
RCW 2	Romanising coarse ware	17	175	10	0.14
RCW 6	Romanising coarse ware	2	12	6	0.00
UR (GP)	Copies of Terra nigra-wares (GP)	110	377	3	1.25
Total		191	778	4	2.39

Table 27 Details on the Roman pottery from the Ditch F81

Fabric Group	Form	EVE
DJ	All	1.00
	Cam 151?	1.00
RCW 2	All	0.14
	Cam 218	0.14
UR (GP)	All	1.25
	Cam 104	1.25
Total		2.39

Table 28 Roman pottery quantification via vessel form for the Ditch F81

Post Roman Pottery

The post-Roman pottery was recorded according to the fabric groups from *CAR 7* (Cotter 2000) and Cunningham (1985) (Table 29) while the number of vessels was determined by rim EVE (estimated vessel equivalent). There were only 32 of post-Roman pottery with a weight of 189 g and EVE of 0.14 (Table 30). The Post-Roman pottery was recovered from just three features: ditch F30, Ditch F35, and Ditch F43 (Table 31). This material dates from the Medieval period to the 19th-20th century.

Fabric code	Fabric description	Fabric date range guide
F13	Early Medieval sandy wares	11th-early 13th century
F40	Post-medieval red earthenwares	c1500-19th/20th century
F48D	Staffordshire-type white earthenwares	19th-20th century

Table 29 Post Roman pottery fabrics recorded.

Fabric Group	Fabric description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	Rim	Handle	Base	EVE
F13	Early Medieval sandy wares	27	133	5	4	0	1	0.12
F40	Post-medieval red earthenwares	4	55	14	0	1	1	0.00
F48D	Staffordshire-type white earthenwares	1	1	1	1	0	0	0.02
Total		32	189	6	5	1	2	0.14

Table 30 Details on the Post Roman pottery

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F30	Ditch	1	13	13	0.00
F35	Ditch	4	43	11	0.02
F43	Ditch	27	133	5	0.12
Total		32	189	6	0.14

Table 31 Quantities of Post Roman pottery from specific features

All the Early Medieval sandy wares (fabric F13) pottery came from the Ditch F43 including examples of cooking pots with plain everted rims of type A1a (EVE: 0.02) and A4a (EVE: 0.08) which date to cAD 1025/1050-1200/1225 (Cotter 2000, 47-50 Fig 27). The related features F30 and F35 contained a sherds of Post-medieval red earthenwares (fabric F40) and modern Staffordshire-type white earthenwares (fabric F48d).

Ceramic building material (CBM)

There were 676 sherds of CBM with a weight of just over 53 kg with a mean sherd weight of 79 g (Table 32). CBM was recovered from 51 features and two layers while three features although the majority of contexts contained 11 or fewer sherds (Table 33). Four contexts contained the bulk of the CBM with ditch F87 producing the largest assemblage with 177 sherds with a weight of 4.8 kg, followed by ditch F208 (nr. 144/11 kg), sinkage F44 (nr. 89/16 kg) and the charcoal-rich accumulation layer L6 (nr. 43/418 g) (Table 32).

CBM code	CBM type	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
Roman				
RB	Roman brick	118	29,958	254
RI	Roman imbrex	18	3,294	183
RT	Roman tegulae	59	7,270	123
RBT	Roman brick or tile (general)	79	1,951	25
RFT	Roman box flue-tile	67	6,086	91
Post Roman				
PT	Peg-tile	4	55	14

BR	Brick	1	23	23
Un-dated				
	Baked clay	106	1,340	13
	Briquetage	185	1,604	9
	Daub	34	394	12
	Daub brick?	5	1,185	237
	Total	676	53,160	79

Table 32 Building material by period and type

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F3	Ditch/pit	1	9	9
F28	Quarry pit	3	236	79
F39	Ditch	1	181	181
F42	Ditch	1	19	19
F43	Ditch/pit	9	48	5
F44	Sinkage	89	15,958	179
F45	Ditch	6	260	43
F46	Pit	5	27	5
F52	Pit	1	36	36
F53	Quarry pit	4	309	77
F63	Pit	1	2	2
F64	Pit/post hole	34	365	11
F76	Pit/post hole	4	49	12
F87	Ditch	177	4,752	27
F94	Gully	2	119	60
F97	Pit	1	2	2
F100	Ditch	2	2	1
F102	Ditch	18	1,975	110
F105	Pit	1	57	57
F107	Ditch	1	2	2
F110	Cremation	1	20	20
F118	Ditch	1	1	1
F124	Ditch	5	552	110
F126	Pit	2	6	3
F144	Pit	1	6	6
F151	Ditch	1	688	688
F152	Ditch	2	37	19
F153	Pit	8	5,068	634
F163	Pit	1	44	44
F168	Pit	1	102	102
F169	Pit/post hole	1	10	10
F170	Ditch	1	23	23
F173	Pit/post hole	1	4	4
F176	Cremation	10	106	11
F178	Pit	27	377	14
F182	Pit/post hole	1	31	31
F185	Pit/post hole	5	11	2

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F188	Pit/post hole	5	92	18
F190	Pit/post hole	3	11	4
F203	Cremation	1	11	11
F208	Ditch	144	11,035	77
F209	Pit	4	494	124
F212	Pit	2	381	191
F223	Ditch	1	227	227
F230	Pit	2	2,043	1022
F234	Ditch	20	3,512	176
F235	Ditch	1	236	236
F238	Pit	1	790	790
F239	Ditch	11	1,991	181
F255	Well	3	329	110
F256	Pit	4	50	13
L4	Silt patch	1	46	46
L6	Charcoal rich accumulation layer	43	418	10
Total		676	53,160	79

Table 33 Quantities of CBM from specific features and contexts

Roman CBM totalled 341 sherds with a weight of just under 49 kg and was recovered from 29 features and one layer (Table 34). Ditch F208 contained a sizeable proportion of this material with 131 sherds with a weight of 10.6 kg followed by sinkage F44 with 89 sherds with a weight of just under 16 kg (Table 34). More modest assemblages of Roman CBM came from ditches F87 (nr. 24/2.6 kg), and F234 (nr. 19/3.2 kg) and pit F102 (nr. 18/2 kg) (Table 34). Roman CBM includes brick, roof tile (imbrex and tegulae) and box flue-tile (Table 32). Roman box flue-tile (RFT) was noticeably frequent with 67 sherds with a weight of just over 6 kg although the majority of this material came from ditch F208 (nr. 59/4.9 kg) with rare sherds from sinkage F44, ditch F87, pit F102 and ditch F234. Most of the box flue-tile has traces of combing suggesting that it dates from *c* AD 100 onwards while there are also occasional pieces with rectangular or circular vents. Other notable Roman CBM sherds included a tegula with a lower cut away of type D dating to AD 240-380 which came from sinkage F44 and from the same feature a piece of tegula which appears to have been cut down into a triangular shaped sherd. Some of the Roman CBM including brick, tegulae and box flue-tile was found in a slightly unusual, marbled fabric with varying quantities of orange/red and white/yellow nodules and occasional white/yellow streaks.

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F28	Quarry pit	3	236	79
F39	Ditch	1	181	181
F42	Ditch	1	19	19
F44	Sinkage	89	15,958	179
F45	Ditch	3	246	82
F46	Pit	2	19	10
F52	Pit	1	36	36
F53	Quarry pit	4	309	77
F87	Ditch	24	2,605	109
F94	Ditch	2	119	60
F97	Pit	1	2	2
F102	Ditch	18	1,975	110
F105	Pit	1	57	57

F124	Ditch	2	534	267
F151	Ditch	1	688	688
F152	Ditch	2	37	19
F153	Pit	8	5,068	634
F168	Pit	1	102	102
F208	Ditch	131	10,623	81
F209	Pit	4	494	124
F212	Pit	2	381	191
F223	Ditch	1	227	227
F230	Pit	2	2,043	1022
F234	Ditch	19	3,166	167
F235	Pit	1	236	236
F238	Pit	1	790	790
F239	Ditch	11	1,991	181
F255	Well	1	326	326
F256	Pit	3	45	15
L004	Silt patch	1	46	46
Total		341	48,559	142

Table 34 Quantities of Roman CBM from specific features and contexts

Post-Roman CBM is rare with only four pieces of Medieval-Post Medieval peg-tile from the ditch/pit? F3, cremation F10 (intrusive?), pit F144, and ditch F208 (intrusive?). There was just one fragment of post-Roman brick which came from the ditch F170.

Daub

There was a small quantity of daub with 34 sherds with a weight of 394g. The bulk of this material was from pit F64 (nr. 23/284g) followed by the pit F178 (nr. 10/79g) with the remainder coming from pit F182. Several pieces preserved wattle holes with diameters ranging from 10 mm to 15 mm.

Briquetage

There was a small quantity of briquetage with 185 sherds with a weight of just over 1.6 kg most of which came from the ditch F87 (nr. 142/1,186g) with the remaining sherds coming from the Charcoal rich accumulation layer L6.

Baked clay

There was a small assemblage of baked clay with 106 sherds with a weight of 1,340 gr (Table 35). This material possibly includes some daub and also possible fragments from baked clay objects, such as loom weights (eg, pit F178). Small quantities of baked clay were recovered from 24 features with the largest assemblage of 17 sherds with a weight of 298 g coming from the pit F178.

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F43	Ditch/pit	9	48	5
F45	Ditch	3	14	5
F46	Pit	3	8	3
F63	Pit/post hole	1	2	2
F64	Pit/post hole	11	81	7
F76	Pit/post hole	4	49	12

Cxt	Description	nr	Weight (g)	MSW (g)
F87	Ditch	7	122	17
F100	Ditch	2	2	1
F107	Ditch	1	2	2
F118	Ditch	1	1	1
F124	Ditch	3	18	6
F126	Pit	2	6	3
F163	Pit	1	44	44
F169	Pit/post hole	1	10	10
F173	Pit/post hole	1	4	4
F176	Cremation	10	106	11
F178	Pit	17	298	18
F185	Pit/post hole	5	11	2
F188	Pit/post hole	5	92	18
F190	Pit/post hole	3	11	4
F203	Cremation	1	11	11
F208	Ditch	12	392	33
F255	Well	2	3	2
F256	Pit	1	5	5
Total				

Table 35 Quantities of baked clay from specific features and contexts

Conclusion

Table 36 summarizes the dating evidence for features and layer which contained dateable pottery and ceramics. The prehistoric activity dates from the early Bronze Age until the early Iron Age. Most of the occupation dates from the late Iron Age/early Roman period and into the 3rd century AD with limited evidence for some later 3rd-early 4th century activity. The Roman building material suggests a nearby Roman villa with a heating system dating from the 2nd century AD onwards. Post-Roman activity is limited. There was one medieval ditch (F43) and two medieval-post medieval features (ditch F30, pit F144). Finally, there were two modern features (ditch F35, ditch F170).

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
F3	Ditch/pit?	-	-	-	PT	MEDIEVAL-POST MEDIEVAL
F21	Ditch	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F28	Quarry pit	-	-	-	RT	ROMAN
F30	Ditch	-	-	F40	-	c1500-19th/20th century
F32	Ditch	HMF	GTW	-	-	LATE IRON AGE?
F35	Ditch	-	-	F40 F48D	-	19TH-20TH CENTURY
F36	Ditch	HMS	DJ	-	-	ROMAN?
F37	Ditch	-	GTW DZ	-	-	EARLY ROMAN?
F39	Ditch	-	CZ DJ GA GB (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 37B/38B) GX (CAM 268) KX (CAM 40B)	-	RT	AD 180-275

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
			TZ (I) (CAM 497)			
F43	Ditch/pit	-	-	F13 (COOKING POT A1A, A4)	-	cAD 1025/1050- 1200/1225
F44	Sinkage	-	BASG (DRAG 18, DRAG 27A, DRAG 27, DRAG. 18/31R) BACG (DRAG 31, DRAG 33, DRAG 37) BAET (DR20) BSW (CAM 241- 242) CZ (CAM 407) DJ (CAM 146, CAM 241-242) FSW/EGW (LID) DZ GB (CAM 37B/38B, CAM 278) GX (CAM 218, CAM 266, CAM 268, CAM 285, CAM 327, LID) HZ HZ OX KX (CAM 37B/38B, CAM 278) RCW ROW TZ (CAM 194) TZ (COL) (CAM 497) UR (FSW/EGW) (CAM 28) UR (GX) (CAM 27) WA (CAM 28)	-	RB RI RT (LCA D1) RFT	AD 225-300
F45	Ditch	-	CZ DJ GX (CAM 212-217, CAM 218, CAM 241- 242, CAM 266, CAM 268, CAM 298, LID) HZ HZ OX RCW (CAM 266) ROW WA	-	RB RT	AD 125/150-200
F46	Pit	-	-	-	RI	ROMAN
F47	Ditch	-	BACG (DRAG 31) GX HZ OX	-	-	AD 150-200
F49	Ditch	HMF	GX (CAM 231-232)	-	-	EARLY ROMAN
F52	Pit	-	CB DJ FMW FSOW (CAM 229) FSW/EGW GA GB GX (CAM 108, CAM 218, CAM 231-232, CAM 243-244/246, CAM 268) HZ HZ OX RCW (CAM 266) SW	-	RBT	AD 125/150-200

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
F53	Quarry pit	-	DJ	-	RB RT	ROMAN
F55	Ditch	-	DJ GX (CAM 218, CAM 266)	-	-	EARLY ROMAN?
F58	Quarry pit	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F59	Ditch	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F60	Pit	HMS	GX (CAM 266, LID)	-	-	ROMAN
F62	Pit	HMS	-	-	-	IRON AGE
F63	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	BRONZE AGE
F64	Pit/post hole	HMF (SHOULDERED JAR) HMFO	-	-	-	LBA-EIA
F65	Pit/post hole	HMF HMFS	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F66	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F69	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F76	Pit/post hole	HMF (ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM, SHOULDERED JAR) HMFGS (ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM) HMFS HMFO HMS	-	-	-	EARLY IRON AGE
F81	Ditch	-	DJ (CAM 151?) GX RCW 2 (CAM 218) RCW 6 UR GP (CAM 104)	-	-	NERONIAN
F82	Gully	-	BAET GX	-	-	ROMAN
F87	Ditch	-	BASG (DRAG 18/31) BXSG BACG BSW CSOW (CAM 266) CZ DJ (CAM 218, CAM 231-232, CAM 270B) FMW (CAM 218) FSOW (CAM 218) FSW/EGW (CAM 46/311, CAM 62, CAM 108, CAM 218, CAM 266) GB (CAM 37B/38B) GTW GX (CAM 108, CAM 209A, CAM 218, CAM 219, CAM 243-244/246, CAM 266, CAM 270B, CAM 280-281, CAM 508) HZ HZ OX RCW 1 RCW 2 UR BSW (CAM 27)	-	RB RT RFT	AD 180-225

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
F88	Gully	-	HZ GX (CAM 266)	-	-	ROMAN
F91	Pit	-	GX (CAM 508)	-	-	ROMAN
F94	Gully	-	-	-	RB	ROMAN
F95	Ditch/gully	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F97	Pit	-	GX (CAM 241-242)	-	RBT	EARLY ROMAN
F99	Ditch	HMF	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F100	Ditch	-	FSW/EGW GX	-	-	ROMAN
F101	Ditch	-	BACG (DRAG 31) GX TZ (CAM 195)	-	-	AD 150-220
F102	Ditch	-	BAET GB GP GX (CAM 508) WA	-	RB RI RT RFT	2ND CENTURY AD
F104	Animal disturbance	-	DJ GX	-	-	ROMAN
F105	Pit	-	DJ GX	-	RT	ROMAN
F107	Ditch	-	CSOW GX (CAM 108) RCW	-	-	ROMAN
F110	Cremation	-	GTW (CAM 229) DJ	-	PT	LIA-ER
F111	Ditch	-	FSW/EGW GX	-	-	EARLY ROMAN
F117	Gully	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F118	Ditch	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F121	Pit	-	BACG (DRAG 30) BAET GX GX (BSW)	-	-	AD 110-200
F122	Ditch	-	GB	-	-	AD 110/125-300
F123	Ditch	-	FSW/EGW GX HZ RCW 2 (CAM 218)	-	-	EARLY ROMAN
F124	Ditch	HMG	BASG BACG (DRAG 31) BSW CZ (CAM 391A/B) DJ (CAM 198) DJ M DZ GB (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 37B/38B, CAM 278) GR (CAM 69/320) GX (CAM 266, CAM 299, CAM 302) KX (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 37B/38B) TZ (COL) (CAM 195)	-	RB	AD 180-275
F126	Pit	HMG (URN) HMF (URN) HMGS HMGF	-	-	-	MIDDLE BRONZE AGE

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
F127	Pit	HMSG HMGS HMS HMGF (URN) HMS	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F129	Pit	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F130	Gully	-	GX (CAM 108)	-	-	EARLY ROMAN
F131	Cremation	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F132	Cremation	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F135	Tree throw	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN?
F136	Pit	-	GB	-	-	AD 110/125-300
F139	Ditch	-	GX (CAM 104)	-	-	ROMAN
F141	Pit	-	CZ (CAM 406) DJ GX HZ (BSW) (CAM 230)	-	-	AD 180-250
F143	Post hole	HMG	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F144	Pit	-	GX HZ OX	-	PT	MEDIEVAL-POST MEDIEVAL
F147	Pit	-	GX TZ (COL)	-	-	ROMAN
F148	Pit	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F151	Ditch	-	BSW GP (CAM 122) GX GX (BSW-P) WA (CAM 108)	-	RB	AD 110/120-160
F152	Ditch	-	BASG (DRAG 18) BSW DJ (CAM 140, CAM 155) EZ (KOL CC) GB (CAM 278) GX (CAM 119, CAM 218, CAM 227, CAM 243-244/246, CAM 266, CAM 513, CAM 514) HZ HZ OX UR (GX)	-	RBT	AD 110-300
F153	Pit	-	GX	-	RB RI RT	ROMAN
F156	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F158	Pit/post hole	HMF	GX (CAM 108) INTRUSIVE	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F161	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F163	Pit	HMF (SHOULDERED JAR)	-	-	-	LATE BRONZE AGE
F166	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F168	Pit	-	-	-	RT	ROMAN?
F170	Ditch	-	GX (CAM 507)	-	BR	19TH-20TH CENTURY
F171	Pit/post hole	HMF (EVERTED JAR)	-	-	-	LATE BRONZE AGE-EARLY IRON AGE

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
F173	Pit/post hole	HMF (FLAT-TOPPED JAR)	-	-	-	LATE BRONZE AGE-EARLY IRON AGE
F174	Pit	-	GX (CAM 218)	-	-	AD 43-120
F176	Cremation	-	BSW DJ (CAM 508) GA (CAM 303) GX (CAM 104, CAM 243-244/246)	-	-	AD 110/125-220
F177	Cremation	-	DJ GX KX (CAM 278)	-	-	AD 117-250/260
F178	Pit	HMF (SHOULDERED JAR) HMFS HMS	-	-	-	LBA-EIA
F180	Pit/post hole	HMS	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F182	Pit/post hole	HMF HMS	-	-	--	PREHISTORIC
F185	Pit/post hole	HMF	-	-	-	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	HMF (EVERTED JAR)	-	-	-	LBA-EIA
F202	Cremation	-	RCW	-	-	LATE IRON AGE-EARLY ROMAN
F203	Cremation	-	BSW DJ DZ GB GX (CAM 108)	-	-	AD 110/125-300
F208	Ditch	-	BACG (DRAG 27, DRAG 31, DRAG 33, DRAG 38, DRAG 45, W79R) BXCG (DRAG 37) BACO (DRAG 33) BAEG (DRAG 31, DRAG 37, DRAG 45B) BAEG (BLWSA) BAEG (SIN SA) (DRAG 18/31) BAMV (DRAG 18/31) BAET BSW CB (CAM 391A/B) CL (NE) CL (NF) CZ (CAM 391A/B, CAM 392, CAM 406, CAM 407, CAM 408-410) DJ (CAM 108, CAM 207/296, CAM 288) DZ EA (CAM 407) EC EZ GA (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 279C) GB (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 37B/38B, CAM 40A, CAM 40B, CAM 278, CAM 305B)	-	RB RI RT RFT PT	AD 225-300

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
			GX (CAM 108, CAM 218, CAM 221, CAM 227?, CAM 243-244/246, CAM 266, CAM 268, CAM 270B, CAM 280-281, CAM 299, CAM 307, CAM 391A/B, CAM 401, CAM 508, CAM 513) GX (BSW) HZ (CAM 270B) HZ OX KX (CAM 37A/38A, CAM 37B/38B, CAM 40B, CAM 278) MQ MR TZ WA			
F209	Pit	-	TZ (COL) (CAM 195)	-	RI	ROMAN
F210	Ditch	-	DJ GB (CAM 37A/38A) GX	-	-	AD 110-180/220
F211	Ditch	HMF	CZ GX	-	-	AD 110/125-250/300
F212	Pit	-	-	-	RT	ROMAN
F213	Gully	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F216	Pit	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F219	Pit	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F220	Ditch	-	GTW	-	-	LIA?
F221	Pit	-	BXSG BACG (CURLE 23C?) BAET DJ DJ (M) GB	-	-	AD 110/125-220
F223	Ditch	-	DJ FSW/EGW (CAM 266) GX	-	RB	ROMAN
F225	Pit	-	GX UR (GX) (CAM 27)	-	-	EARLY ROMAN
F228	Ditch/gully	-	DJ GA GB (CAM 37B/38B) GX (CAM 218, CAM 266) UR (FSW/EGW)	-	-	AD 180-275
F230	Pit	-	-	-	RB	ROMAN
F234	Ditch	-	BSW (CAM 227) CZ DJ GB (CAM 37B/38B) GX (CAM 268, CAM 405/406) HZ HZ OX (CAM 270B) TZ (COL) (CAM 496)	-	RB RT RFT DAUB-BR?	AD 180-250/280

Cxt	Description	Prehistoric	LIA-Roman	Post-Roman	CBM	Date Approx.
			TZ (I)			
F235	Pit	-	GX (CAM 268) HZ	-	RB	AD 125/150-280/320
F238	Pit	-	EZ (KOL CC)	-	RB	AD 110-300
F239	Ditch	-	BACG (DRAG 18/31) BAEG (DRAG 27) CZ DJ (CAM 207/296, FLAGON) GA (CAM 303) GB (CAM 37A/38A) GX (CAM 270B, CAM 299) KX (CAM 37A/38A) WC (CAM 37B/38B)	-	RB	AD 180-275
F246	Pit	-	GB GX	-	-	AD 110/125-300
F249	Pit	-	DJ	-	-	ROMAN
F255	Well	HMS	DJ FSW/EGW GX (CAM 119, CAM 227, CAM 268) HD MVW (CAM 270B) UR (GTW) (CAM 28) WA (CAM 39B) WC	-	RI	AD 140-300
F256	Pit	-	DJ EA GA (CAM 305A) GB (CAM 40A) GX	-	RBT	AD 275-325
F263	Ditch/gully	-	GX	-	-	ROMAN
F272	Pit	HMGF (COLLARED UNR)	-	-	-	EARLY BRONZE AGE
F277	Ditch	-	DJ (M) GB GX (CAM 268) HZ	-		AD 125/150-280/320
L4	Silt patch	-	DJ GB (CAM 37A/38A) GX (CAM 270B)	-	RB	AD 110/125-180/220
L6	Charcoal rich accumulation layer	HMF	BSW CSOW FSOW FSW/EGW (CAM 108) GX (CAM 218, CAM 219, CAM 266, CAM 508) HZ OX RCW 2 (CAM 218)	-		AD 43-120

Table 36 Approximate dates for the individual features and layers

6.3 Cremated Human bone (Appendices 4, 5)

By Megan Seehra

Introduction

Burnt bone was recovered from eight contexts. All eight were unurned deposits, with plough and root disturbance evident in two contexts (F110 and F177). One context (F80) was found within the ring-ditch (F78). Based on pottery fragments found in the fill of these features, they all appear to be Late Iron Age-Roman in date. F80 was the only cremation not to contain any dating evidence.

Methodology

This methodology followed guidelines from ClfA (McKinley, 2018). After lifting, the vessel was excavated off-site with wooden tools in 5cm spits (resulting in a total of six spits). Larger fragments of bone were taken out by hand, then the spits were dry-sieved followed by wet-sieving. Once dry, each spit was mesh-sieved into size groups, ranging from 10mm+ to <3mm. Each size group was then weighed and counted. Any fragments under 3mm were not counted due to their high fragmentation, and were weighed only. Fragments over 3mm were then divided into colour groups (white, white-grey, brown-black, unburnt) which were counted and weighed. Identifiable fragments were seen during these processes, which were grouped into area of the body (skeletal elements), and were used to estimate sex, age and note any pathologies seen. These estimations were carried out using Buikstra and Ubelaker (1994), as well as Schaefer, Black and Scheuer (2009).

Quantification and preservation

The average weight of all eight cremations is only 41g, with the average adult cremation in the modern period weighing is 1,650g (McKinley, 2000). The largest cremation had a total weight of 102.47g (Graph 7). The minute quantities of these cremations are perhaps a very small tokens formally deposited after the cremation process. They may also represent juveniles or foetal remains. As some were disturbed, and all were unurned, post-deposition taphonomic changes and other disturbances may have also affected the final quantity of bone recovered.

All eight cremations were highly fragmented, with the largest fragments over 10mm being found in F110. All other cremations did not have fragments larger than 5mm. Discussed in further detail in a later section, this denotes a long cremation process whereby the heat-related changes result in bone fragmentation. Movement and raking may have also occurred during the cremations, which would agitate and fragment the bone further. As previously mentioned, these cremation deposits likely represent a small sample of the entire individual, and larger fragments of bone may have been kept or deposited elsewhere.

Elements present

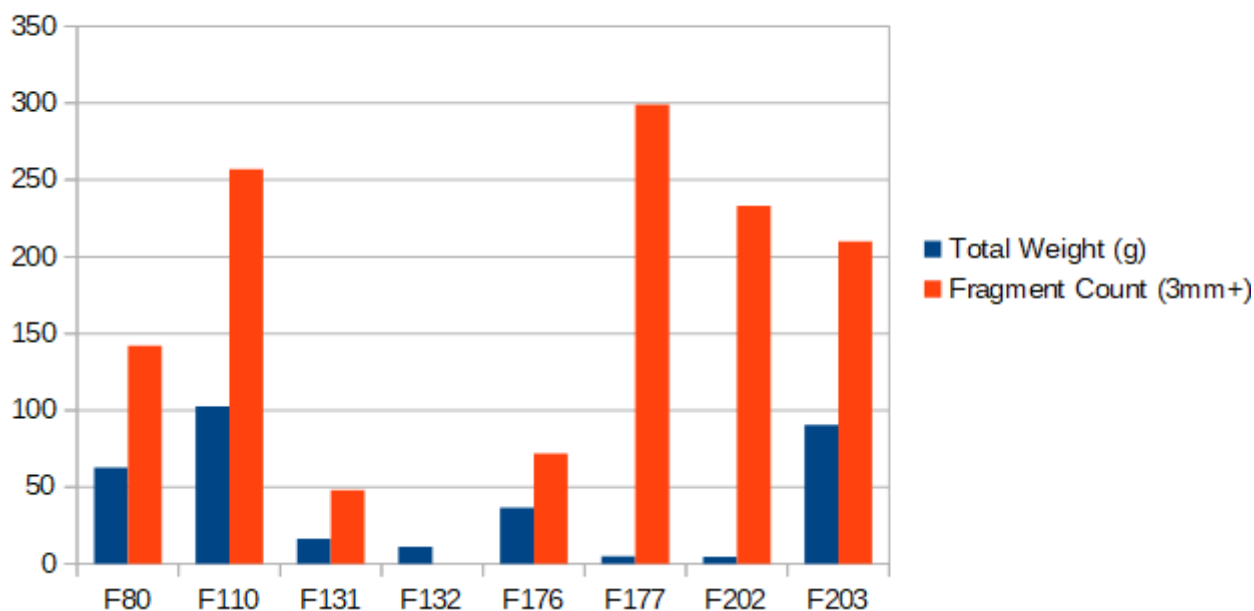
Due to the high fragmentation of all eight cremations, identifying skeletal elements was mostly impossible. The three large fragments found in F110 were all identified as upper limb bone fragments, one possibly being the mid-shaft of a radius. A small, complete carpal bone (the lunate) was identified in F131.

Heat-related changes

The heat source used to cremate human remains can reach temperatures of up to 1400°C, and normally burns for at 1-3+ hours to complete the cremation process (McKinley, 2002, 406-407). Completely white bone fragments indicate oxidised bone, whereas black or brown bone means charring only.

All eight contexts were either mainly white, or white-grey (Table 37). In addition to the high fragmentation, this indicates these remains were therefore likely burnt at a temperature of at least 700°C for at least 1 hour (Ubelaker, 2015). The high percentage of white (oxidised) bone indicates an efficient cremation process, ie, the distribution of heat.

Total weight (g) and fragment count for all cremations



Graph 7 total weight (g) and fragment count (3mm+) for all cremations.

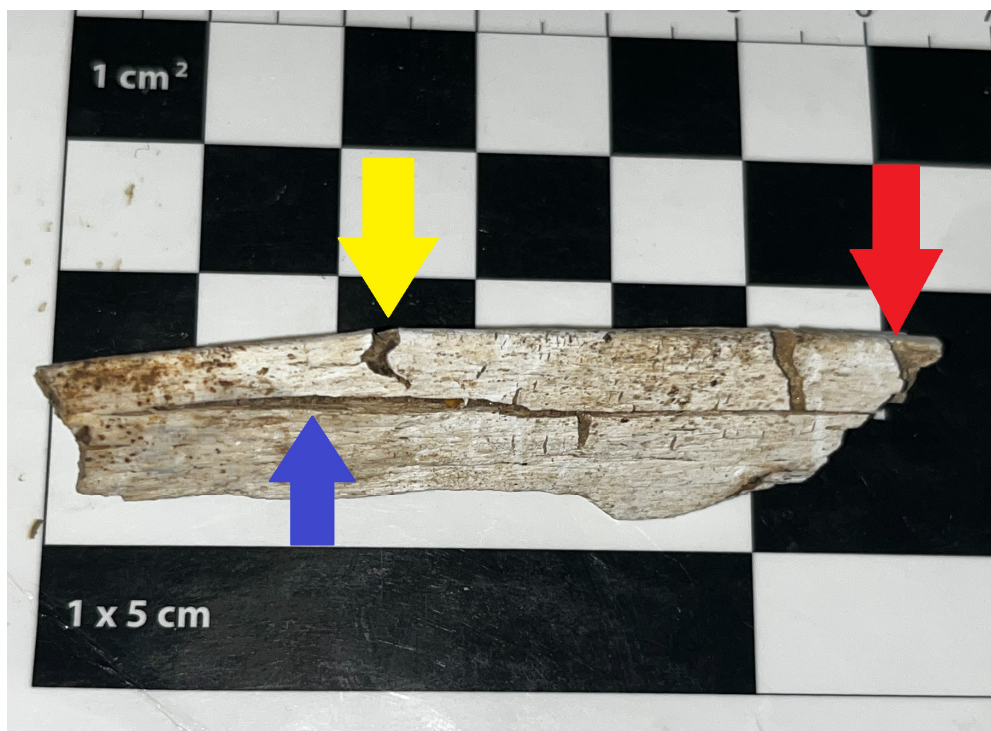
Dehydration of human bone during cremation – especially fleshed bone – causes various types of cracks, fissures, warping and shrinkage. As per classifications outlined by Symes *et al* (2008, 46-47), there are seven fracture types associated with cremated human bone: longitudinal, step, transverse, patina, splintering and delamination, burn line fractures, and curved transverse. As seen in Photograph 12, longitudinal, transverse and step fractures were identified amongst the assemblage. Splintering and delamination was also seen.

Some shrinkage has also occurred, although the exact percentage is unknown due to high fragmentation it is not significant.

Feature	White	White/Grey	Black/Brown	Unburnt
F80	135/6.92/95%	-	7/0.23/5%	-
F110	138/20.59/53.7%	119/4.63/46.3%	-	-
F131	302/15.26/71.05%	107/1.03/25.15%	16/0.14/3.75%	-
F132	-	30/0.43/83.3%	6/0.05/16.7%	-
F176	57/2.08/79%	15/0.69/21%	-	-
F177	192/2.95/64%	100/1.71/33%	7/0.17/3%	-
F202	198/3.86/85%	33/0.71/14%	2/0.10/1%	-
F203	202/7.57/86%	32/1.35/14%	-	-

KEY: Fragment count (3mm+). Weight (g). Percentage of cremation (3mm+).

Table 37 Fragmentation and weight from all eight contexts of fragments over 3mm.



Photograph 12 Radius bone fragment from F110, showing various types of heat-induced fractures/ Yellow and blue arrows: transverse and longitudinal fractures. Red arrow: step fracture.

MNI

The minimum number of individuals (MNI) for this assemblage is eight; one MNI per cremation.

Estimation of Age

Only one cremation (F131) had identifiable fragments for estimation of age. The lunate bone found was estimated to belong to an individual between 3-6 years old.

The radius fragments from F110 may belong to an individual over 18 years old (adult).

Estimation of Sex

Estimation of sex could not be estimated for any cremations.

Estimation of Stature

Estimation of stature could not be estimated for any cremations.

Pathologies and Taphonomic Changes

No pathologies were identified during assessment.

A significant number of bone fragments under 3mm from F110 and F202 were found with green staining. This implies the individual was wearing a copper object(s) at the time of cremation, or a copper item(s) was placed in the remains at the time of deposition.

A copper alloy ring with evidence of burning (finds number 69) was found on the surface of F110 prior to excavation, so this likely explains the green-stained bone fragments from this feature.

No copper objects were found in F202.

6.4 Animal bone

By Alec Wade

Eleven small pieces of white calcinated bone weighing a total of 7g were recovered from Roman ditch F208.

Three of these were probably pieces of medium sized mammal bone (possibly sheep or goat) and included part of a proximal femur, a calcaneus shaft fragment and part of a rib.

The remaining material was unidentified and included three pieces of diaphysis and a small rib fragment.

6.5 The Roman timber well - waterlogged Wood Analysis Report

By Michael Bamforth BSc MA MCIfA⁸

Introduction

This report has been compiled by Michael Bamforth on behalf of Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT) and aims to analyse the waterlogged wood assemblage in line with Historic England guidelines for the treatment of waterlogged wood (Bunning and Watson 2010). The wood was recovered during archaeological excavations carried out by CAT under site code ESR20 at Lanswood Park, Elmstead Market, Essex and was recorded off site by Michael Bamforth in April 2022.

This report considers five wood records relating to elements of a box-framed well assigned to the Romano-British period, dating from the 2nd to 3rd Century AD and lining feature F255. Photographs of the well *in-situ* show a square box-frame c0.6 m to a side on the inside with three courses each around 200 mm high present when excavated and several corner stakes present outside the box-frame (Photograph 13). The boards recovered for recording were within the backfill and are believed to have formed a collapsed fourth course. In-situ photographs show that the corners were jointed with overlapping half-lap joints with a small diagonal brace used to secure the corner of at least one course of the box-frame (Photograph 14). All the material was situated in waterlogged deposits which created the anaerobic conditions necessary for organic preservation. A catalogue of the assemblage is included as Appendix 5 (at the end of the main report).

Methodology

This document has been produced in accordance with Historic England guidelines for the treatment of waterlogged wood (Bunning and Watson 2010). Each discrete item was recorded individually and the data entered into Excel. The system of categorisation and interrogation developed by Taylor (1998; 2001) has been adopted within this report. Identifications were carried out by the author. Items were identified as oak (*Quercus* sp.) based on macroscopically visible characteristics. 193 was identified as hazel (cf. *Corylus* sp.) and was thin-sectioned to produce slides of the transverse, radial longitudinal and transverse longitudinal sections (cf. Gale and Cutler 2000) which were viewed under a transmitted light microscope at x40 and x100 magnification. Identifications follow anatomical guides (Schoch et al. 2004; Wheeler et al. 1989) and modern reference material.

⁸ Report date and reference: June 2022: 2022_260_WFRv1



Photograph 13 Box-framed, timber well lining *in-situ*, image provided by CAT.



Photograph 14 Details of corner joints of box frame, image provided by CAT.

Condition of Material

The condition scale developed by the Humber Wetlands Project will be used throughout this report (Table 38). The condition scale is based primarily on the clarity of surface data. Material is allocated a score dependent on the types of analyses that can be carried out, given the state of preservation. The condition score reflects the possibility of a given type of analysis but does not consider the suitability of the item for a given process.

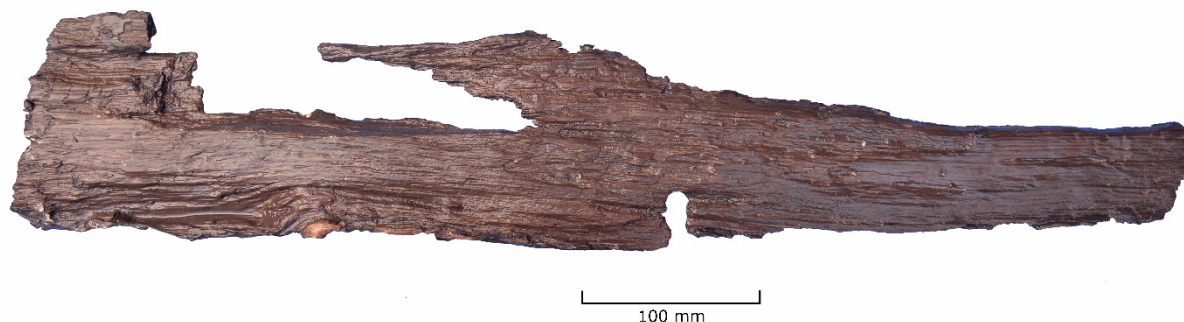
Condition score	Museum conservation	Technology analysis	Woodland management	Dendro-chronology	Taxonomic identification
5	excellent	yes	yes	yes	yes
4	good	no	yes	yes	yes
3	moderate	no	yes / no	yes	yes
2	poor	no	yes / no	yes / no	yes
1	very poor	no	no	no	yes / no
0	non-viable	no	no	no	no

Table 38 Condition scoring system (After Van de Noort et. al. 1995: Table 15.1)

If preservation varies within a discrete item, the section that is best preserved is considered when assigning the item a condition score. Items that were set vertically in the ground often display relatively better preservation lower down and relatively poorer preservation higher up. That is the case here with the lower courses of the box-frame and the worked tips of the stake displaying the best preservation whilst the upper courses and the tops of the stakes have degraded away where they pass through the preservation horizon for waterlogged wood. The boundary for meaningful analysis is a 3 / moderate with the material recovered for recording straddling this boundary scoring between a 2 / poor to a 4 / good.

Results

The material recovered from the well consists of four oak, timber boards used to construct the box-frame and a single driven, roundwood, corner stake. No examples of the corner bracing evident in the in-situ photographs were recovered for detailed recording. No primary waste such as woodchips, indicating woodworking taking place in-situ, were noted or recovered.



Photograph 15 Photograph of board 192 with possible nail hole



Photograph 16 Photograph of corner stake 193

The four partially complete oak boards (184a, 184b, 185 and 192) are all formed of radially cleft heartwood and varied in length from 521-776 mm, from 128-158 mm wide and from 15-34 mm thick. They are formed of moderate to good quality timber that is all knot free and varies from straight to slightly irregularly grained. The boards are cleft from parent logs with original diameters ranging from >260 to >320 mm with growth rates varying from slow (c2 mm) to fast (c10 mm). The boards submitted for detailed recording were part of a collapsed fourth course and were in poor to moderate condition with degraded surfaces showing the longitudinal troughs indicative of probable wet rot. Although the ends of the boards were probably originally joined with halving laps, as shown by the lower in-situ courses, no tool faceting survived and although parts of the ends had been cross cut, they were predominantly degraded and broken. Board 192 had a probable nail hole present (Photo 15).

The roundwood, hazel stake 193 had been trimmed at the proximal end to a point from all directions with an axe to facilitate driving (Photograph 16). It measures 890 x 75 x 55 mm. Some bark was present whilst light faceting describes other sections of bark being deliberately trimmed away. The tool facets were flat and clean measuring a maximum of 75 mm long and 50 mm wide.

Discussion

Material is classed as timber if it is derived from a parent log with a diameter in excess of 150 mm, and that is certainly the case for all the boards, which were cleft from the trunks of moderate sized trees that the lack of side branches suggests were growing in a relatively dense woodland environment. Oak is a common tree that can grow to a large size and produces a strong, readily worked wood that has been the most common choice for wooden structures and many portable artefacts from later prehistory through into the historic period and beyond (Gale and Cutler 2000). Oak is more durable than most woods in wet environments and as such is a common choice for well linings and water fronts (Gale and Cutler 2000, Milne 1992; Wilmott 1982).

None of the oak had the 50 or more growth rings generally required to attempt dating via

dendrochronology. Although several were a borderline case with >40 rings, the complete lack of sapwood means that no felling date could be estimated even if sub-optimal material had cross-matched.

Hazel stake 193 is classed as roundwood – material less than 150 mm in diameter often derived from understory growth, woodland margins, hedgerows or coppice. Hazel is a frequent understory tree in mixed deciduous woodland and although it coppices well, the knotty nature of the wood and the slight curve to the grain suggest this is probably a branch from a larger tree or perhaps the trunk of a smaller tree growing in a relatively open environment.

The wood working is basic and typical of the period. The planks would have been split into shape before being trimmed and shaped and the joints cut with an axe and perhaps a chisel. It seems likely that each course of the box-frame was prefabricated before being placed in the feature, with the corner stakes used to retain them in place during the construction process.

Romano-British wood lined wells are well represented in Britain and come in a wide variety of forms. These range from very basic, ad-hoc linings, through light wattle linings (Williams and Reid 2008), box-frames (Wilmott 1982), reused casks and barrels used individually or staked one atop another (Wilmott 1982) up to very heavy, robust, timber lined examples such as the heavily jointed and braced example excavated at Skeldergate, York (Carver et al. 1978). With the exception of the wattle linings, these are almost always constructed from oak. Direct parallels for the kind of relatively small, coursed, box-frame considered herein are not uncommon. Several examples were excavated at Queen Street, London, where halving laps and small corner braces similar to those considered herein were both used, alongside other corner jointing methods with this type of lining being used for wells which reached several metres in depth (Wilmott 1982). A similar example dating to the mid-2nd to 3rd Century was excavated in Colchester (Brooks and Crummy 1984: 182). Believed to have originally been six courses deep, the box frame was constructed of oak boards with one corner post surviving. The corners were lapped but not braced (Crummy 1981: Fig 170).

No function is evidenced for the probable nail hole in board 192 which may indicate re-use of this item from a previous context. Perhaps this board, and indeed the others, may have originated as weatherboarding on the outside of a timber framed building.

Conclusion

This type of small, coursed, box-framed well is well represented amongst the wider assemblage of Romano-British wood lined features. The woodworking is basic but functional and the design well executed. The use of moderate to good quality cleft oak boards is very much the norm and the material was probably relatively locally sourced.

Archiving and discard

Although the lower courses were in better condition, the boards recovered are degraded, fragmented and incomplete and as such do not warrant conservation. Although the stake is in somewhat better condition, the woodworking is very basic and does not warrant conservation. As such it is suggested that the wood is discarded and that this analysis report and the site records form the physical archive.

6.6 Plant macrofossils and other remains

By Val Fryer Environmental Archaeologist, July 2022

Introduction and method statement

Samples for the retrieval of the plant macrofossil assemblages were taken from across the site, and twenty eight were submitted for assessment. The samples were bulk floated by CAT and the flots were collected in a 300 micron mesh sieve. The dried flots were scanned under a binocular microscope at magnifications up to x 16 and the plant macrofossils and other remains noted are listed in Table 39. Nomenclature within the tables follows Stace (2010). Most plant remains shown within the tables are charred. However, waterlogged macrofossils were also recorded and these are denoted by a lower case 'w' suffix. Modern contaminants including roots, seeds, thorns and arthropod remains were also present, but are not shown in the tables.

Results

Cereals, chaff, seeds and fruit stones/nutshells are recorded at a low to moderate density with only fourteen of the assemblages studied. Preservation of the charred remains is generally poor, although the acorn (*Quercus* sp.) fragments noted within Early Iron Age pit and post hole F64 and F76 are reasonably robust. The waterlogged plant remains are more robust although the assemblages from samples 33, 34 and 35 (from Roman well F255) all contain moderate to high levels of a buff/tan coloured spongy material, some or all of which may be derived from rotted root matter.

Cereals and chaff are generally very scarce, although sample 2 from medieval ditch F43 does contain a moderate density of charred oats (*Avena* sp.). The same assemblage also contains a high density of indeterminate large grass (Poaceae) fruits which may also be oats, but preservation is too poor to be certain. Charred barley (*Hordeum* sp.) and wheat (*Triticum* sp.) grains are also recorded along with a very small number of spelt wheat (*T. spelta*) glume bases. A single possible pea (*Pisum sativum*) seed is noted within the assemblages from Roman pit F256 (sample 31).

Seeds of dry-land herbs are exceedingly scarce, occurring as single specimens within only eight of the assemblages studied. All are of common segetal/ruderal weeds and grassland herbs, with taxa noted including orache (*Atriplex* sp.), thistle (*Cirsium* sp.), hemlock (*Conium maculatum*), small legumes (Fabaceae), black bindweed (*Fallopia convolvulus*), hen-bane (*Hyoscyamus niger*), nipplewort (*Lapsana communis*), mallow (*Malva* sp.), persicaria (*Persicaria maculosa/lapathifolia*), buttercups (*Ranunculus* sp.), wild radish (*Raphanus raphanistrum*), dock (*Rumex* sp.) and stinging nettles (*Urtica dioica*). Wetland plants include sedge (*Carex* sp.) and bur-reed (*Sparganium erectum*). Along with the acorns mentioned above, tree/shrub macrofossils include fragments of hazel (*Corylus avellana*) nutshell, bullace/damson (*Prunus domestica* ssp. *insititia*) and sloe (*P. spinosa*) fruit stones, bramble (*Rubus* sect *Glandulosus*) 'pips' and elderberry (*Sambucus nigra*) seeds.

Comminuted charcoal/charred wood fragments are present throughout. The assemblage from undated pit F119 (sample 13) contains a particularly high density of material (circa 1.5 litres in volume), much of which is flaked, possibly suggesting very high temperature combustion. Indeed, in some pieces, the larger pores appear to have exploded, fracturing the surrounding wood. In contrast, the charcoal from Roman pit F256 is rounded and abraded, possibly suggesting that it was exposed to the elements for some time prior to incorporation within the pit fill. Other plant macrofossils are mostly scarce, although all three assemblages from Late Iron Age/Early Roman cremation deposit F110 (samples 10, 11 and 12) contain moderate to high densities of charred root, rhizome or tuber fragments. The waterlogged assemblages from Roman well F255 include indeterminate buds, prickles and twig fragments along with small pieces of wood. It is assumed that the latter are derived from wooden lining of the well.

Other remains are mostly scarce, although the well assemblages all contain waterlogged arthropod remains. The small pieces of black porous material are all probably derived from the high temperature combustion of organic remains, possibly including cereal grains. Small pieces of burnt/calced bone are recorded from Early Iron Age pit F76 (sample 6), Roman pit F256 and un-dated cremation F80 (samples 7 and 8).

Conclusions and recommendations for further work

In summary, the assemblages are mostly small (i.e. <0.1 litres in volume) and very limited in composition. However, the following points may be of significance to the overall interpretation of the site:

Early Iron pit F64 and post-hole F76 both contain charred acorns. Acorns were gathered for animal fodder (particularly for pigs), but were also part of the human diet from the prehistoric through to the medieval periods. Large acorns of the common or British oak (*Quercus robur*) are naturally bitter due to high levels of tannin, and large quantities eaten raw can be poisonous. However, once prepared, they are very nutritious. The fruit would be soaked and roasted to reduce the toxicity, and it is thought that the acorns from Elmstead may have been accidentally charred during this preparation process.

The three assemblages from Late Iron Age/Early Roman cremation F110 are unusual in that all contain moderate to high densities of indeterminate charred root, rhizome or tuber fragments. It is currently unclear whether these are derived from plants burnt *in situ* beneath the pyre, from plant materials gathered as tinder or kindling to light the pyre or from specific plants placed within the pyre alongside the body of the deceased.

The charred cereals and chaff within the Roman deposits are all probably derived from scattered or wind dispersed domestic/agricultural refuse. However, the paucity of material may suggest that the features were entirely peripheral to any particular focus of activity.

The paucity of material from Roman well F255 is puzzling, as such features often contain high densities of material derived from the surrounding flora. The timbers within the well were very well-preserved in the waterlogged conditions, so it would appear that preservation of the material is not an issue. Why then are seeds so scarce? As mentioned above, the assemblages from samples 33, 34 and 35 are all dominated by quantities of what appears to be rotted material (possibly roots). Could these indicate that the well soon became choked and unusable, and was filled in soon after construction? Or is it possible that the well was capped or covered in some way? The few seeds which are recorded from the well would appear to indicate that it was situated within an area of poorly maintained waste ground, with colonising weeds and shrubs and possible accumulations of animal manure.

As the assemblage from medieval ditch F43 contains a high density of oats and large grass fruits, it is possible that the remains may be derived from burnt fodder or stable waste. However, oats were also roasted for human consumption (groats), and as only one medieval assemblage is available for study, it is not possible to be more specific.

As none of the assemblages contain a sufficient density of material for quantification (i.e. 100+ specimens), no further analysis is recommended. However, a summary of this assessment should be included within any synthesis of data from the site.

Sample no	30	14	1	4	9	31	23	24	27	28	33	34	35	36	2	13	7	8
Context no	L6	L6	F42	F55	F97	F256	F176	F176	F203	F203	F255	F255	F255	F255	F43	F119	F80	F80
Context type	Layer	Layer	Ditch	Ditch	Pit	Pit	Crem ₉	Crem ₁₀	Crem ₁₁	Crem ₁₂	Well	Well	Well	Well	Ditch	Pit	crem	crem
Date	E.ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	ROM	MED	u/d	u/d	u/d
Cereals and other potential crop plants																		
<i>Avena</i> sp. (grains)				x											xxx			
<i>Hordeum</i> sp. (grains)	x	x																
<i>Triticum</i> sp. (grains) (rachis node frag)	x	x		xfg														
<i>T. spelta</i> L. (glume bases)	x			x														
Cereal indet. (grains)	x	x		x	xfg													
<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.						xcf												
Dry land herbs																		
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.		xxw																
<i>Cirsium</i> sp.														xw				
<i>Conium maculatum</i> L.												xw						
Small Fabaceae indet.															x			
<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i> (L.) A. Love															x			
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i> L.		xw																
<i>Galeopsis</i> sp.														xw				
<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i> L.													xw	xw				
<i>Lamium</i> sp.											xcfw		xw	xw				
<i>Lapsana communis</i> L.													xw	xw				
<i>Persicaria maculosa/lapathifolia</i>	x																	
Large Poaceae indet.															xxx			
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> L.												xw						
<i>Potentilla</i> sp.												xcfw		xw				
<i>Ranunculus</i> sp.														xfgw				

⁹ Upper fill

¹⁰ Lower fill

¹¹ Upper fill

¹² Lower fill

Sample no	30	14	1	4	9	31	23	24	27	28	33	34	35	36	2	13	7	8
Context no	L6	L6	F42	F55	F97	F256	F176	F176	F203	F203	F255	F255	F255	F255	F43	F119	F80	F80
<i>R. acris/repens/bulbosus</i>												xw						
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> L. (siliqua frags)															xfg			
<i>Rumex</i> sp.												xw						
<i>Urtica dioica</i> L.														xw				
<i>Viola</i> sp.		xw																
Wetland plants																		
<i>Carex</i> sp.													xw					
<i>Juncus</i> sp.												xw						
<i>Sparganium erectum</i> L.						x												
Tree/shrub macrofossils																		
<i>Coryllus avellana</i> L.									x							xcf		
<i>Prunus</i> sp. (fruit stone frags)														xw				
<i>P. domestica</i> ssp. (L.) Bonnier & Layens						x												
<i>P. spinosa</i> L.									x				xw	xw				
<i>Rubus</i> sect. <i>Glandulosus</i> Wimmer & Grab												xw	xw	xw				
<i>Sambucus nigra</i> L.												xw	xw	xw	xw			
Other plant macrofossils																		
Charcoal <2mm	xx	x	xxxx	xx	x	x		xxx	x	x					xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xx
Charcoal >2mm	xx	x	xxx	xxx	xx	xxx			x	x		x	x	x	xxxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx
Charcoal >5mm	xx	x	xx	xx		xxx	x	xxx	xx						xxx	xxxx	xxx	xxx
Charcoal >10mm	x	x	x	x	x	xx	x	xx	xx	x	x				xx	xxxx	x	x
Charcoal >40mm																xx		
Charred root/stem	x						x	x	x						x			
Waterlogged root/stem		xxx			x						xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx				
Twisted plant fibre												xw		xw				
Indet. bark														xw				

Sample no	30	14	1	4	9	31	23	24	27	28	33	34	35	36	2	13	7	8
Context no	L6	L6	F42	F55	F97	F256	F176	F176	F203	F203	F255	F255	F255	F255	F43	F119	F80	F80
Indet. buds													xw	xw				
Indet. frags fruitstone/nutshell						xfg			x	x		xw		xw	x			
Indet. leaf scars													xw	xw				
Indet. moss		xw												xw				
Indet. prickle														xw				
Indet. seeds				x									xw		x			
Indet. twig frags														xxw				
Wood frags. <10mm											xxw	xxw	xxxw	xxxw				
Wood frags. >10mm												xxw	xxw	xxw				
Other remains																		
Black porous material		x	x	x	x	x		x	x				x		x		xx	x
Bone						xb											xb	xb
Cledoceran ehippia													xw					
Small coal frags				x											x			
Waterlogged arthropod remains		x									xx	x	xxx	xx				
Mollusc shells																		
<i>Trichia striolata</i>	xcffg																	
<i>Vallonia cf excentrica</i>																		x
<i>V. cf pulchella</i>				x														
<i>Trichia hispida</i> group				x														
sample volume (litres)	50	40	40	40	20	50	20	30	20	20	50	50	50	50	40	90	10	10
Volume of flot (l)	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.3	0.1	<0.1	0.3	0.2	1.5	<0.1	<0.1
% of flot sorted	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	25%	100%	100%	50%	50%	10%	100%	100%

Table 39 plant macrofossils and other remains ¹³

Key to Tables

x = 1 – 10 specimens xx = 11 – 50 specimens xxx = 51 – 100 specimens xxxx = 100+ specimens

cf = compare fg = fragment b = burnt w = waterlogged

E/M/LBA = Early/Middle/Late Bronze Age EIA = Early Iron Age LIA/ER = Late Iron Age/Early Roman ROM = Roman MED = medieval U/D = undated

6.7 Flints

By Adam Wightman and Howard Brooks ¹⁴

General comments (HB)

This is a group of sixty-six flints (5 from evaluation stage and sixty-one from the excavation). Quite a large proportion of the flints (45, or 68% of the total) are from features dated as Bronze Age or prehistoric in general. Two of these (F126 and F127) are certainly or very probably of Middle Bronze Age date. There is therefore a reasonable chance (at least in those two cases) that the flints are actually contemporary with the contexts in which they were found. The remaining twenty-one flints (32% of the group) were residual in Roman or later contexts. The cortex on the pieces in the assemblage appears to be water-worn.

Comment on dating (HB)

As noted below by Adam, the largest group (F126) is likely to be Late Neolithic-Bronze Age in date. This dating may be extended to the whole assemblage, with the exception of the following pieces. The two microliths (F131, F262), which are possibly Mesolithic. The axe thinning flake (F112) is probably Neolithic. Two flakes (FR112, and u/s) are probably Early Neolithic.

F126 - Middle Bronze Age pit

Large assemblage 33 worked flints from F126 and 1 ?hammer stone

Only five of the 33 worked flints exhibit evidence of edge modification (retouch). One of the scrapers was badly burnt causing damage to the edges of the piece. The other two were retouched on the distal end and one of the lateral edges and are classed as end scrapers. All three scrapers have been made using hard-hammer flakes. In addition, one retouched flake and one small flake with a retouched notch.

One fragment of a small flake core. Assemblage dominated by flakes (27/33). A few of the flakes are thick, irregular and broken and are waste pieces from the early knapping stages. Other smaller flakes are probably debitage from the knapping process and are unlikely to have been considered for use. Of the larger flakes, seven exhibited evidence of use-wear or edge damage. As the assemblage is quite large and quite likely to have entered the pit together, it is probable that the flakes have been used rather than being damaged during any post-depositional processes. At least five of the flakes could be described as being short, thick and squat. However, at least seven are notably thin with very small striking platforms and it is possible that some of these may have been detached using a soft hammer. There is little conclusive evidence for the preparation of the striking platform prior to the detachment of the flake in the assemblage. A large number of the flakes have breaks, many of which are likely to have occurred during the knapping process. Very little cortex present on the worked flints from the context and most flakes retained evidence of multiple previous flake removals on their dorsal surface. This suggests that the flakes derive from the later stages of the knapping process and that the pit does not contain the full spectrum of flakes/debitage from the knapping process. The raw material however is very consistent throughout the assemblage (mostly dark grey flint with some mottled grey and few light grey or grey/brown).

Three of the flakes have exposed to a high heat and are cracked and crazed. Along with the more heavily burnt scraper, this suggests that at least part of the assemblage was exposed to fire prior to being discarded in the pit.

All four of the retouched pieces are hard-hammer flakes, but none are typologically diagnostic. However, some indicative characteristics of the flake assemblage - size & thickness, low incidence of soft-hammer and platform preparation, absence of any unmodified blades - all suggests assemblage is likely to be Late Neolithic-Bronze Age in date.

¹⁴ Catalogue, and text on F126-7 by Adam, other text by HB.

F127 - prehistoric pit, probably MBA

Three fragments of flake cores and eight unretouched flakes. The three core fragments all retain some cortex and either broke off of the core during the reduction process or indicate that the knapping was being done on small flint nodules.

Apart from one mottled grey flint, and one with a mottled grey surface, all are consistently a dark grey flint. Two show multiple previous flakes removed from the dorsal surface.

Other prehistoric features (HB)

F262

Possible microlith in creamy white (or heavily patinated) flint. MESOLITHIC

Roman features (HB)

F131

Microlith in dark grey flint. Relatively long and thin blade with retouch on both sides.

F255

Tertiary flake, mottled grey.

Undated features (HB)

F247

Small tertiary mottled grey flake.

context	finds No.	artefact type	cortex %	hard or soft hammer	retouch and comments
F126	83	end scraper	5	hard	abrupt retouch at distal end and some semi-abrupt retouch on lateral edges
	84	end scraper	10	hard	rough end scraper on a large flake, not neat retouch and not very long length
		retouched flake	0	hard	beautifully shaped oval flake with minimal retouch (could be a scraper, but very minimal semi-abrupt retouch), removed from a prepared core?
		waste flake	0	hard	long waste piece, blade-like in shape, but likely a long waste flake
		flake	0	?hard	
		flakes (2)	2	hard	
		flake	0	hard	Short, squat flake, possibly a retouched notch, but as removals from platform they could have resulted from previous removals
		flake	0	hard	nice flake
		flake	0	hard	thin, sharp, flake
		flake	0	hard	really nice flake, could be rough retouch, but probably not
		flake	0	?hard	nice thin flake
		flake	60	hard	short, thick flake
		flake	65	?soft	long flake
		flake	0	?hard	thin, scruffy flake
		flake	0	hard	
		retouched notch	0	hard	short, squat flake
		flake	0	?soft	small, sharp flake
		flake	0	hard	short, squat thick flake
		flake	0	hard	
		waste flake	0		
		flake	0		
		flake	5	hard	short, squat flake
		flake	35	hard	thick flake from early in core reduction process
		flake	0	soft	very thin flake

context	finds No.	artefact type	cortex %	hard or soft hammer	retouch and comments
		waste flake	0	hard	thick, rough waste flake
		flake	0		small, thin flake
		flake	40	hard	
		flake	30		
		flake	0		
		scraper	0		long scraper, retouch on right lateral edge round to distal, possible retouch on LL but could be damaged due to burning
		flake	65	hard	really thick, squat flake
		core fragment	0		small rectangular core fragment (broken on one side) with small hard hammer flakes removed and numerous miss-hits
	85	?hammer stone			area of damage on one edge from possible use as a hammer stone
F127	88	?core fragment	0	hard	
		core fragment	10	hard	
		core fragment	15	hard	
		flake	25	hard	Medium-sized flake, thick at distal end
		flake	0	hard	small, thick flake
		flake	0	hard	small, thin, evidence of damage (miss-hits?) to core prior to removal
		flake	0	hard	small, short, squat, flake
		flake	0	hard	small flake
		flake	0	?hard	small, thin, sharp flake
		flake	0	hard	small, sharp ?waste flake (debitage)
		flake	0	?soft	small, sharp ?waste flake (debitage)
F131	[15]	microlith	0		relatively long, thin blade retouched on both lateral edges & distal end
F242	166	flake	0	hard	small flake
F255	188	?flake	0		possible flake with damaged edges- could be natural
F262	180	?microlith	0		possible microlith, either a white/cream flint or heavily patinated
F012	9	flake	0	hard	small hard hammer flake with one edge exhibiting evidence of use.
F025 sx2	[1]	flake	5	hard	nice flake with lots of damage to edges (not uniform enough to be retouch)
F028	19	flake	0	hard	small flake with abrupt retouch at distal end and two small retouched notches on the right lateral
F053	32	flake	0		small tertiary flake- not necessarily humanly created
U/S T88	49	flake	0	soft	very small, neat soft hammer flake (outside chance could have been a blade)
F078 sx3	20	retouched flake	0	hard	large flake with small retouched notch on right lateral edge
F084	[4]	waste piece	0		small ?waste piece, no percussion characteristics
		retouched flake	0	hard	flake with a shallow retouched notch on one edge on the ventral face
F085	[5]	waste piece	0		distal end (with a plunge fracture) of a small waste piece
F092	35	flake	15		plain secondary flake
F098 sx2	51	waste piece	0	hard	Small, thick waste fragment, could be a piece of a broken core
F098 sx3	79	?scraper (flake)	2	hard	broken flake with abrupt retouch removals on the break possibly to form a scraper
F104	59	flake	0	hard	thin, sharp, heavily patinated flake
F112	70	?axe-thinning flake	0	soft	very small, thin, sharp flake, probably an axe-thinning flake
F114	133	flake	45	hard	broken flake from early in the knapping sequence

context	finds No.	artefact type	cortex %	hard or soft hammer	retouch and comments
sx1					
F119	87	flake	20	hard	thick flake, sharp edges, from early in reduction sequence
F125	94	flake	10	?hard	very small, thin flake, like an axe thinning flake, but with thicker platform, waste flake from core reduction most likely

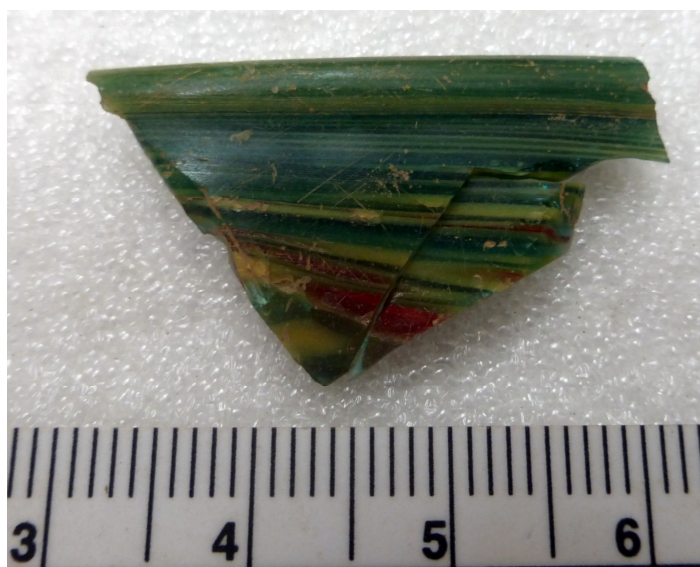
Table 40: worked flints from evaluation (italics) and excavation stages

6.8 Miscellaneous finds (Fig 26)

by Laura Pooley

A total of 101 pieces of heat-altered (burnt) flint at 1,558.8g were recovered from ten features. Six contexts produced only 1-3 pieces, but more significant concentrations were recovered from Middle Bronze Age pits F126 and F127, Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pit F190 and Roman pit F246. The flints were generally small- to medium-sized, irregular pieces which had been cracked and crazed from the heat and discoloured various shades of white, grey, pink and red.

Two small fragments of Roman period glass came from the site. The first was a fragment of polychrome glass with rounded rim from Roman pit F53 (Fig 26.3). Made of green glass, it had been decorated with trails of opaque yellow and red glass. The second fragment, from Roman pit F230, was part of a pale green ribbon handle.



Photograph 17 Polychrome Roman glass fragment from F53

Other finds from Roman contexts included three small fragments of daub and a piece of sandstone from post-hole F76, and a fragment of metalworking debris from ditch F239.

Two fragments of post-medieval clay pipe stem came from ditches F30 and F43.

Context	Finds no.	Description
F3	1	Burnt flint: Three small- to medium-sized pieces, cracked and crazed, burnt grey, 34.4g.
F11	2	Burnt flint: Two small pieces, cracked and crazed, burnt pinkish-red, 2.7g.
F30	5	Clay tobacco pipe: Stem fragment, 1.5g, post-medieval. Discarded.
F32 sx1	20	Burnt flint: One small piece, cracked and crazed, burnt grey, 4.6g.

Context	Finds no.	Description
F43	<2>	Clay tobacco pipe: Stem fragment, 3.6g, post-medieval. Discarded.
F53	19	Glass: Fragment of Roman polychrome glass with rounded rim, green with trails of opaque yellow and red, 2.3g.
F64	31	Burnt flint: Two small pieces, cracked and crazed, one burnt pink, the other white and grey, 6.8g.
F76	37	Baked clay: Three fragments of daub, two joining with two wattle voids, 68.6g. Unworked stone: Very degraded fragment of sandstone, recorded as packing in the post-hole, 315.2g.
F87	42	Burnt flint: One medium-sized piece, cracked and crazed, burnt grey, 23.0g
F126	83	Burnt flint: One medium-sized piece, cracked and crazed, burnt grey, 18.4g.
	84	Burnt flint: Twenty-four small- to medium-sized pieces, cracked and crazed, most burnt shades of white and grey, some a pinkish-red, 368.2g.
F127	88	Burnt flint: Nine medium-sized fragments, cracked and crazed, burnt shades of white and grey, 251.7g.
F190	131	Burnt flint: Thirteen medium-sized fragments, cracked and crazed, burnt various shades of white, grey, dark grey, pink and red, 337.6g.
F221	152	Burnt flint: One medium-sized piece, cracked and crazed, burnt white and grey, 29.1g.
F230	154	Glass: Fragment of glass from a pale green ribbon handle, 4.8g, Roman.
F239	159	Metalworking debris: Fragment, 384.8g.
F246	167	Burnt flint: Forty-four small- to medium-sized pieces, cracked and crazed, most burnt shades of white and grey, some a pinkish-grey, 482.3g.

Table 41 Miscellaneous finds listed by context

7 Discussion

The Tendring Peninsula is rich in archaeological cropmark sites. When excavated (for instance, at Ardleigh (Brown 1999) and Brightlingsea (Baister 2017)) these cropmark sites generally reveal multi-period occupation centred on the prehistoric and Romano-British periods. The current site conforms to this pattern.

Prehistory (Figs 6, 11)

As is often the case with large rural sites, the earliest evidence for activity is a scattering of Mesolithic and Neolithic flints. These were not found in contemporary cuts, but were residual in later contexts. They represent transient use, but not occupation of the site in those periods.

The earliest cut feature was a pit on the higher ground, on the northern edge of the excavated area. This contained 3.9kg of Middle Bronze Age (Period 1a) pottery and a significant group of struck flints (33) and 360g of burnt flints. Two other adjacent prehistoric pits may have been part of the same small group. In the absence of any other features of this period, a ceremonial rather than a domestic function can be suggested.

The next dated activity (Period 1b), by contrast, was on the lower ground near to Tenpenny Brook. Here was a group of fifty-one features arranged fairly convincingly in three oval arrangements, two of them overlapping. Nineteen of these features were well dated, ceramically, to the Late Bronze Age (or LBA-Early Iron Age). When faced with arrangements of what we call post holes, the question is whether they were originally part of an above-ground structure. In this case, the answer is no, because structural earth-fast posts would probably be roughly of the same depths, whereas these are of widely different depths. Instead of an uprooted post setting, we may regard these as a series of cuts, roughly half of which contained deposits of LBA pottery¹⁵. Why they were in oval settings is unclear, except to point out that the settings mirror very closely the size and shape of the adjacent ring-ditch. The ring-ditch itself is not dated. Nor is the cremation burial enclosed by the ring-ditch (and containing the remains of

¹⁵ they may, of course, have contained organic remains which have not survived.

an adult buried with a copper object surviving only as a bone stain). However, based on similarity of layout and size with the adjacent LBA-dated pit groups, and the complete absence of any features dated otherwise than to the LBA with 200m of this spot, means it is not an unreasonable inference that the ring-ditch and the cremation are also LBA. Again, in the absence of any features not associated with the ring-ditch or the pit groups, a ceremonial function for the features may be suggested.

Late Iron Age and Roman (Figs 12-16)

There were roughly the same number of archaeological features dated to the prehistoric period (above) as there were to the late Iron Age and Roman periods. The difference is that the prehistoric features were entirely ceremonial, and the Roman features were mostly field- and trackway-ditches. However, in an apparent continuity of the ceremonial nature of previous periods (in terms of ring-ditch and arrangements of cuts), the earliest Late Iron Age/Roman period features were burial-related. Two cremation burials were the only features within a suggested Late Iron Age or early Roman enclosure (Phase 2a) defined by two ditches which were the western and northern ditches on an enclosure lying partially off site. A possible third burial is indicated by the deposit of three near complete vessels in a ditch at the northern edge of the site.

Then the change comes in the 2nd century with the Phase 2b layout of a major enclosure and an associated field approached by trackways. This appears to have been an agricultural field system. A mixed economy is indicated by the quern fragments, implying cereal processing, and the enclosures and trackways, indicating movement of stock across a farmed landscape. Putting more detail on this picture is difficult because (as is often the case in Essex), environmental samples were not particularly informative, and animal bone survival was minimal.

Some detail of internal arrangements can be established. First, the wooden well was presumably to provide water for animals rather than humans. Second, although there are no arrangements of post holes or other features which can be interpreted as buildings, one of the well timbers had a nail hole, showing it was reused. This must mean there was at least one nailed wooden structure on site, perhaps a fence or part of an animal pen. Third, a small quantity of slag shows that some metal working took place. Although none were found, a quantity of baked clay may indicate the presence of fired clay structures such as ovens and hearths, which have not survived.

If we are confident in our interpretation that the excavated site was part of a farmed estate, with evidence for both arable (querns) and pasture (droveways and field boundaries), then how do we explain the large volume of Roman pottery (55 kg)? It must surely be the case that a Roman-period site lies immediately east of the excavated area. This site may be construed as the source of all the pottery, which can be described as domestic waste tipped into convenient holes and ditches. Despite there being no Roman coins from this site, there are two factors indicating a level of wealth. First, there was a group of imported table wares (samian ware and colour-coats) and amphoras, plus a small fragment from what was probably a larger group of Roman glass. These show at least a middle class Roman veneer. But most importantly, the 53kg of Roman brick and tile. This included flue-tile from a hypocaust, and roof tile. Unquestionably, this is evidence for at least a single structure with a hypocaust and a tiled roof, or perhaps several structures grouped in a *villa*-type establishment.

It may be concluded that the excavated site was a farmyard belonging to an adjacent and substantial Roman structure. No *villa*-type structure is known in Elmstead, so this may be counted as a new discovery. In terms of dating, the *villa*-type structure must be early in this site's sequence, perhaps in our Period 2a. This accords with Matthew Loughton's pottery dating, which emphasises a period from early Roman to circa AD 110, then a later period. The fact that pieces of brick and tile were found in Period 2 ditches can be taken to mean that the building was originally constructed in Period 2a, and was demolished or at least remodelled during Period 2b, the later period of activity at the farm.

Local cropmarks (Fig 16a)

The context of the site is worth some comment. There is a large group of cropmarks east of Elmstead Market. Those which coincided with the excavated site include both LIA-Roman and also post-medieval ditches. Particularly striking is a long, double-ditched droveway or trackway running some 600m NW towards the centre of Elmstead. This was excavated on site as Droveway 2, where it is firmly dated as Roman. Where long droveways are concerned, there's always the question - *is this a Roman road?* In the case of Droveway 2, this is extremely unlikely, as it came to an abrupt halt on the excavated site. Previous evaluation at Blue Barn

Farm, to the east of the excavated site had revealed two medieval ditches, and it was speculated that these might have been an easterly continuation of the cropmark droveway (despite a 250m gap), thus dating the droveway as medieval (CAT Report 1094). Later evaluation on the western side of the same site failed to find any continuing ditches (CAT Report 1209). Therefore the speculation that the droveway was medieval can now be discounted.

The excavated enclosures align with Droveway 2, as do many of the cropmarks beyond the site. It may therefore be assumed that some of the Elmstead cropmarks are also Roman, although there are undoubtedly ditches of both medieval (Blue Barn evaluation) and post-medieval elements (the current site) among them.

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9 Acknowledgements

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10 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT	Colchester Archaeological Trust
CIfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
context	the specific location of finds on an excavation site
ECC	Essex County Council
ECCPS	Essex County Council Place Services
EH	Essex Historic Environment Record
feature (F)	an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'
layer (L)	distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material
LBA	Late Bronze Age
LIA	Late Iron Age, <i>circa</i> 150 BC to AD 43
MBA	Middle Bronze Age
medieval	period from AD 1066 to <i>circa</i> 1500
modern	period from <i>c</i> AD 1800 to the present
natural	geological deposit undisturbed by human activity
NGR	National Grid Reference
OASIS	Online Access to the Index of Archaeological Investigations, http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main
post-medieval	from <i>c</i> AD 1500 to <i>c</i> 1800
residual	something out of its original context, eg a Roman coin in a modern pit
Roman	the period from AD 43 to <i>c</i> AD 410
section	(abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature(s) or layer(s)
WSI	written scheme of investigation

11 Contents of Archive

Finds:

Eleven Museum boxes - pottery, CBM, small finds, glass, metallurgical debris

Paper record

One A4 document wallet containing:
The report (CAT Report 1575)
CAT written scheme of investigation
Original site record (section drawings)
Site digital photographic thumbnails and log

Digital record

The report (CAT Report 1575)
CAT written scheme of investigation
Site digital photographs, photographic thumbnails and log
Graphics
Site data
Survey data

12 Archive deposition

The archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex CO2 7GZ, but will presently be deposited at Colchester Museum under the code ESCR20 (finds and paperwork) and with the Archaeological Data Service (digital files).

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Distribution list:

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Essex Historic Environment Record, Essex County Council



Colchester Archaeological Trust

Roman Circus House,
Roman Circus Walk,
Colchester,
Essex, CO2 7GZ

tel.: 01206 501785

email: hb@catuk.org

Checked by: Laura Pooley

Date: 16/08/2022

Appendices

Appendix 1: Context list

Note: F1-F62 were assigned in the evaluation, and F63 and onwards in the excavation.

Updated 8 July 22.

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Finds and dating	Period	period no.
F001	35		Ditch	firm moist medium orange/brown sandy silt and 5% stone			Undated	
F002	28		Pit/post-hole	firm dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			Undated	
F003	28	1	Ditch/pit?	friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silty clay with tile flecks		(1) peg tile, burnt flint	post-medieval	3
F004	26		Natural gully	loose moist light yellow/orange silty sand			Post-glacial	
F005	25		Tree-throw	loose/soft light grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: gravel 30% stone 20%			Undated	
F006	25		Pit	soft dry light brown sandy silt, gravel 20% stone 10%			Undated	
F007	25	3	Quarry pit	friable moist medium orange/brown sandy silt, stone 50%		(3) flint	prehistoric or later	1
F008	25		Natural gully	soft moist medium grey/brown silty sand			Post-glacial	
F009	24		Pit/post-hole	firm dry light/medium brown sandy silt and 5% stone			Undated	
F010	24		Pit/post-hole	firm moist light/medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 20%			Undated	
F011	24	2	Pit/post-hole	firm dry light orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 10% stone 10%		(2) burnt flint	prehistoric?	1
F012	24		Pit/natural	friable medium/dark orange/brown silty sand			Undated/ post-glacial	
F013	23		Pit	soft dry very light grey silt and inclusions of: stone 3%			Undated	
F014	23		Pit	soft dry light grey/brown silt and 5% stone			Undated	

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
F015	24		Natural feature	friable moist medium orange/brown sandy silt			Post-glacial	
F016	22		Pit	firm dry light brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 5% stone 5%			Undated	
F017	22		Tree-throw	soft medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 5% stone 10%			Undated	
F018	22		Tree-throw	firm dry light grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 9%			Undated	
F019	16		Pit	soft medium orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%			Undated	
F020	19		This is one of two evaluation cuts (the other is F29) across the ring ditch (F79 in the excavation stage)	soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 50%			Undated but probably prehistoric	1
F021	15	4	Ditch (possibly the same as F32 & F47)	soft dry light grey sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 9%			prehistoric	1
F022	17		Ditch	firm dry light yellow/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F023	17		Pit/tree-throw	firm dry light yellow/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F024	14		Pit	soft moist medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			Undated	
F025	18		Natural feature	firm moist medium grey/brown sandy silt			Post-glacial	
F026	18		Ditch	firm moist medium grey/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F027	13b		Pit/ditch	friable dry medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F028	20		Quarry pit	friable moist medium yellow/brown sand		RT	Roman	2b
F029	19		Ditch north of ring-ditch	very soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 50%			Undated but probably prehistoric	1
F030	11	5	Field boundary ditch (same as F31 & F35)	firm moist dark grey/brown sandy silt		(5) clay pipe, Fabric 40	Post-medieval/modern	3
F031	12		Field boundary ditch (same as F30 & F35)	firm dry light/medium grey sandy silt and 9% stone			Post-med by continuation	3
F032	14	20	Ditch (possibly the same	soft moist light/medium orange/brown sandy silt and		GTW	LIA?	2a

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
			as F21 & F47)	inclusions of: gravel 10% stone 10%		(20) burnt flint,		
F033	14		Pit	loose/soft dry light yellow/grey silty sand and inclusions of: gravel 15% stone 20%			Undated	
F034	14		Pit	soft moist light yellow/brown silty sand			Undated	
F035	13a	6	Field boundary ditch (same as F30 & F31)	medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt		Fabric 40, 48d	Post-medieval: 19th-20th	3
F036	11	7	Ditch (same as F234: DITCH 2)	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt		DJ	Roman?	2b
F037	12	8	Ditch (same as F39 & F208)	soft dry light yellow/grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 10%		GTW, DJ	Roman. This group is earlier than other pots from this context, whose group date is 2nd-3rd	2b
F038	12		Tree-throw	Soft dry light grey sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 7%			Undated	
F039	11	9	Ditch (same as F37 & F208: DITCH 1)	friable/firm dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt		large group	Roman: 180-275	2b
F040	19		Pit	soft/friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 50%			Undated	
F041	11	10	Ditch (same as F210: DITCH 12)	soft light grey/brown sand			Roman by assoc	2b
F042	9	11	Ditch (same as F205: DITCH 11)	friable dry medium grey/brown silty sand with charcoal flecks		SF 11 : cua fragments prob Roman	Roman by assoc	2b
F043	20	12-13	Ditch/pit	very friable moist medium grey/brown silty sand with charcoal flecks, daub flecks		residual fabric 13, <2>clay pipe	Post-medieval	3
F044	9	14, 117-8, 125, 177	Depression around well F255	friable hard dry light orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 30%		Pottery: large group, RBT, RI, RFT SF13 (117/125) Solid Iron bar in two fragments, 843g. NEEDS XRAY	Roman: 225-300	2b
F045	7	15	Ditch (same as F55 and F87: DITCH 10)	firm dry medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks		Large group pot: mostly 2nd - 3rd (earlier material is prob from features which this ditch cuts)	Roman: 125/150 -200	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
						RBT, RT		
F046	9	16	Pit , in cluster with F168, F153	friable dry medium orange/brown silty sand		RI	Roman	2b
F047	10	17	Ditch (same as F223, F248 - DITCH 4). Its line is continued to the north by F100 and F170)	soft dry light grey silty sand with charcoal flecks, brick flecks and inclusions of: stone 10%		BA (Drag 31)	Roman	2b
F048	8		Ditch	firm moist medium grey/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F049	5	18	Ditch (same as F118: DITCH 5)	soft light grey/brown silty sand		GX	Early Roman	2a
F050	1		Pit/post-hole	firm moist dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks			Undated	
F051	6		Ditch (same as F57, F122 & F124: DITCH 3)	friable medium orange/brown silty sand with charcoal flecks			Roman, 150-220	2b
F052	6	23	Pit (same as F144)	friable moist medium brown silty sand with charcoal flecks		Pottery: large group. RBT SF1 (23) Iron object . Currently obscured in dirt and corrosion and cannot be identified. NEEDS X-RAY (23) Iron nail	post-medieval (peg tile)	3
F053	7	19, 22, 24	Quarry pit	light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt		SF2 (24) 104 frags of Quernstone, 667g RBT, RT (19) SF Roman glass (24): Lava quern frags	Roman	2b
F054	1		Pit	firm moist medium grey sandy silt			Undated	
F055	4	21	Ditch (same as F45 and F87: DITCH 10)	soft moist light grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 15%	cuts F101	DJ, GX	Roman	2b
F056	7		Ditch (same as F170 and F100: DITCH 9)	soft dry light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks			Roman by assoc	2b
F057	5		Ditch (same as F51, F122 & F124: DITCH 3)	soft light/medium orange/green/brown silty sand			Roman by assoc	2b
F058	5	25	Quarry pit	soft firm light/medium yellow/brown		GX	Roman	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Finds and dating	Period	period no.
				silty sand				
F059	4	26	Ditch (same as F101: DITCH 6)	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 8%		GX	Roman	2b
F060	4	26-7	Pit	-		GX	Roman	2b
F061	4		Ditch	friable dry medium orange/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F062	6	28	Pit	friable moist medium yellow sand with charcoal flecks		HMS	Iron Age	1c
F063		29-30	Pit/post-hole	soft moist dark grey/brown sand with charcoal flecks		BA HMS	Bronze Age	1b
F064		31	Pit/post-hole			large group of HMS etc (31) burnt flint	LBA to Early Iron Age	1b
F065		32	Pit/post-hole			HMF, HMFS	Prehistoric	1
F066		33	Pit/post-hole			HMF	Prehistoric	1
F067			Pit/Natural feature	loose/soft moist medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 50%			Undated	
F068			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F069		34	Pit/post-hole			HMF	Prehistoric	1
F070			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F071			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft/friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F072			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft/friable moist medium yellow/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F073			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F074			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F075			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft/friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F076		35-7, 171	Pit/post-hole, cuts F77	friable moist medium grey/brown sand with charcoal flecks and		HMF bowl and frags (37) three daub frags with	Early Iron Age	1b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Finds and dating	Period	period no.
				inclusions of: stone 20%		wattle holes, unworked stone		
F077			Pit/post-hole, cut by F76	friable moist medium orange/brown silty sand			Prehistoric by strat	1
F078			Ring ditch (same as F20 & F29)				Undated	
F079			Pit cut by ring ditch F20/78				prehistoric by association	1
F080			Cremation, within ring-ditch F78	friable moist dark grey/black silty sand with charcoal flecks			Undated, but probably prehistoric	1
F081		38-9	Ditch, E of F87	friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 5%		DJ, GX, RCW	Roman: Neronian	2a
F082		46	gully	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%		BA, GX	Roman	2b
F083			Posthole	soft moist light/medium grey/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F084			Posthole	soft moist light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			Undated	
F085			Natural feature	firm moist medium grey/brown sandy silty clay and inclusions of: stone 10%			Post-glacial	
F086		-	VOID	-			-	
F087		40-3, 57-9, 67, 77-9, 97	Ditch (same as F45 and F55: DITCH 10)	friable moist light grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 1%		Large group. RB, RT, RFT (42) burnt flint SF3 (77) Quernstone frag (SX3)	Roman 180-225	2b
F088		45, 98	gully	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%		HZ, GX	Roman	2b
F089			Natural feature	friable moist light/medium grey/brown sandy silt			Post-glacial	
F090		44	Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt		SF4 (44) Three Quernstone frags, 1147g	Roman	2b
F091		47	Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%		GX	Roman	2b
F092			Pit	soft/friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and			Undated, but probably Roman by association	2

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
				inclusions of: stone 50%				
F093			Natural feature	friable moist light/medium grey/brown sandy silt			Post-glacial	
F094		48	Gully	soft wet medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 5% stone 10% tile/brick 5%		RB	Roman	2b
F095		49	Ditch/gully	friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 5%		GX	Roman	2b
F096			Pit	firm dark orange/brown silty clay with daub flecks			Undated	
F097		50	Pit	soft moist medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 25%		GX, RBT	Early Roman	2a
F098			Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			Undated	
F099		51, 68	Ditch			HMF, GX	Roman	2b
F100		52, 62-3, 169	Ditch (same as F56 & F170: DITCH 9)	friable moist medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 2%		FSW, GX SF5 (62) 107 frags of Quernstone, 1129g (sx2)	Roman	2b
F101		53, 61, 64	Ditch (same as F59: DITCH 6)	friable moist medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 2%	cut by F55, F87	BA, GX	Roman 150-220	2b
F102		56, 60	Ditch (same as F103 & F123: DITCH 7)	friable wet medium grey/brown sandy silt		BA, GB, GP, GX	Roman: 2nd century	2b
F103			Ditch (same as F102 & F123: DITCH 7)	friable moist medium brown silt with charcoal flecks			Undated	
F104		54	animal disturbance	soft moist medium grey/brown silt with charcoal flecks		DJ, GX	modern	-
F105		55	Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 15% tile/brick 5% pot 10%		DJ, GX, RT	Roman	2b
F106			Pit				undated but probably Roman by strat	2
F107		65-6	Ditch (same as F111 DITCH 8)	soft dry dark grey/brown sandy silt with daub flecks, brick flecks and inclusions of: gravel 5% stone 15% tile/brick 5% pot 10%		GX, RCW	Roman	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Finds and dating	Period	period no.
F108			Pit				Undated	
F109			Pit/post-hole	soft dry dark grey/brown sandy silt			Undated but prob Roman	2
F110		69-73	Cremation	friable moist very dark grey/brown silt with charcoal flecks		Pottery: GTW, DY, peg tile (intrusive, presumably) SF11 (69) 14 cua Fragments from a D shaped ring SF12 (70) six cua Fragments, melted?	LIA - early Roman	2a
F111		74	Ditch (same as F107 DITCH 8)	firm dry medium orange/grey/brown sand		FSW, GX	Roman	2b
F112			Pit/tree-throw	friable moist medium orange/grey/brown silt and inclusions of: stone 40%			Undated	
F113			Gully	soft moist dark grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 30%			Undated	
F114			Tree-throw	friable moist medium grey/brown silt and inclusions of: stone 30%			Undated	
F115			Pit/tree-throw	friable moist medium orange/grey/brown silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			Undated	
F116			Gully	friable moist medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			Undated	
F117		102	Gully	soft moist light grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%		GX	Roman	2b
F118		104	Ditch (the same as F49: DITCH 5)	firm dry medium grey/brown sand		GX	Roman	2b
F119			Pit				Undated	
F120			Pit with charcoally fill, but not on plan				preh or Roman?	1-2
F121		75	Pit cuts F122	friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt		BA, GX	Roman	2b
F122		76	Ditch (same as F51, F57 & F124: DITCH 3)	firm dry medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt		GB	Roman, 150-220	2b
F123		80	Ditch (same as F102 & F103 DITCH 7)	firm moist light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%		FSW, GX, HZ, RCW	Early Roman	2a

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
F124		81-2, 92-3, 172-4	Ditch (same as F51, F57 & F122: DITCH 3)	firm dry medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt		HMG. Large Roman group. Includes a complete pot (find 81) RB (174) Iron nail	Roman, 180-275	2b
F125			Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			Undated but prob Roman by association	2
F126		83-6	Pit	firm dry light yellow/grey/brown silt with charcoal flecks		HMG urns (83) burnt flint (84) burnt flint	Middle Bronze Age	1a
F127		87-8	Pit, adjacent to and possibly cut by F128	firm dry medium grey/brown silt		HMSG, HMS (88) burnt flint	Prehistoric	1 or 1a
F128			Pit in close association with F127				Prehistoric	1 or 1a
F129		89-91	Pit			Pottery: GX SF6 (90) One large fragment of lava quernstone, 4674g SF9 (89) Two adjoining frags of puddingstone quern, 3.3kg	Roman	
F130		94	Gully	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt		GX	Early Roman	2a
F131			Cremation of individual 3-6 yrs, in ditch F139			GX from sample	Roman	2b
F132			Cremation with charcoally fill, in ditch F139	friable moist dark brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 15%			Roman	2b
F133			Pit	firm moist light orange/grey sand silt and inclusions of: gravel 1%			Undated	
F134			Stakehole in F132.	friable moist medium brown sandy silt and 5% stone			Undated	
F135		95	Tree-throw	soft moist medium grey sand silt		GX	Roman or later	2b
F136		96	Pit	firm moist medium grey sandy silt		GB	Roman: 110/125-300	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
				and inclusions of: stone 20%				
F137			Pit	firm moist light/medium grey sandy silt and 20% stone			Undated	
F138			Pit/tree-throw	soft friable moist light grey/brown sandy silt and 25% stone	cut by 87		natural feature	
F139		99	Ditch	friable moist dark brown sandy silt		GX	Roman	2b
F140			Pit, can't find on plan	soft dry light orange/grey silt			Undated	
F141		100-01	Pit	friable moist dark orange/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 15% pot 10%		Roman: 180-250 CZ, DJ, GX, HZ SF7 (100) 6 frags of Quernstone	Roman: 180-250	2b
F142			Pit	firm dry medium yellow/brown silty clay			Undated	
F143		103	Post-hole, not on plan	friable dark brown/black sand silt and inclusions of: stone 5%		HMG	Prehistoric	1
F144			Pit (same as F52)	firm moist medium orange/grey/brown sand silt with charcoal flecks		peg tile!	post-medieval	3
F145			Pit on south edge of T7, continues line of F205	soft moist light/medium grey sandy silt and 5% stone			undated	
F146			Pit, in group with F147-8, F174	soft moist medium orange/grey silt and 1% gravel			Undated	
F147		105	Pit, in group with F146, F148, F174	firm moist light/medium grey/brown silt		GX	Roman	2b
F148		106	Pit, in group with F146-7, F174	firm moist light grey/brown silt		GX	Roman	2b
F149			Pit/tree-throw, can't find on plan	firm moist medium orange/brown/black sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			Undated	
F150			Ditch, continues F130	firm dry dark yellow/orange/brown clay			Roman by continuation	2b
F151		107-08	Ditch	loose dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 30%		AD 110/120-160 and RB	Roman	2b
F152		115-16, 155	Ditch parallel with F151	friable dry medium brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 30% pot 5%		RBT SF8 (155) 23 frags of Quernstone (sx2)	Roman 110-300	2b
F153		109	Pit, in cluster with F168,	firm moist medium grey/brown silty		GX, RT, RI	Roman	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
			F46	clay with charcoal flecks, brick flecks, tile flecks and inclusions of: stone 10% tile/brick 20% pot 5%				
F154			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist medium yellow/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F155			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist medium yellow/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F156			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft medium/dark yellow/grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 20%		HMF	Prehistoric	1
F157			Tree throw?	loose/soft moist medium/dark yellow/grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and 5% stone			Undated	
F158		110	Pit/post-hole	friable medium grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 5%		HMF, GX (intrusive?)	Prehistoric	1
F159			Pit/post-hole	friable medium grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F160		111	Pit/post-hole	friable grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 10%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F161		112	Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist light/medium yellow/grey/brown sandy silt and 10% gravel		HMF	Prehistoric	1
F162			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and 1% stone			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F163		113	Pit	very loose dry very light yellow/brown sand silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: gravel 5% stone 5% pot 1%		HMF	Late Bronze Age	1b
F164			Pit/post-hole	very loose dry light grey/brown sand silt and inclusions of: gravel 2%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F165			Pit/post-hole	very loose dry very light grey/brown sand silt and inclusions of: gravel 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F166		114	Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist light/medium yellow/grey/brown sandy silt with daub flecks and inclusions of:		HMF	Prehistoric	1

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
				stone 1%				
F167			Pit/post-hole	loose/soft moist light/medium yellow/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F168		119	Pit, in cluster with F46, F153	soft dry dark grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: tile/brick 10%		RT	Roman	2b
F169			Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F170		122, 136, 191	Ditch (same as F56 & F100: DITCH 9)	firm moist light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silty clay and inclusions of: stone 10%		GX, RB Intrusive modern brick	Roman	2b
F171		120	Pit/post-hole	friable dark grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 10%		HMF	Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age	1b
F172			Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium yellow/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F173		121	Pit/post-hole	friable dark grey/brown silty sand		HMF	Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age	1b
F174		123	Pit, in group with F146-8	soft/friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%		GX	AD 43-120	2a
F175			Pit	friable dry medium yellow/brown sandy silt with brick flecks and inclusions of: stone 20%			Undated	
F176		126	cremation	friable dry dark brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks, daub flecks and inclusions of: stone 10% tile/brick 0% pot 5%		(126) BSW, DJ, GA, GX <23> Iron nail	AD 110/125-220	2b
F177			cremation	soft moist dark brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and stone (15%)		DJ, GX	AD 117-250/260	2b
F178		124	Pit	soft moist dark orange/brown/black sand silt with charcoal flecks, daub flecks		HMF, HMF	LBA/EIA	1b
F179			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F180		127	Pit/post-hole			HMS	Prehistoric	1
F181			Pit/post-hole	soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and			undated but prob	1

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
				inclusions of: stone 10%			Prehistoric by association	
F182		128	Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%		HMF, HMS	Prehistoric	1
F183			Post-hole	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F184			Pit/post-hole	soft/friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F185		129	Pit/post-hole			HMF	Prehistoric	1
F186			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F187			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F188		130	Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F189			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F190		131	Pit/post-hole	soft/friable moist medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 10% tile/brick 10%		HMF (131) burnt flint	Prehistoric	1
F191			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F192			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F193			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F194			Post-hole	friable dry medium grey/brown sand			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F195			Pit/post-hole	soft/friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			Undated but prob prehistoric by association	1
F196		132	Pit/post-hole	friable dry medium brown silty sand			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F197			Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
F198			Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F199			Pit/post-hole	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F200			Pit/post-hole	soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 50%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F201			Pit/post-hole				undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F202		133	Cremation	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 5%		RCW	Late Iron Age/ early Roman	2a
F203		134	Cremation	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 5%		<27> Three frags from 2 Iron nails	Roman AD 110-300	2b
F204			Pit	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			Undated	
F205			Ditch (same as F42: DITCH 11)	friable moist medium grey/brown sandy silt			Roman	2b
F206			Pit/post-hole	friable moist medium grey/brown silt with charcoal flecks			Undated	
F207			Gully, continuation of F139				Roman by association with F139	2b
F208		137, 160, 165, 178	Ditch (same as F37 & F39: DITCH 1)	friable dark grey/brown silty sand with brick flecks, tile flecks and inclusions of: stone 15% tile/brick 5%		Pottery: v large group RFT, RI SF14 (137) Unidentified Iron object possibly a fragment from a knife – NEEDS XRAY SF15 (137) Iron object Appears to be part of a socketed object (14.2mm diameter) but head broken – NEEDS XRAY SF16 (137) Iron object NEEDS XRAY	Roman, 2nd-3rd is average group date	2b

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
						(137) Four Iron nail frags (178) Iron nail		
F209		138	Pit			IMBREX	Roman	2b
F210		139-40	Ditch (same as F41: DITCH 12)	loose/soft dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 10% stone 15% pot 10%		AD 110-180/220	Roman	2b
F211		147	Ditch	friable dry dark orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%		AD 110/125-250/300	Roman	2b
F212		142-3	Pit	and inclusions of: stone 20%		RBT	Roman	2b
F213		141	gully	loose dry light/medium yellow/brown		GX	Roman	2b
F214		-	VOID	-			-	
F215			gully	loose dry light/medium yellow/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F216		144	Pit	soft dry medium grey/brown sand and inclusions of: stone 15% pot 5%		GX	Roman	2b
F217			Tree-throw	soft dry medium grey/brown sand and inclusions of: stone 15%			Probably Roman by association	2b
F218			Pit/tree-throw	soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			Undated	
F219		145	Pit	loose/soft light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%		GX	Roman	2b
F220		146	Ditch	loose dry medium grey/brown silt and inclusions of: stone 1%		GTW	Roman	2
F221		152	Pit	firm dry light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%		(152) burnt flint	Roman AD 110/125 - 220	2b
F222			Post-hole in terminus of F220	loose dry medium grey/brown sandy silt		Undated	Roman by association	2
F223		150	Ditch (same as F47 & F248: DITCH 4)	firm dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 10% stone 15% pot 5%		RBT	Roman	2b
F224			Pit	firm dry dark grey sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 10% stone 15%			Undated	

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
F225		151	Pit	firm dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: pot 5%			Early Roman	2a
F226		149	Pit				Undated	
F227		-	VOID	-			-	
F228		148, 153	Ditch/gully				Roman AD 180-275	2b
F229			Pit				Undated	
F230		154	Pit	firm medium grey/brown sandy silt		RBT (154) Roman glass handle fragment	Roman	2b
F231			Ditch - not on plan but I suspect renumbered				Undated	
F232			Pit/tree-throw	soft moist light/medium orange/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F233			Pit/tree-throw	soft moist light orange/grey sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F234		157	Ditch (same as F36: DITCH 2)	firm wet light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and 1% stone		Roman AD 180-250/280	Roman	2b
F235		156	Pit	firm dry medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt and 1% stone		Roman AD 125/150-280/320	Roman	2b
F236			Pit/tree-throw	soft dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 20%			Undated	
F237			Pit/tree-throw	soft/friable dry light/medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			Undated	
F238		158	Pit	friable light yellow/brown sand		Roman AD 110-300 SF10 (158) Fragment of puddingstone from a cylindrical quernstone. 2.2kg	Roman	2b
F239		159, 162-4	Ditch cutting off corner between 208 and 277			Pot AD 180-275 159 : metalworking debris 384g	Roman	2b
F240			Post-hole in base of ditch F208	soft moist very light grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Roman by association	2b
F241			Pit				Undated	

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Findings and dating	Period	period no.
F242		166	Pit	firm dry light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F243			Pit				Undated	
F244			Pit	firm light/medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F245			Pit	firm dry light orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%	cuts 246		Undated but almost certainly 2b by strat	2b
F246		167	Pit		cut by 245	(167) burnt flint group 482g	Roman AD 110/125-300	2b
F247			Pit	friable dry dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: gravel 5%			Undated	
F248		161	Ditch (same as F47 & F223; possibly the same as F21, F32 and F277: DITCH 4)				Roman	2b
F249		168	Pit	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt		Roman	Roman	2b
F250			Pit/post-hole	friable medium grey/brown silty sand and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F251			Pit/post-hole	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F252			Pit/post-hole	dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 10%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F253			Pit/post-hole	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 5%			undated but prob Prehistoric by association	1
F254			Pit renumbered as F256	Renumbered as F256 (see below)			Roman	2c
F255		176, 182-193	Well			Roman	Roman AD 140-300	2b
F256		179	Pit (=F254) cutting ditch F208	friable moist dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks		Roman (179) Iron nail <31>Fragments of Iron nails	Roman AD 275-325	2c

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	Finds and dating	Period	period no.
F257			Pit	very loose/soft dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 40%			Undated	
F258			Post-hole	firm dry light orange/grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F259			Post-hole	firm dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 1%			Undated	
F260			Ditch/gully (renumbered as F263)				Undated	
F261			pit	friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt			Undated	
F262		180	Pit	soft medium orange/grey/brown sandy silt		(180) flint	prehistoric?	1
F263		181	Ditch/gully (=F260), cut by ditch F111	firm dry medium grey/brown and inclusions of: gravel 1% stone 1%		Roman	Roman	2b
F264			?Ditch	soft moist medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			natural?	
F265			Pit/tree-throw	soft medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: gravel 10%			Undated	
F266-70			Pit/tree-throw				Undated	
F271			Ditch				Undated	
F272		194	Pit	friable moist dark brown silt with charcoal flecks		EBA	Early Bronze Age	1a
F273			Stakehole in F272 (or, cutting it?)	friable moist dark brown silt with charcoal flecks			prehistoric	1
F274			Pit				Undated	
F275			Pit/tree-throw				Undated	
F276			Pit/tree-throw				Undated	
F277			Ditch (the same as F47, F223, F248, and F21 & F32 - DITCH 4)			Roman AD 125/150-280-320	Roman	2b
L1			Topsoil	soft/friable dry medium grey/brown sandy silt and inclusions of: stone 25%			Modern	
L2			Subsoil	firm dry medium orange/brown sandy silty clay				

Context no.	Trench	Find no.	Interpretation	Soil description	strat	 Finds and dating	Period	period no.
L3			Natural				Post-glacial	
L4		135	Silt patch			Roman AD110-220	Roman	2b
L5			Silt patch				Undated	
L6		175	Accumulation layer	friable dry medium/dark grey/brown sandy silt with charcoal flecks and inclusions of: stone 10% tile/brick 25% pot 50%		Roman AD 43-120	Roman	2b

Appendix 2: Small finds catalogue and list of iron nails

SF	Context	Find no.	Object type	Description	Quantity	Weight g	Length mm	Width mm	Thickness mm	Date
1	F52	23	Iron object	Iron object largely obscured within dirt and corrosion. The x-ray revealed the object to be 91.89mm long and 14.47mm wide, but it is not known how thick the object is of the shape of the cross-section.	1	123.7	98.0	50.7	21.3	Roman
2	F53	24	Quernstone	One hundred and four fragments of lava quernstone, very small, broken and abraded pieces, no distinguishing features. Discarded.	104	667.0	-	-	-	Roman
3	F87 sx5	77	Quernstone	Fragment of lava quernstone, abraded, no distinguishing features. Discarded.	1	520.4	-	-	-	Roman
4	F90	44	Quernstone	Three fragments of lava quernstone (two joining), very abraded, no distinguishing features. Retained as an example of the lava quern from the site.	3	1147.6	-	-	-	Roman
5	F100 sx2	62	Quernstone	One hundred and seven fragments of lava quernstone, seven small to medium-sized pieces, the rest are very small, all abraded with no distinguishing features. Discarded.	107	1129.6	-	-	-	Roman
6	F129	90	Quernstone	One large fragment of lava quernstone, very abraded, no distinguishing features. Discarded as incredibly fragile and braking apart every time it is touched.	1	4674.0	220	180	83.5	Roman
7	F141	100	Quernstone	Six fragments of lava quernstone, very small, broken and abraded pieces. Discarded.	6	44.9	-	-	-	Roman
8	F152 sx2	155	Quernstone	Twenty-three fragments of lava quernstone, very small, broken and abraded pieces. Discarded.	23	196.7	-	-	-	Roman
9	F129	89	Quernstone	Fig 26.1 Two (joining) fragments of puddingstone from the upper stone of a hemi-spherical quern, probably just under a third complete with partial eye.	2	3300.0	260.0	129.2	83.4	Roman
10	F238	158	Quernstone	Fig 26.2 Fragment of puddingstone from a cylindrical quernstone. Fragment tapers in thickness from the curved edge towards the middle. Smoothed on one surface, rough on the other.	1	2199.0	180.0	72.6–151.6	41.4-56.0	Roman
11	F110	69	Fragments	Fourteen fragments of copper-alloy in very poor condition. Four appear to be from a curved D-shaped ring with a central ridge running around it. Largest ring fragment: 17.9mm long, 7.9mm wide, 4.4mm thick.	14	3.4	-	-	-	Roman
12	F110	70	Fragments	Six fragments of copper-alloy, in a very poor condition and possibly melted. Largest: 37.4mm long, 16.4mm wide, 12.6mm thick.	6	28.6	-	-	-	Roman
13	F44	117/ 125	Iron bar	Solid iron bar in two joining fragments, probably square in cross-section. X-rayed but no further detail revealed.	2	843.5	c 270	c 25	c 25	Roman
14	F208	137	Iron knife	Fragment of iron knife including part of the round-sectioned tang (c 13.9mm diameter) and knife blade.	1	71.6	86.5	42.7	19.2	Roman

SF	Context	Find no.	Object type	Description	Quantity	Weight g	Length mm	Width mm	Thickness mm	Date
15	F208	137	Iron object	Fragment from the socket (14.2mm diameter) of an iron object with x-ray revealing a single rivet hole close to the end of the socket. Nothing more of the object survives to allow for further identification.	1	22.1	52.9	31.1	19.6	Roman
16	F208	137	Iron object	Fragment of flat iron strip, largely obscured within dirt and corrosion. A modern break revealed a sub-rectangular cross-section, with x-ray showing that the strip tapered and curved.	1	43.6	60.4	46.5	14.3	Roman
-	F52	23	Iron nail	Complete with a round head and clenched shank, but the size and shape is largely obscured within corrosion.	1	14.9	51.9			Roman
-	F124	174	Iron nail	Probably complete with a round head, but largely obscured within corrosion	1	15.7	56.7			Roman
-	F176	<23>	Iron nail	Head appears to be missing, shape of shank largely obscured within corrosion but it is slightly clenched.	1	12.7	-			Roman
-	F203	<27>	Iron nail	Three fragments from two iron nails, all shank fragments, one clenched at 90°.	2	12.0	-			Roman
-	F208	137	Iron nails	Four fragments of iron nails, none complete, all have square-sectioned shanks, there is at least one flat round head and the head of another may have survived within the corrosion.	4	85.5	-			Roman
-	F208	178	Iron nail	Largely obscured within soil and corrosion but appears to be clenched at 45°, not known if head survives.	1	29.6	-			Roman
-	F256	<31>	Iron nails	Five fragments of iron nail including two flat round heads and three square-sectioned shanks.	5	25.1	-			Roman
-	F256	179	Iron nail	Largely obscured within soil and corrosion but appears to be a nail, not known if head survives.	1	30.8	-			Roman

Appendix 3: Pottery and CBM

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
F21	Ditch	4	15	1	1	1																				HMF				BROWN FINE FLINT	PREHISTORIC		
F30	Ditch	5	11	1	13	13		0	0	1																F40					c.1500-19th/20th c.		
F32	Ditch	20	14	1	8	8																	X			GTW					NR RCW	LIA	
F32	Ditch	20	14	1	13	13																				HMF					FINE TO MED FLINT	PREHISTORIC	
F35	Ditch	6	13	1	1	1		1	0	0																F48D	?	0.02?				19th-20th c.	
F35	Ditch	6	13	3	42	14		0	1	0																F40						c.1500-19th/20th c.	
F36	Ditch	7	11	1	2	2																				HMS					FINE SAND	IRON AGE	
F36	Ditch	7	11	4	27	7																				DJ						ROMAN	
F37	Ditch	8	12	5	89	18																				DZ					IMPORT	LIA-ER	
F37	Ditch	8	12	2	77	39		0	0	1																GTW						LIA	
F39	Ditch	9	11	2	152	76		2	0	0						X										GX	CAM 268	0.35	160			AD 125/150-280/320	
F39	Ditch	9	11																								GX	CAM 268	0.30	140			AD 125/150-280/320
F39	Ditch	9	11	1	4	4									X											DJ						ROMAN	
F39	Ditch	9	11	8	203	25		3	0	0																TZ (I)	CAM 497	0.24	270	IMPORT		AD 140-200/250	
F39	Ditch	9	11																								TZ (I)	?	0.10	240	IMPORT (CAR p184 f4.14.263)		ROMAN
F39	Ditch	9	11	7	32	5										X											CZ					VERY BURNT	AD 100/110-275/300
F39	Ditch	9	11	17	366	22		0	0	2																	GX						ROMAN
F39	Ditch	9	11	10	270	27		5	0	4			X														GB					X ON BASE INT	AD 110/125-300
F39	Ditch	9	11																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.31	240			AD 180-275
F39	Ditch	9	11																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.07	220			AD 180-275

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F39	Ditch	9	11																						GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.13	190	VERY ABRADED LOST MOST OF BURNISHING	AD 110-180/220	
F39	Ditch	9	11	1	19	19	0	0	1									X							GA				ORGANIC RES ON EXT BASE	AD 110/125-400	
F39	Ditch	9	11	1	41	41	1	0	0																KX	CAM 40B	0.12	190	LATTICE DEC	AD 110-275	
F39	Ditch	9	11	3	3	1																			CZ					AD 100/110-275/300	
F39	Ditch	9	11	6	137	23	0	0	1																GX					ROMAN	
F39	Ditch	9	11	1	4	4	0	0	1																GB					AD 110/125-300	
F43	Ditch/pit	12	20	8	29	4	2	0	0																F13	A4A	0.02?		COOKING POT PLAIN EXTERNAL BEVEL RIM (CAR, p.50 Fig. 27)	1025/1050-1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	12	20																						F13	?	0.02?		COOKING POT	1025/1050-1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	13	20	7	45	6								X											F13					1025/1050-1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	13	20	6	34	6	1	0	0																F13	A4A	0.06	220	COOKING POT PLAIN EXTERNAL BEVEL RIM (CAR, p.50 Fig. 27)	1025/1050-1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	13	20	3	12	4	0	0	1						X										F13					1025/1050-1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	13	20	1	4	4	1	0	0					X											F13	A1A	0.02?		COOKING POT PLAIN EVERTED RIM (CAR, p.50 Fig. 27)	1025/1050-1200/1225	
F43	Ditch/pit	?	20	2	9	5																			F13					1025/1050-1225	
F44	sinkage over well	14	9	6	45	8	1	0	0																FSW/EGW	LID	0.05	110		ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	14	9	7	31	4																			RCW					LIA-ER	
F44	sinkage over well	14	9	3	13	4																			ROW					LIA-ER	
F44	sinkage over well	14	9	1	8	8	0	0	1	X												X			BASG	DRAG 27			END OF STAMP	AD 43-110	
F44	sinkage over well	14	9	6	90	15	4	0	0																GX	CAM 266	0.09	150		AD 43-80	
F44	sinkage over	14	9																						GX	CAM 266	0.14	170		AD 43-80	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
	well																															
F44	sinkage over well	14	9																							GX	CAM 266	0.20	160?		AD 43-80	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	3	39	13																				DJ				WHITE	ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	11	115	10		0	2	0													X		DJ	FLAGON			BUFF, AFFECTED BY SOIL CONDITIONS	ROMAN		
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	3	3																				BSW				ROMAN		
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	63	63		1	0	0																UR (GX)	CAM 28	0.28	180		AD 40-69	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	41	41		0	0	1	X															UR (GX)				ILLEGIBLE STAMP	AD 40-69	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	31	698	23		2	0	1				X												GX	CAM 285	1.00	110	BAND FINGER TIPPING AROUND BASE OF NECK	AD 80-300	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	4	34	9		1	0	0																GX	CAM 218	0.05	140?		AD 43-120	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	6	6		0	0	1																BSW					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	13	13																				GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	2	18	9																				GX				BEIGE WITH GREY SURFACE	ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	3	3																				GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	3	47	16		2	0	1													X		BASG	DRAG 18	0.19	160		AD 43-100		
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	16	16		1	0	0									X							DJ	CAM 241-242	0.18	120	SLIGHTLY WARPED RIM	AD 43-80/120	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	2	3	2																				DZ				ABRADED LOST SURFACE (POS LOST C-C)	c.AD 50-120	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	2	18	9																	X		GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.05	200	ODD FABRIC (NR MQ), BR, BLACK CORE, TRACE WHITE/PK SURFACE?	AD 110-180/220		
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	16	16		0	0	1																DJ					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	117	9	1	20	20										X										DJ				BR/OR VERY SANDY	ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	3	45	15		2	0	0															UR (GX)	CAM 27	0.21	185		AD 43-69	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	2	50	25		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	2	19	10									X										GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	4	90	23		3	0	0															GX	CAM 268	0.19	180		AD 125/150-280/320	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9																						GX	CAM 268	0.18	160		AD 125/150-280/320	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	14	14																			GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	6	6																			FSW/EGW					LIA-ER	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	2	2																			WA					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	2	20	10		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	3	12	4																			DJ				WHITE	ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	6	6																			DJ				ORANGE	ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	78	78		1	0	0					X										GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.14	210	OXID BROWN SANDY	AD 180-275	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	18	18		0	0	1															GB					AD 110/125-300	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	3	29	10																			BSW	CAM 241-242			?	AD 43-80/120	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	5	51	10		1	0	0															GX (BSW)	CAM 270B				AD 43-200/300	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	26	26		1	0	0															GX	CAM 327	0.06	180		AD 43-80	
F44	sinkage over well	118	9	1	18	18		1	0	0															BASG	DRAG 27A	0.20	125	SLIP FLAKING	AD 43-100	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	601	601	X																		BAET	DR20				ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	35	35																			HZ					ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	2	14	7		1	0	0															CZ	CAM 407	0.12	90		AD 225-275/300	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	5	52	10																			GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	21	21																			HZ OX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	36	36		0	1	0															DJ	FLAGON				ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	9	9																			HZ					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	21	21																			DJ					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	2	2									X										DJ					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	3	211	70		0	0	2					X										GX	LID				ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	102	102		1	0	0															TZ (COL)	CAM 497	0.09	280		AD 140-200/250	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	93	93		1	0	0															TZ	CAM 194	0.11	280		AD 20-69	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	3	57	19		2	0	1															BACG	DRAG 33	0.05	100		AD 110-200	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9																						BACG	DRAG 31				AD 160-220	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9								X	X													BACG	?			STAMP: A[GRAFF CHEVRONS BASE UNDERSIDE	AD 110-220	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	4	4		0	0	1															BACG				YELLOW	AD 110-220	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	9	117	13																			GX					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	6	6																			DJ					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	202	202		0	0	1															BACG	DRAG 37D			LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 110-220	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	8	8		1	0	0															KX	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	190		AD 180-275	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	3	78	26		3	0	0							X								KX	CAM 278	0.58	150	V WARPED RIM NOT CIRCULAR	AD 117-250/260	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	192	192		1	0	0															DJ	CAM 146	1.00	85	2-HANDLED	AD 43-69/80	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	17	17		1	0	0															CZ	CAM 407	0.30	85		AD 225-275/300	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	2	110	55		2	0	0															GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.13	260		AD 180-275	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	4	557	139																			BAET	DR20				ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	4	97	24		1	0	0															GX	CAM 268	0.29	170		AD 125/150-280/320	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	6	84	14																			GX				FINE	ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	31	31																			WA					ROMAN	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	3	73	24		3	0	0															UR (FSW/EGW)	CAM 28	0.06	190		AD 40-69	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	5	46	9		0	0	1															GB	CAM 278				AD 110/125-300	
F44	sinkage over well	177	9	1	90	90		1	0	0															BASG	DRAG 18/31R	0.02?			AD 90-110	
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	52	52																			HZ					ROMAN	
F45	Ditch	15	7	22	579	26		6	0	3															GX	CAM 298	0.23	260	BASE WITH PRE-FIRING HOLES	AD 43-300/400	
F45	Ditch	15	7																							GX	CAM 241-242	0.09	190		AD 43-80/120
F45	Ditch	15	7																							GX	CAM 268	0.10	150		AD 125/150-280/320
F45	Ditch	15	7																							GX	CAM 268	0.28	160		AD 125/150-280/320
F45	Ditch	15	7																							GX	CAM 266	0.12	150		AD 43-80
F45	Ditch	15	7	2	40	20		1	0	0															RCW	CAM 266	0.13	150		AD 43-80	
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	27	27																				GX					ROMAN
F45	Ditch	15	7	2	48	24		0	0	1																ROW					LIA-ER
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	5	5																				GX					ROMAN
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	20	20																				GX	CAM 212-217			CARINATED BODY	ROMAN

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																										
F45	Ditch	15	7	5	122	24	3	0	0																GX	CAM 218	0.32	180		AD 43-120		
F45	Ditch	15	7	72	374	5	7	0	2																GX	CAM 241-242	0.09	200		AD 43-80/120		
F45	Ditch	15	7																						GX	LID	0.03	170		ROMAN		
F45	Ditch	15	7																						GX	CAM 268	0.05	200		AD 125/150-280/320		
F45	Ditch	15	7																						GX	CAM 266	0.10	110	MINIATURE	AD 43-80		
F45	Ditch	15	7																						GX	CAM 268	0.07	180		AD 125/150-280/320		
F45	Ditch	15	7	3	18	6																			DJ					ROMAN		
F45	Ditch	15	7	11	39	4																			WA					ROMAN		
F45	Ditch	15	7	14	42	3	1	0	0																GX	LID	0.06	170		ROMAN		
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	6	6																			CZ					AD 100/110-275/300		
F45	Ditch	15	7	15	153	10																			HZ OX					ROMAN		
F45	Ditch	15	7	1	22	22	0	0	1																DJ					ROMAN		
F47	Ditch	17	10	3	29	10																			GX					ROMAN		
F47	Ditch	17	10	1	19	19																				HZ OX					ROMAN	
F47	Ditch	17	10	1	30	30	1	0	0																							
F47	Ditch	17	10	1	1	1	1	0	0																							
F47	Ditch	17	10	1	1	1	1	0	0																							
F49	Ditch	18	5	1	5	5																				HMF					MEDIUM FLINT, OR SUR	PREHISTORIC
F49	Ditch	18	5	9	29	3	3	0	0																	GX	CAM 231-232	0.08	140	?	AD 43-150/180	
F49	Ditch	18	5																							GX	?	0.03	?		ROMAN	
F49	Ditch	18	5																							GX	?	0.06	130		ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	65	65	0	0	1																	HZ					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	18	207	12	5	0	0																	GX	CAM 268	0.23	270		AD 125/150-280/320	
F52	Pit	23	6																							GX	CAM 218	0.08	120		AD 43-120	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F52	Pit	23	6																						GX	CAM 108	0.37	130		AD 43-130/140/200?	
F52	Pit	23	6	5	84	17	2	0	0					X											GX	CAM 108			GOES WITH EX ABOVE	AD 43-130/140/200?	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	4	4																			CB					AD 100/110-300	
F52	Pit	23	6	4	93	23																			HZ OX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	9	9	1	0	0																GX	CAM 243-244/246	0.10	120	MINIATURE	AD 43-138	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	8	8	0	0	1																GA					AD 110/125-400	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	7	7	0	0	1																GB					AD 110/125-300	
F52	Pit	23	6	2	7	4																			GX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	22	22	1	0	0						X										RCW	CAM 266	0.20	145	BURNING TOP OF RIM	AD 43-80	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	14	14	0	0	1																GX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	19	96	5	1	0	0																GX	CAM 231-232	0.11	120?		AD 43-150/180	
F52	Pit	23	6	4	14	4																			FSW/EGW					LIA-ER	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	6	6	0	0	1																GB					AD 110/125-300	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	10	10								X											GX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	3	5	2	0	1	0																DJ					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	3	6	2																			DJ					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	5	10	2																			SW					LIA-ER	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	3	3								X											GX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	7	14	2																			GX					ROMAN	
F52	Pit	23	6	3	22	7	2	0	0																FSOW	CAM 229	0.16	170		LIA-ER	
F52	Pit	23	6	9	20	2	2	0	0																FMW	?	0.14	110		LIA-ER	
F52	Pit	23	6	1	1	1	1	0	0																GX	CAM 108	0.08	100		AD 43-130/140/200?	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F52	Pit	23	6	3	15	5								X											RCW				LIA-ER		
F52	Pit	23	6	1	5	5																			SW				LIA-ER		
F52	Pit	23	6	1	6	6	0	0	1																GA				AD 110/125-400		
F53	Quarry pit	19	7	1	9	9	0	0	1						X										DJ				ROMAN		
F55	Ditch	21	4	8	44	6	3	0	0																GX	CAM 266	0.15	130		AD 43-80	
F55	Ditch	21	4																						GX	CAM 218	0.08	150		AD 43-120	
F55	Ditch	21	4																						GX	?	0.06	180		ROMAN	
F55	Ditch	21	4	6	20	3																			WA				? SMOOTH FINE, SILVER MICA	ROMAN	
F55	Ditch	21	4	2	25	13																			GX					ROMAN	
F55	Ditch	21	4	3	5	2																			DJ					ROMAN	
F55	Ditch	?	4	1	3	3																			DJ					ROMAN	
F55	Ditch	?	4	1	2	2																			GX					ROMAN	
F58	Sand pit	25	5	5	22	4																			GX					ROMAN	
F59	Ditch	26	4	2	3	2																			GX					ROMAN	
F60	Pit	27	4	14	43	3	2	0	1																GX	LID	0.05	180		ROMAN	
F60	Pit	27	4																						GX	LID	0.04	170		ROMAN	
F60	Pit	27	4	4	29	7	1	0	1																GX	CAM 266	0.08	200		AD 43-80	
F60	Pit	27	4	1	3	3									X										HMS					IRON AGE	
F62	Pit	28	6	1	4	4	1	0	0																HMS	JAR FLAT TOPPED NECKLESS	0.03	?		EIA	
F63	PIT	30		3	28	9																			HMF					BR SUR, DARK BR CORE, COMMON M-C ANG FL, DEEP FINGER IMP	BRONZE AGE
F63	PIT	30		1	9	9																			HMF					THIN-W, OXID, BURNISHED SUR, FREQ F-M ANG FL	BRONZE AGE
F64	PIT	31		10	105	11	2	0	0																HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.13	120	FL	BR/BLACK BADLY SORTED ANG FL	LBA-EIA

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F64	PIT	31		1	23	23		0	0	1															HMF			DARK BR, MOD MED ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	31		1	12	12																			HMF			SMOOTH SURF, COMMON FINE ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		2	13	7		1	0	0															HMF	BUCKET URN	0.05260	BR/OR MOD VC ANG FL	MBA		
F64	PIT	5		1	1	1									X										HMF			GREY FREQ M S-ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	9	9																			HMF			BR, SMOOTH BURNISHED SURFACE, RARE ANG F&C FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	2	2		1	0	0															HMF	JAR FLAT-TOPPED EXPANDED RIM	0.05130	BR, SMOOTH SURFACE COMMON F ANG FL	EIA		
F64	PIT	5		1	1	1		1	0	0					X										HMF	JAR	0.02?	BR, THIN-W, SMOOTH SURF., MOD F ANG FL	EIA		
F64	PIT	5		1	4	4																			HMF			DARK BR, BL CORE, FREQ ANG FL, RARE C FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	3	3																			HMF			RED/OR, BLACK CORE, FREQ F ANG FL, RARE C FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		6	2	0																			HMF				PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	1	1																			HMF			ORANGE COMMON C S-R FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	6	6																			HMFO			BR, FLINT S-AA M-C LINEAR VOIDS, WIPE MARKS	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		3	14	5																			HMF			OR BLACK CORE, COMMON M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		2	1	1																			HMF			BLACKM M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		1	6	6																			HMF			VC S-ANG FL, RARE C FL, BR BLACK CORE	PREHISTORIC		
F64	PIT	5		2	5	3		1	0	0															HMF	?	0.04170	BR BLACK CORE, FREQ F ANG FL, RARE C FL	PREHISTORIC		
F65	PIT	32		1	20	20																				HMF			ORANGE	PREHISTORIC	
F65	PIT	32		1	5	5																				HMFS			ORANGE BLACK INT, ANG FL & S	PREHISTORIC	
F66	Pit/post hole	33		3	45	15		0	0	1																HMF			DARK BR, V COMMON C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F69	Pit/post hole	34		9	66	7																				HMF			BR, BL CORE BADLY SORTED ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F76	Pit/post hole	35			1	7	7										X									HMF				BR/GREY, MOD C S-A FL	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	35			1	62	62		0	0	1															HMF				COMMON FL BADLY SORTED	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	35			1	44	44		0	0	1															HMF				OR, BL CORE, COMMON M-C S-A FL	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	35			1	9	9																			HMF				OR MOD M ANG FL, RARE C FL	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	35			2	15	8																			HMF				OR SMOOTH SURF, RARE AN GL	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	35			3	22	7		2	0	0															HMF	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.06160		OR BLACK CORE, MOD ANG F & C FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	35																								HMF	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.09180		OR BLACK CORE, MOD ANG F & C FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			7	238	34		0	0	1						X									HMF				THICK-W, OR-DARK BR, FREQ F-C FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			5	206	41		0	0	1						X									HMFS				SMOOTHED SUR, BURNISHED, OR, VBLACK CORE, FINE ANG FL & SUB-R SAND SOME MICA	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			1	26	26																			HMF				BR, DARK CORE, ANGULAR F-M FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			3	20	7																			HMF				OR, RARE M ANGULAR FL, SMOOTH, MICA	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			3	52	17		2	0	0															HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.25115		OR/DARK BR, MOD C S-A FL RARE PEBBLES REFIT F76 (171)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			1	14	14		1	0	0															HMF	SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.03500		DARK BR, F-M ANGULAR FL REFIT F76 (171)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			6	46	8		1	0	0															HMFGS	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.08160		THIN-W, BURNISHED SUR, OR/DARK BR, RED TINGE (HAEMITITE?), RARE FINE ANGULAR S & FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			2	27	14		2	0	0						X									HMFGS	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.10210		THIN-W, BURNISHED SUR, OR/DARK BR, RARE FINE ANGULAR S & FL REFITS WITH F76 (171)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	36			1	10	10																			HMF				BR/OR BLACK CORE, RARE FINE ANGULAR FL	EIA	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/m/d	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F76	Pit/post hole	171			3	53	18		1	0	0															HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.02115		OR TO DARK BROWN, FREQ C S-ANG FL REFIT WITH F76 (36)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			1	31	31		1	0	0						X									HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.10190		ORANGE DARK BR CORE, FLINT	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			7	63	9		2	0	0															HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.03170		OR, WIPING MARKS, SMOOTH/BURNISHED, MOD M-C FL.	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171																								HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.08120		SLIGHTLY MORE VERTICAL RIM	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			5	43	9		0	0	2															HMF				DK BROWN BLACK CORE, POORLY SORTED F-C FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			6	##	201		0	0	1															HMF				BR DARKER INT, FREQ BADLY SORTED FL, THICK-W 15 MMM	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			2	530	265		0	0	1						X									HMF				BR DARKER INT, FREQ BADLY SORTED FL, THICK-W 15 MMM	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			5	464	93		1	0	0					X	X									HMF	SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.09500		DARK BR, FREQ BADLY SORTED FL, THUMBED TOP RIM, LINE THUM IMP ALONG SHLD, SOOTING & BURNING TOP (I & E) REFIT F76 (36)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			2	31	16																			HMF				OXID BROWN, COMBED, SLIGHTLY SMOOTHED, COMMON ANGULAR F-M FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			4	244	61																			HMF				OR/DARK BROWN, FREQ ANGULAR BADLY SORTED FL	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			9	85	9		4	0	0						X									HMF	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.24220		FINEWARE, SMOOTHED & BURNISHED, SOFTER, OR, RARE FL, GROF & SAND TEMPER. REFITS WITH F76 (36)	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	171			6	346	58		3	0	0						X									HMF	BOWL	0.29210		OR-DARK BR, WIPE MARKS EXT, SMOOTHED, BLACK CORE, MOD F-M FL, SOME WEAR INT BELOW RIM	EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	6			1	2	2																			HMFO				OR, LIN VOIDS RARE MED FL	PREHISTORIC	
F76	Pit/post hole	6			9	26	3		1	0	0															HMF	BOWL	0.02?		BLACK GREY TH-W, R S	LBA-EIA	
F76	Pit/post hole	6			8	21	3		1	0	0															HMF	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.06120		OR BLACK CORE, MOD F-C ANG FL	EIA	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F76	Pit/post hole	6		4	13	3		1	0	0														HMF	ANGULAR BOWL (TRIPARTITE) EVERTED RIM	0.02?		SMOOTH SURF, OR BLACK CORE VR F ANG FL	EIA		
F76	Pit/post hole	6		1	3	3																		HMS				BLACK SMOOTH VF S	PREHISTORIC		
F81	DITCH	38		57	190	3		1	1	1														DJ	CAM 151?	1.00	45	THIN-W, ONE HANDLED (2 LOBES) FLAGON WITH SPOUT	AD 43-69		
F81	DITCH	38		88	200	2																		UR (GP)	CAM 104			THIN-W, VBURNISHED SUR BR & GREY CORE, FINE SILVER MICA	AD 50-90		
F81	DITCH	38		22	177	8		14	0	8	X													UR (GP)	CAM 104	0.40	120	STAMP BASE EXT	AD 50-90		
F81	DITCH	38									X													UR (GP)	CAM 104	0.39	120	STAMP BASE EXT	AD 50-90		
F81	DITCH	38																						UR (GP)	CAM 104	0.46	120	FABRIC AS H & H 1947, 236	AD 50-90		
F81	DITCH	38		5	24	5																		GX					ROMAN		
F81	DITCH	38		17	175	10		2	0	0														RCW 2	CAM 218	0.14	280		AD 43-120		
F81	DITCH	39		2	12	6																		RCW 6				GREY NR GX BUT BG	LIA-ER		
F82	Gully	46		1	27	27		0	0	1														GX					ROMAN		
F82	Gully	46		1	339	339																		BAET	DR20				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	40		4	153	38		1	0	2														GX	?	0.06	140		ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	40		2	13	7																		BSW					ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	40		1	4	4																		GX (BSW)					ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	40		2	29	15																		DJ				BUFF VERY SANDY, GREY SURF.	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	41		1	1	1																		CZ					AD 100/110-275/300		
F87	DITCH	41		3	28	9																		GX				SANDY	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	41		2	45	23																		HZ OX					ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	41		1	2	2																		BXSG					AD 43-110		
F87	DITCH	41		59	606	10		5	0	5														CSOW	CAM 266	0.48	160	MISFIRED GX? VSANDY OR WITH GREY MOTTLED SUR	LIA-AD 80		

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F87	DITCH	42			2	6	3																				DJ				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			1	3	3																				DJ				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			7	163	23		3	0	4																GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.27	250	AD 180-275	
F87	DITCH	42			4	24	6		0	0	2																BSW				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			4	14	4		0	0	1																BASG				LOST MOST OF LSIP	AD 43-110
F87	DITCH	42			5	28	6																				BSW				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			7	137	20		5	0	0																UR (GX-BSW)	CAM 27	0.48	190	AD 43-69	
F87	DITCH	42			2	6	3																				GX				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			21	147	7		6	0	0																GX	CAM 243-244/246	0.04	220	AD 43-138	
F87	DITCH	42																									GX	?	0.02	?	ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42																									GX	CAM 218	0.11	150	AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	42																									GX	CAM 218	0.13	140	AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	42																									GX	?	0.05	80	ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			7	28	4		1	0	0																FSW/EGW	CAM 46/311	0.07	200	AD 43-120/150?	
F87	DITCH	42			3	40	13		2	0	0																DJ	CAM 270B	0.14	200	LIA-AD 200/300	
F87	DITCH	42			1	24	24		0	0	1																DJ				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			2	16	8																				DJ				MORE MICACEOUS	ROMAN
F87	DITCH	42			2	36	18																				GX				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	42			6	100	17		0	0	3						X										GX	CAM 270B			C270B SHLD WITH STAB DECS	AD 43-200/300
F87	DITCH	43			1	6	6										X										GX				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	43			1	15	15																				GX (BSW)				ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	43			1	10	10																				GX				VSANDY	ROMAN
F87	DITCH	43			1	12	12		1	0	0																GX	CAM 280-281	0.25	90	AD 150/180-400	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																										
F87	DITCH	43		1	10	10																								?LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 43-110	
F87	DITCH	43		1	3	3																X								?LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 43-110	
F87	DITCH	43		1	3	3		1	0	0																					AD 110-220	
F87	DITCH	57		7	108	15		0	0	2																					ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	57		1	16	16		0	0	1																					SANDY	ROMAN
F87	DITCH	57		2	7	4															X										NR FSW/EGW	ROMAN
F87	DITCH	57		1	14	14		1	0	0												X									LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 43-110
F87	DITCH	59		2	416	208																										ROMAN
F87	DITCH	59		1	30	30		1	0	0																						AD 180-275
F87	DITCH	67		1	16	16																										LIA-AD 200/300
F87	DITCH	67		1	12	12																										ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78		64	535	8		0	0	3																						ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78		25	407	16		23	0	2																						AD 43- 130/140/200?
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43- 130/140/200?
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43- 130/140/200?
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43- 130/140/200?
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																														AD 43-120

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F87	DITCH	78																								GX	CAM 218	0.13	160		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	?	0.23	100		ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.06	170		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	?	0.10	130		ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.08	160		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.27	150		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.08	120		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.11	170		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.10	130		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	?	0.18	90		ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78		48	601	13		16	0	5																	GX	CAM 266	0.03?		POORLY FIRED, OR CORE, SANDY, GREY SURF	AD 43-80
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 266	0.20	150		AD 43-80
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.05	170		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 266	0.21	130		AD 43-80
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.11	110		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.15	160?		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	?	0.18	130		ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	?	0.09	170		ROMAN
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.10	140		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.11	160		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.08	140		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.13	160		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.17	160		AD 43-120
F87	DITCH	78																									GX	CAM 218	0.05	140		AD 43-120

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F87	DITCH	78		1	10	10		0	0	1															RCW 2				LIA-ER		
F87	DITCH	78		4	51	13		0	0	1															RCW 1				LIA-ER		
F87	DITCH	78		3	9	3																			GX (BSW)				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	78		6	92	15																			DJ			ORANGE, V SANDY, GREY CORE	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	78		30	194	6		4	0	1															FSW/EGW	CAM 266	0.20	110	? TH-W, MICACEOUS, OR TO GREY, SANDY, POWDERY	LIA-ER	
F87	DITCH	78																							FSW/EGW	CAM 266	0.18	100	? TH-W, MICACEOUS, OR TO GREY, SANDY, POWDERY	LIA-ER	
F87	DITCH	78																							FSW/EGW	CAM 62			? CUP/BOWL	AD 43-80	
F87	DITCH	78		4	15	4																			FSOW				LIA-ER		
F87	DITCH	78		30	283	9										X									GX	CAM 108	0.28	110	OR/BR CORE GREY SURFACES	AD 43-130/140/200?	
F87	DITCH	78																							GX	CAM 108	0.20	115		AD 43-130/140/200?	
F87	DITCH	78																							GX	CAM 108	0.11	120		AD 43-130/140/200?	
F87	DITCH	78																							GX	CAM 218	0.17	160?		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	78		5	137	27		3	0	2															FSW/EGW	CAM 218	0.18	135	FINE BL CORE, MICA, LIGHT GREY/OR SURFACE	AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	78																							FSW/EGW	CAM 218	0.08	140		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	78		2	34	17		1	0	1															GX	?	0.08	110		ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	78		2	31	16		1	0	0															DJ	CAM 231-232	0.13	160	? OR, VBLACK CORE, SANDY MICACEOUS, GREY BANDS	LIA-ER	
F87	DITCH	79		1	20	20																			GTW					LIA	
F87	DITCH	79		10	88	9		4	0	1															GX	CAM 108	0.14	100		AD 43-130/140/200?	
F87	DITCH	79																							GX	CAM 218	0.13	140		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	79																							GX	CAM 218	0.08	140		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	79																							GX	CAM 218	0.13	90		AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	79		2	23	12																			GX	CAM 209A				AD 43-80	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F87	DITCH	79		2	39	20		0	0	2															GX				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	79		9	76	8																			FSW/EGW				LIA-ER		
F87	DITCH	79		11	93	8		1	0	0															GX (BSW)	CAM 218	0.28	150	AD 43-120		
F87	DITCH	79		1	13	13		0	0	1															FSW/EGW				LIA-ER		
F87	DITCH	79		1	9	9																			DJ				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	79		1	14	14		1	0	0															FMW	CAM 218	0.09	150	LIA-AD 120		
F87	DITCH	79		3	30	10		2	0	0															DJ	CAM 218	0.13	150	LIA-AD 120		
F87	DITCH	97		3	88	29		1	0	2															GX	?	0.10	180	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	97		6	71	12		1	0	0															DJ	CAM 231-232	0.20	110	ODD VSANDY, OR/BROWN, GREY SUR MISFIRED GX?	AD 43-150/180	
F87	DITCH	14	104	243	2			7	0	1															GX	CAM 218	0.02	?	AD 43-120		
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	CAM 218	0.13	110	AD 43-120		
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	CAM 513	0.05	170	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	?	0.11	60	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	?	0.06	150	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	?	0.07	90	ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14	30	72	2			0	0	1															FSW/EGW	CAM 108			COMB STAB DEC OR MISFIRED GX, POWDERY FINE ORANGE GREY SURF	LIA-ER	
F87	DITCH	14	13	19	1																				BSW				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14	1	2	2																				GX				ROMAN		
F87	DITCH	14	16	37	2			2	0	0															GX	CAM 218/266	0.14	140	MISFIRED?, VS ORANGE GREY SURFACE	AD 43-80/120	
F87	DITCH	14	17	41	2			2	0	0															GX	CAM 266	0.10	80	MISFIRED OR CORE	AD 43-80	
F87	DITCH	14																							GX	CAM 508	0.08	130	MISFIRED OR CORE	ROMAN	
F87	DITCH	14	25	50	2			1	0	0															FSOW	CAM 218	0.06	90	? OR/BR, SLIGHTLY DARKER SURF	AD 43-120	
F87	DITCH	14	1	10	10			0	0	1															GX				OR CORE DARKER GREY SURF	ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F88	GULLY	45			6	27	5		0	0	1																GX				ROMAN	
F88	GULLY	45			1	14	14																				HZ				LIA-AD 200/300	
F88	GULLY	45			1	7	7																				GX				MISFIRED ORANGE PALE GREY SURFACE	ROMAN
F88	GULLY	98			2	23	12		1	0	0																GX	CAM 266	0.08	140		AD 43-80
F91	PIT	47			7	45	6																				GX				ROMAN	
F91	PIT	47			2	23	12		2	0	0					X	X										GX	CAM 508	0.18	180	SOOTING TOP RIM	ROMAN
F95	DITCH/GULLY	49			2	2	1																				GX				ROMAN	
F97	PIT	50			1	28	28																				GX				ROMAN	
F97	PIT		9		5	29	6		1	0	1																GX	CAM 241-242	0.04	180		AD 43-80/120
F99	DITCH	51			1	2	2																				GX				ROMAN	
F99	DITCH	51			1	2	2		1	0	0																HMF	?	0.03	?	BLACK, FINE ANGULAR FLN SAND	IRON AGE
F99	DITCH	68			1	14	14																				HMF				MOD C S-A FL	PREHISTORIC
F100	DITCH	52			1	1	1																				GX				ROMAN	
F100	DITCH	63			1	24	24																				GX				ROMAN	
F100	DITCH	63			1	2	2																				FSW/EGW				LIA-ER	
F100	DITCH	169			3	54	18		0	0	2																GX				ROMAN	
F100	DITCH	169			17	131	8																				FSW/EGW				WORN ABRADED GX?, ORANGE TINGE IN PLACES	LIA-ER
F101	DITCH	53			1	50	50		0	0	1																GX				ROMAN	
F101	DITCH	61			1	41	41		1	0	0																TZ (COL)	CAM 195	0.07	290		AD 43-125
F101	DITCH	64			3	10	3																				GX				ROMAN	
F101	DITCH	64			2	198	99		1	0	1			X													BACG	DRAG 31	0.28	180	GRAF Y ON UNDERSIDE BASE	AD 150-220
F102	Ditch	56			2	73	37	X																			BAET	DR20				ROMAN
F102	Ditch	56			4	12	3																				GX				ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F102	Ditch	56		1	9	9		1	0	0															GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.07200		NO BURNISH	AD 110-180/220	
F102	Ditch	56		1	4	4																			GP					AD 43-110	
F102	Ditch	56		2	11	6		1	0	0															GX	CAM 508	0.08160			ROMAN	
F102	Ditch	56		1	12	12									X										WA				MOD FINE SILVER MICA	ROMAN	
F104	Animal disturbance	54		1	17	17		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F104	Animal disturbance	54		1	10	10																			DJ					ROMAN	
F105	PIT	55		3	38	13																			GX					ROMAN	
F105	PIT	55		1	5	5									X										DJ					ROMAN	
F107	DITCH	65		3	7	2		2	0	0															GX	CAM 108	0.13150			AD 43-130/140/200?	
F107	DITCH	66		1	3	3																			CSOW					CSOW	
F107	DITCH	66		1	2	2																			RCW					LIA-ER	
F110	cremation	73		6	39	7																			GTW (BG)	CAM 229	0.05180		RIPPLED BOWL	LIA	
F110	cremation	10		4	5	1		1	0	0					X										DJ	?	0.02?			ROMAN	
F111	DITCH	74		1	10	10																			GX					ROMAN	
F111	DITCH	74		3	7	2																			FSW/EGW					ROMAN	
F111	DITCH	74		4	34	9									X										GX					ROMAN	
F117	GULLY	102		1	21	21																			GX					ROMAN	
F118	DITCH	104		1	7	7		1	0	0															GX	?	0.10100			ROMAN	
F121	PIT	75		1	2	2									X										GX					ROMAN	
F121	PIT	75		2	6	3																			GX					ROMAN	
F121	PIT	75		2	31	16																			GX					ROMAN	
F121	PIT	75		1	16	16		1	0	0															BACG	DRAG 30	0.08150			AD 110-220	
F121	PIT	142		2	8	4																			GX (BSW)					ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F121	PIT	142			4	27	7										X										BAET	DR20				ROMAN
F122	DITCH	76			2	15	8		0	0	2															GB					AD 110/125-300	
F123	DITCH	80			4	32	8																			GX					PREHISTORIC	
F123	DITCH	80			1	27	27																			HZ					PREHISTORIC	
F123	DITCH	80			1	43	43		1	0	0															RCW 2	CAM 218	0.13	200		AD 43-120	
F123	DITCH	80			2	42	21																			GX				MISFIRED SANDY GX	ROMAN	
F123	DITCH	80			1	5	5																			FSW/EGW					LIA-ER	
F124	DITCH	81			2	442	221		2	0	0															GR	CAM 69B/320	0.86	175	NR COMPLETE, DR30 COPY	AD 43-125	
F124	DITCH	82			10	308	31		0	0	1														X	DJ				HOLE c.35 MM DIAM THROUGH BASE, RED NODS & STREAKS	ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			4	101	25		3	0	1															GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.12	210		AD 180-275	
F124	DITCH	92																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.10	200		AD 180-275	
F124	DITCH	92																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.13	210		AD 180-275	
F124	DITCH	92			17	129	8		1	0	3															GX	CAM 302	0.13	170?		AD 150-280/350	
F124	DITCH	92			8	92	12																			DJ					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			3	92	31		0	0	1						X									DJ					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			2	15	8																			DJ					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	7	7		1	0	0															CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.10	130		AD 100/110-180/210	
F124	DITCH	92			1	23	23										X									TZ (COL)					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	268	268		1	0	0	X														TZ (COL)	CAM 195	0.28	280	HERRINGBONE STAMP	AD 130-170	
F124	DITCH	92			12	147	12																			DJ					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			3	37	12										X									GX					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			2	22	11																			BSW					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	8	8		0	0	1															GB					AD 110/125-300	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
F124	DITCH	92			1	18	18		1	0	0						X										GX	CAM 299	0.13	160	?	AD 140-400	
F124	DITCH	92			2	41	21		2	0	0			X													BACG	DRAG 31	0.17	210	GRAF EXT?	AD 150-220	
F124	DITCH	92			3	189	63		0	0	1																DJ				FLAGON, HARD WHITE	ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			3	30	10																				DJ					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			4	8	2																				BSW					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			7	43	6																				GX					ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	45	45		1	0	0																GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.10	220		AD 110-180/220	
F124	DITCH	92			1	11	11		1	0	0																KX	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	230		AD 180-275	
F124	DITCH	92			2	30	15																				DJ (M)				HADHAM CH? BUT LOST EXT BURNISH	ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	13	13		1	0	0																HMG	BOWL	0.05	160	DARK BROWN-BLACK	PREHISTORIC	
F124	DITCH	92			6	10	2		3	0	0																DJ	?	0.60	50	SMALL FLASK? CAM 280-281?	ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			6	22	4		3	0	0																GX	CAM 266	0.11	135		AD 43-80	
F124	DITCH	92																									GX	?	0.10	130		ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	92			1	26	26		1	0	0																KX	CAM 37A/38A	0.14	180		AD 110-180/220	
F124	DITCH	92			15	48	3		1	0	1					X											GB	CAM 278	0.08	90		AD 117-250/260	
F124	DITCH	92			18	197	11		1	0	1																GB	CAM 278	0.13	200		AD 110/125-300	
F124	DITCH	93			6	18	3																				DJ				RED/OR NODS	ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	93			3	2	1																					BSW					ROMAN
F124	DITCH	93			3	2	1										X											GX					ROMAN
F124	DITCH	93			8	94	12		1	0	1						X										GX	CAM 218/266	0.08	110		AD 43-80/120	
F124	DITCH	93			2	10	5		1	0	0						X										GX	CAM 266	0.16	100		AD 43-80	
F124	DITCH	173			1	2	2																					GX					ROMAN
F124	DITCH	173			1	2	2																					BASG					AD 43-110

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F124	DITCH	173			1	3	3										X										DZ				ROMAN	
F124	DITCH	173			1	113	113		0	0	1						X										DJ	CAM 198			AD 43-180/220	
F126	PIT	83			28	1123	40									X											HMG	BUCKET URN			APPLIED RECT/HORSESHOE HANDLE WITH FINGER TIP IMP. BR, BL INT, LOTS GROG	MBA
F126	PIT	83			12	11	1																				HM CRUMBS			CRUMBS	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			5	96	19																				HMF				PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			1	64	64																				HMF			BROWN, BLACK	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			4	63	16																				HMG			BR, BLACK INT SMOOTH SURF.	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			9	69	8									X											HMG			BR BLACK , SMOOTHED SURF	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			8	70	9																				HMG				PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			1	31	31		0	0	1																HMG			BROWN BLACK INT	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			15	167	11		5	0	0																HMG	BUCKET URN	0.19260		BLACK THICK-W, COMMON GROG, SLIGHTLY SMOOTHED, CORDON?	MBA
F126	PIT	83			1	5	5																				HMF			RARE COARSE FL, BROWN	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			1	3	3										X										HMG				PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			1	8	8																				HMG				PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			67	390	6		8	0	4																HMG	BOWL	0.33190		THINNER-W, BLACK, COMMON GROG	PREHISTORIC
F126	PIT	83			52	53	1																				HM CRUMBS			UNID CRUMBS	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			38	125	3																				HMF			BROWN DARK BR MOD C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			76	541	7		1	0	6																HMSG	BOWL	0.05160		RARE TEMPER, SMOOTH, OR, BLACK INT	PREHISTORIC
F126	PIT	83			35	323	9		0	0	6																HMSG			OR BR	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			7	71	10		5	0	0																HMF	BUCKET URN	0.12180		RARE FL, BL DARK BR. DEC GROOVES BELOW RIM. SHERD WITH CORDON WITH F-IMP ON BODY	MBA

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F126	PIT	83																								HMF	BUCKET URN	0.03?		DEC LINES	MBA	
F126	PIT	83																								HMF	BUCKET URN EXPANDED FLAT RIM	0.05	180?		MBA	
F126	PIT	83			21	104	5		1	0	0															HMS	BUCKET URN	0.05	250	2 LINES F-NAIL DEC	MBA	
F126	PIT	83			12	58	5		3	0	0															HMS	CUP	0.23	80	GREY/BL NR TEMPERLESS, TH- W, BOSSES	BRONZE AGE	
F126	PIT	83																								HMS	BOWL	0.05	120		PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			1	9	9																			HMS				OR BK CORE, RARE S	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	83			12	143	12		1	0	2															HMF	BUCKET URN	0.09	130	2 CORDONS WITH F-IMP	MBA	
F126	PIT	84			1	6	6																			HMF				BLACK, FINE ANG FL, RARE PEBBLES	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	86			3	75	25																			HMF				OR DARK CORE, RARE C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT	86			1	47	47																			HMF	BUCKET URN			BROWN GREY CORE, C SPARSE FL, 3 CORDONS	BRONZE AGE	
F126	PIT	87			1	45	45		1	0	0															HMGF	BUCKET URN	0.05	300	BLACK, TH-W, GROG RARE FL, GOES WITH F127 (87)	MBA	
F126	PIT	196			2	5	3										X									HMF				MOD C S-A FL	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT		29		10	31	3																			HMG				SMOOTH SURF, OR/DARK BR, BLACK CORE	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT		29		4	67	17		0	0	2															HMS				NR TEMPERLESS, RARE SAND	PREHISTORIC	
F126	PIT		29		6	12	2		4	0	0															HMSG	BOWL	0.18	120	NR TEMPERLESS, RARE SAND	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			16	64	4		0	0	4															HMSG				SLIGHT FOOTRING	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			2	12	6																			HMSG				OXID BLACK CORE	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			4	33	8																			HMS				DARK BROWN	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			3	28	9																			HMSG				OXID OR BLACK CORE RARE SAND	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			1	8	8																			HMS				OX BROWN BLACK CORE RARE SAND	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			2	8	4		2	0	0															HMG	BOWL	0.04	220		PREHISTORIC	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F127	PIT	87			1	63	63		1	0	0															HMGF	BUCKET URN	0.07300		SHERD IN F126 (83) NR TEMPERLESS, VR FL , DARK BROWN, CRACKED	MBA	
F127	PIT	87			1	12	12																			HMSG				OXID BROWN	PREHISTORIC	
F127	PIT	87			2	4	2									X										HMS				BROWN SMOOTH	PREHISTORIC	
F129	PIT	91			1	12	12																			GX					ROMAN	
F130	Gully	94			1	4	4		1	0	0															GX	CAM 108	0.08120			AD 43-130/140/200?	
F131	cremation		15		1	2	2	X																		GX					ROMAN	
F132	cremation		18		2	3	2	X																		GX					ROMAN	
F135	Tree-throw	95			1	2	2																			GX					ROMAN	
F136	PIT	96			1	22	22		0	0	1															GB					AD 110/125-300	
F139	DITCH	99			3	38	13		1	0	1															GX	CAM 104	0.14	60		AD 55-90	
F139	DITCH	99			1	5	5																			GX					ROMAN	
F141	PIT	101			1	9	9																			DJ					ROMAN	
F141	PIT	101			1	2	2		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F141	PIT	101			2	81	41																			GX					ROMAN	
F141	PIT	101			10	43	4		1	0	0												X			CZ	CAM 406	0.17100		FOLDED BK, LOSING MOST	AD 180-250	
F141	PIT	101			2	29	15		1	0	0															HZ (BSW)	CAM 230	0.11170?			LIA-AD 80	
F143	post hole	103			1	68	68		0	0	1															HMG				RARE COARSE PEBBLES	PREHISTORIC	
F144	PIT	103			2	12	6																			GX					ROMAN	
F144	PIT	103			1	16	16																			HZ OX					LIA-AD 200/300	
F144	PIT	103			6	94	16		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F147	PIT	105			1	4	4																			GX					ROMAN	
F147	PIT	105			1	2	2								X											GX					ROMAN	
F147	PIT	105			2	42	21															X				TZ (COL)					ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F148	PIT	106		1	6	6																			GX				SANDY	ROMAN	
F151	DITCH	107		1	7	7																			GX					ROMAN	
F151	DITCH	107		3	4	1																			BSW					ROMAN	
F151	DITCH	108		16	65	4																			GX (BSW-P)					ROMAN	
F151	DITCH	108		1	2	2																			WA	CAM 108			COMB STAB DEC	AD 40-130/140/200	
F151	DITCH	108		3	10	3																			GX					ROMAN	
F151	DITCH	108		1	3	3	1	0	0																GP	CAM 122	0.10	90		AD 100-160	
F152	DITCH	115		1	5	5																			BSW					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		10	403	40																			HZ					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		2	11	6																			HZ OX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		1	80	80																			GX				VSANDY	ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		4	40	10	1	0	0																GX	CAM 218	0.10	270	FINER SMOOTHER	AD 43-120	
F152	DITCH	115		1	9	9																			GX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		3	79	26	2	0	0					X											GX	CAM 243-244/246	0.19	140		AD 43-138	
F152	DITCH	115																							GX	CAM 119	0.15	100		AD 43-320	
F152	DITCH	115		2	25	13	2	0	0																GB	CAM 278	0.26	130		AD 117-250/260	
F152	DITCH	115		5	34	7	1	0	0						X										GX	CAM 513	0.08	160		ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		15	37	2																			DJ					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	115		9	14	2	2	0	0																DJ	CAM 140	0.26	55	CORKY FABRIC	LIA/AD 43-96	
F152	DITCH	116		1	24	24																			GX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	116		4	74	19	2	0	0																GX	CAM 266	0.15	200		AD 43-80	
F152	DITCH	116																							GX	CAM 513	0.06	260		ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	116		1	14	14	0	0	1																GX				LID	ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	116		1	10	10	1	0	0																GX	CAM 514	0.12	140	DOME DLID Y-RIM	ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F152	DITCH	116			15	56	4		2	0	0															DJ	CAM 155	0.30	70	LIGHT CORKY FISSURED FABRIC	AD 43-150	
F152	DITCH	116			1	18	18																			GX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	116			2	55	28		1	0	0															BASG	DRAG 18	0.24	180	LOST SOME SLIP	AD 43-100	
F152	DITCH	116			1	46	46		1	0	0															BASG	DRAG 18	0.23	185	LOST SOME SLIP & TOP RIM	AD 43-100	
F152	DITCH	155			15	94	6																			EZ (KOL CC)					ROUGH CAST	AD 100-220
F152	DITCH	155			10	73	7		1	0	2															GX	CAM 227	0.10	160?		AD 54-120	
F152	DITCH	155			2	29	15		0	0	1															UR (GX)					LIA-ER	
F152	DITCH	155			10	19	2									X										GX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	155			9	62	7		0	0	1															GX					ROMAN	
F152	DITCH	155			2	28	14											X	X							DJ					ROMAN	
F153	Pit	109			2	3	2	X																		GX					ROMAN	
F156	Pit/post hole	110			1	11	11		1	0	0															HMF	JAR UPRIGHT RIM	0.10	100	OR/BR FINE WARE, BLACK CORE MOD FINE-M ANG FL	LBA	
F158	Pit/post hole	110			2	3	2																			HMF					BROWN, VC F-C FL, SOME VC FL NODS	PREHISTORIC
F158	Pit/post hole	110			1	14	14																			HMF					ANG MOD C FL	PREHISTORIC
F158	Pit/post hole	110			1	4	4																			HMF					MOD FINE FL	PREHISTORIC
F158	Pit/post hole	110			1	1	1																			GX	CAM 108				COMB STAB DEC	ROMAN
F161	Pit/post hole	112			60	451	8																			HMF					ORANGE BROWN SURF, COMMON M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC
F161	Pit/post hole	112			1	21	21																			HMF					OR DARKER SURF, RARE VC S-A FL	PREHISTORIC
F163	PIT	29			1	3	3																			HMF					OXID BROWN, COMMON F-M FL	LBA
F163	PIT	29			2	64	32		1	0	0															HMF	SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.05	170	DARK BROWN MED C S-R FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	29			11	26	2																			HMF					DARK BROWN FREQ C S-A FL	LBA

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F163	PIT	29		4	34	9																			HMF				ORANGE, MOD POORLY SORTED FL, F-IMP ON SHLD	LBA	
F163	PIT	29		2	14	7	1	0	0																HMF	SHOULDERED JAR FLAT TOPPED RIM	0.02?		SMOOTH SURF, TH-W, COMMON FINE A FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	29		1	8	8																			HMF				OR DARK CORE, SMOOTH SUR, MOD MED S-A FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	29		2	10	5																			HMF				OR/DARK BROWN, COMMON F-M A FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	29		1	9	9									X										HMF				ORANGE, MOD MED A FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	29		2	13	7																			HMF				ORANGE, DARK INT, MOD F ANG, RARE C FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	113		6	44	7																			HMF				ORANGE, MOD M-C FL RARE PEBBLES	LBA	
F163	PIT	113		2	117	59																			HMF				BROWN, COMBED INT, COMMON F-C ANGULAR FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	113		4	29	7																			HMF				BLACK, FREQ F-M ANGULAR FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	113		1	44	44																			HMF				DARK BROWN, FREQ F-M ANGULAR FL	LBA	
F163	PIT	113		2	23	12																			HMF				BROWN, ORANGE INT, FREQ MED ANGULAR FL, RARE PEBBLES	LBA	
F166	Pit/post hole	114		1	8	8																			HMF				GREY FREQ S-A FL	PREHISTORIC	
F166	Pit/post hole	114		1	11	11																			HMF				BROWN, MOD F ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F170	DITCH	122		1	5	5	1	0	0																GX	CAM 507	0.06200				ROMAN
F170	DITCH	136		1	5	5																			GX						ROMAN
F170	DITCH	191		5	45	9	0	0	2																GX						ROMAN
F171	Pit/post hole	120		1	25	25																			HMF					BROWN, SLIGHTLY SMOOTHED SURFACES, FREQ MED ANG FL	PREHISTORIC
F171	Pit/post hole	120		1	15	15	1	0	0																HMF	JAR EVERTED RIM	0.05150			ORANGE, FREQ C ANG FL	LBA-EIA
F173	Pit/post hole	121		13	117	9	0	0	1																HMF					FINGER IMP, DARK BR, FREQ M ANG & S-ANG FL, RARE C FL	LBA
F173	Pit/post hole	121		2	119	60	0	0	2																HMF					OR-BROWN, RARE SUB-ANGULAR F-M FL	LBA

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F173	Pit/post hole	121			1	31	31																				HMF				ORANGE, MOD S-A MED FL	LBA
F173	Pit/post hole	121			2	10	5																				HMF				BLACK, FREQ FINE FL, SMOOTHED BURNISHED SUR	LBA
F173	Pit/post hole	121			2	5	3																				HMF				DARK BR, MOD MED ANG FL, SMOOTH BUNRISHED SUR	LBA
F173	Pit/post hole	121			1	3	3																				HMF				OR DARKER BR INT, MOD M ANGULAR FL	LBA
F173	Pit/post hole	121			1	8	8		1	0	0																HMF	JAR FLAT- TOPPED RIM	0.06180		BR, DARK BR SURFACE, RARE MED ANG FL	LBA-EIA
F173	Pit/post hole	121			1	7	7		1	0	0																HMF	BOWL	0.05130		DARK BROWN, FREQ ANG M-C FL	LBA-EIA
F174	PIT	123			2	11	6		1	0	0																GX	CAM 218	0.05180			AD 43-120
F176	cremation	126			7	63	9		3	0	3																GX	CAM 104	0.1780		FINER	AD 54-96
F176	cremation	126			3	13	4									X											GX				SANDY	ROMAN
F176	cremation	126			3	63	21		0	0	1																GX				SANDY	ROMAN
F176	cremation	126			1	3	3									X											GX					ROMAN
F176	cremation	126			1	16	16		1	0	0																GA	CAM 303	0.21100			AD 110/125- 220
F176	cremation	126			2	14	7		1	0	0																DJ	CAM 508	0.06190			ROMAN
F176	cremation		23		10	30	3		1	0	2																GX	CAM 243-244/246	0.05160			AD 43-138
F176	cremation		24		1	1	1																				BSW					ROMAN
F176	cremation		24		6	19	3		0	0	1																GX					ROMAN
F176	cremation		24		1	4	4		1	0	0						X										GX	?	0.03?			ROMAN
F176	cremation		23		2	2	1	X																			GX					ROMAN
F177	CREMATION	125			3	25	8																				GX					ROMAN
F177	CREMATION	125			1	7	7																				DJ					ROMAN
F177	CREMATION	125			1	3	3										X										DJ					ROMAN
F177	CREMATION	125			1	86	86		1	0	0						X										KX	CAM 278	0.18190		TRACE BURNING TOP RIM	AD 117- 250/260

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date		
F177	CREMATION		25		2	10	5																										ROMAN	
F178	PIT	124			4	134	34																									OR OXID, FREQ M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F178	PIT	124			4	203	51										X															BLACK COMMON C S-R FL	PREHISTORIC	
F178	PIT	124			35	400	11										X															BROWN DARK CORE, S-A M-C FL, FINGER IMP	PREHISTORIC	
F178	PIT		22		6	52	9		1	0	0																HMF	SHOULDERED JAR	0.05	150	BROWN, MOD MED S-R FL	LBA-EIA		
F178	PIT		22		1	27	27																									FREQ F & S	PREHISTORIC	
F178	PIT		22		2	12	6		2	0	0																					BRWON, DARKER CORE, FREQ F-M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC	
F178	PIT		22		1	3	3																									ORANGE, SMOOTH SURF, RARE R S	PREHISTORIC	
F180	Pit/post hole	127			4	10	3																									DARK GREY/BLACK	PREHISTORIC	
F182	Pit/post hole	128			2	10	5																										BR DARKER INT, RARE C ANG FL, FINGERNAIL IMP	PREHISTORIC
F182	Pit/post hole	128			1	8	8																										BROWN FLINT COMMON F-M ANG	PREHISTORIC
F182	Pit/post hole	128			1	2	2										X																FINE WARE, RARE SAND, MICA	PREHISTORIC
F185	Pit/post hole	129			2	7	4																										BROWN, F-M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	131			1	6	6																										BL DARK BROWN, COMMON M ANG FL	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	131			1	47	47																										OR DARK INT, COMB, FREQ C FL	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	131			2	47	24																										OR COMMON ANG M FL	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	131			1	15	15																										OR DARK CORE, ANG, POWDERY DEP ON SURF	PREHISTORIC
F190	Pit/post hole	131			1	10	10		1	0	0																						OR SMOOTH SURFACE, BLACK CORE, C F ANG FL	LBA-EIA
F190	Pit/post hole	131			1	9	9																										OR DARK CORE, R C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC
F202	CREMATION		133		1	5	5										X																BUFF DARKER GREY SURF	LIA-ER
F203	cremation		27		1	1	1																											ROMAN
F203	cremation		27		17	33	2		1	0	1																							AD 43-

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
																																130/140/200?
F203	cremation	27		1	1	1		X																							ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	1	1		X																							ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	1	1		X																							ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	1	1		X																							ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	3	3																									AD 110/125-300	
F203	cremation	28		1	4	4		X																							ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	1	1																									ROMAN	
F203	cremation	28		1	1	1																									ROMAN	
F203	cremation	134		1	4	4																									ROMAN	
F203	cremation	134		1	6	6											X														ROMAN	
F203	cremation	134		1	3	3											X														ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		1	51	51															X	X				BACG	DRAG 45A			LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-220	
F208	DITCH	137		1	37	37		X																			BAET	DR20			ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		64	716	11		0	0	6																					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		25	224	9											X														ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		28	165	6											X														ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		6	106	18																									ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		2	51	26																					GX (BSW)				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		1	13	13																									ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		19	352	19		19	0	0							X										GX	CAM 268	0.11	160	AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																													AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																													AD 125/150-280/320	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.31	140		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.55	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.15	140		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.21	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.19	160		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.18	150		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 299	0.08	110		AD 140-400
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.13	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.11	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 299	0.13	150		AD 140-400
F208	DITCH	137			11	240	22		11	0	0																	GX	CAM 268	0.15	160		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.19	140		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 307	0.18	200		AD 180/220-400
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 401	0.24	110?		AD 138/150-180
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 268	0.18	160		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 218	0.02?	?		AD 43-120
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	?	0.04	120		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 508	0.11	170		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137																										GX	CAM 270B	0.11	250		AD 43-200/300
F208	DITCH	137			19	54	3		5	0	0																	GX	CAM 391A/B	0.11	130	LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 110/125-180/210

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
F208	DITCH	137																															AD 225-400
F208	DITCH	137																					X			CZ	CAM 408-410	0.08	60?			AD 150/180-250	
F208	DITCH	137																					X			CZ	CAM 392	0.12	70			AD 225-275/300	
F208	DITCH	137																					X			CZ	CAM 407	0.08	90			AD 150/180-250	
F208	DITCH	137																														ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137			2	2	1																			DZ						ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137			4	11	3																			DJ						ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137			1	22	22		0	0	1															DJ (M)					FINE SILVER MICA, RED/OR NODS	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137			2	56	28		2	0	0															DJ	CAM 207/296	0.24	135		OR BASE	AD 43-180/220	
F208	DITCH	137			1	31	31		1	0	0						X						X			BAEG	DRAG 45B	0.12	185		LOST NR ALL SLIP	AD 150-260	
F208	DITCH	137			4	82	21		2	0	0															GA	CAM 279C	0.19	170			AD 220-380	
F208	DITCH	137			4	46	12		1	0	0															KX	CAM 278	0.09	140			AD 117-250/260	
F208	DITCH	137			1	23	23		1	0	0															KX	CAM 37A/38A	0.19	190			AD 110-180/220	
F208	DITCH	137			48	920	19		24	0	19															GB	CAM 305B	0.06	190			AD 275-300	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.06	210			AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.09	230			AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.11	180			AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.07	180			AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.12	260			AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.42	240			AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	220			AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.07	220			AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	230			AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.14	190			AD 180-275	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F208	DITCH	137																							GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.03?		AD 180-275		
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.11	240	AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.08	220	AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	170	AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.04	180	AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137		1	135	135		0	0	1																GA				AD 110/125-400	
F208	DITCH	137		3	59	20										X										DJ			? BR DARKER BROWN SUR, SOFTER FINE	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		7	50	7		5	0	0																GX	CAM 268	0.08	150	AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																								GX	CAM 513	0.11	150	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137																								GX	?	0.05	160	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137																								GX	CAM 299	0.35	100	AD 140-400	
F208	DITCH	137		1	22	22																				GX				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		1	7	7		1	0	0																CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.18	70	VERY RED C-C	AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	137		1	2	2																				DJ				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137		3	23	8		2	0	0																BACO	DRAG 33	0.36	110	YELLOW FABRIC LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-200
F208	DITCH	137		2	46	23		1	0	1																BAEG	DRAG 31	0.08	160	LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-260
F208	DITCH	137		1	6	6		1	0	0																BACG	DRAG 33	0.13	100	LOST SOME SLIP	AD 110-220
F208	DITCH	137		1	6	6		1	0	0																BACG	DRAG 38	0.05	170	? PLAIN	AD 150-220
F208	DITCH	137		5	41	8		2	0	0																GA	CAM 279C	0.12	150		AD 220-380
F208	DITCH	137																								GA	CAM 279C	0.05	160		AD 220-380
F208	DITCH	137		36	441	12		17	0	18																GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.11	210		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	220		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	220		AD 180-275

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F208	DITCH	137																							GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	210		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	250		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.02	?		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	190		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.03	?		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	150		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.12	180		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.14	190		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.08	170		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.07	180		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40A	0.02	?		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137																								GB	CAM 40B	0.08	180		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	137		64	262	4																				CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.12	100		AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 406	0.15	80		AD 180-250
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 406	0.16	100		AD 180-250
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 406	0.20	80		AD 180-250
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 392	0.12	90		AD 150/180-250
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.08	110		AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.07	110		AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	137																								CZ	CAM 407	0.10	60		AD 225-275/300
F208	DITCH	137		3	9	3																				EA					AD 225/250-425
F208	DITCH	137		75	584	8		0	0	1																GX					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137		3	19	6								X												GX					ROMAN

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F208	DITCH	137		88	358	4		0	0	1															GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		1	5	5																			GA				AD 110/125-400		
F208	DITCH	137		9	121	13		0	0	8															GB				AD 110/125-300		
F208	DITCH	137		111	418	4		0	0	2															GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		4	9	2																			GB				AD 110/125-300		
F208	DITCH	137		1	13	13		1	0	0															GA	CAM 279C	0.13	100		AD 220-380	
F208	DITCH	137		19	83	4									X										GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		7	155	22		0	0	5															GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		1	10	10		0	0	1															GB				AD 110/125-300		
F208	DITCH	137		9	102	11		7	0	0															GX	CAM 513	0.08	120		ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 508	0.05	160		ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 268	0.13	140		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 268	0.13	140		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 268	0.13	140		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 268	0.09	150		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 108	0.10	120		AD 43-130/140/200?	
F208	DITCH	137		22	257	12		22	0	0															GX	CAM 513	0.05	120		ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 227	0.10	110	? OR CAM 299	AD 54-120	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 307	0.12	200		AD 180/220-400	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 307	0.08	140		AD 180/220-400	
F208	DITCH	137																							GX	CAM 268	0.11	150		AD 125/150-280/320	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F208	DITCH	137																								GX	CAM 268	0.13	140		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 299	0.25	100		AD 140-400
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.03	?		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.10	110		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.12	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.13	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.07	120		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.11	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 268	0.07	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 266	0.25	180		AD 43-80
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 266	0.08	120		AD 43-80
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 299	0.05	100		AD 140-400
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	CAM 391A/B	0.15	90		AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	137																									GX	?	0.11	110		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137		1	14	14		1	0	0																	GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.07	170		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	137		1	14	14		1	0	0																	GX	CAM 108	0.15	110		AD 43-130/140/200?
F208	DITCH	137		3	52	17		0	0	1																	GX				FINER	ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137		1	2	2		0	0	1							X										GX				FINER	ROMAN
F208	DITCH	137		8	234	29		0	0	1																	GX	CAM 108				AD 43-130/140/200?
F208	DITCH	137		1	2	2																					CL (NF)					AD 200-300
F208	DITCH	137		1	2	2																					CZ					AD 100/110-275/300

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F208	DITCH	137		1	8	8																			GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		6	20	3																			DJ				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		1	7	7									X										DJ			BLACK STAINING EXT	ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		9	36	4																			DJ (M)			HADHAM CH? BUT LOST EXT BURNISH	ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		3	3	1																			EZ			LOST C-C	AD 43-400		
F208	DITCH	137		1	3	3										X									MQ				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		1	15	15																			DJ				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		1	6	6																			MR			?	ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	137		3	371	124	0	0	2	X											X				BXCG	DRAG 37D			CURSIVE MOULD-MAKER STAMP	AD 110-220	
F208	DITCH	137		2	40	20	1	0	0																BACG	W79	0.09230	BETTER CONDITION	AD 160-220		
F208	DITCH	137		1	14	14	1	0	0												X				BACG	DRAG 33	0.21100		AD 110-200		
F208	DITCH	137		1	79	79	0	0	1													X			BACG	DRAG 31?				AD 150-220	
F208	DITCH	137		1	16	16													X	X					BACG	DRAG 45?				AD 150-220	
F208	DITCH	137		3	23	8	2	0	0													X			BACG	DRAG 45	0.07230		AD 150-220		
F208	DITCH	137		1	14	14																			BAEG			LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-260		
F208	DITCH	137		1	8	8	0	0	1																BACG	DRAG 27				AD 110-160	
F208	DITCH	137		1	10	10																			BAEG (BLWSA)			LOST MOST OF SLIP, COMMON FINE LIMESTONE	AD 150-260		
F208	DITCH	137		1	9	9	1	0	0																BACO	DRAG 33	0.11110		AD 150-200		
F208	DITCH	137		1	20	20	1	0	0																BAEG (SIN SA)	DRAG 18/31	0.08180	VERY ORANGE, LOST ALL SLIP	AD 140-160		
F208	DITCH	137		3	38	13	0	0	1																X	CZ			VERY RED C-C	AD 100/110- 275/300	
F208	DITCH	137		7	19	3																			CZ				AD 100/110- 275/300		
F208	DITCH	137		3	18	6																			GX				ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	160		8	276	35	1	0	1																GX	CAM 243-244/246	0.21250		AD 43-138		

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																										
F208	DITCH	165		7	105	15																								MINIATURE COMPLETE EXCEPT RIM	AD 150/180-400	
F208	DITCH	178		1	20	20	0	0	1																						AD 225/250-425	
F208	DITCH	178		2	34	17																								ROMAN		
F208	DITCH	178		41	431	11	5	0	1																	GX	CAM 268	0.13	170		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 307	0.36	120		AD 180/220-400
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.21	135		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	?	0.11	150		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		7	81	12	6	0	0					X													GX	CAM 268	0.27	160		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.15	150		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.16	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	?	0.03	?		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		3	6	2																					CZ					AD 100/110-275/300
F208	DITCH	178		1	3	3									X												CZ					AD 100/110-275/300
F208	DITCH	178		2	13	7																					DJ					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		1	2	2																					DJ				WHITE	ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		6	6	1																					CZ				LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 100/110-275/300
F208	DITCH	178		1	1	1																					EA					AD 225/250-425
F208	DITCH	178		1	1	1																					CL (NE)					AD 150-250
F208	DITCH	178		2	14	7																					GX					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		1	5	5																					GX					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		14	320	23	8	0	3																		GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.28	260		AD 180-275

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F208	DITCH	178																									GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.25	220		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	178																									GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	200		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	178																									GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.11	210		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	178		1	19	19			0	0	1																GA				AD 110/125-400	
F208	DITCH	178		11	96	9			1	0	4																GX	CAM 299	0.10	80	MINIATURE LARGE PART OF POT, OR CORE LIGHT GREY SURF.	AD 140-400
F208	DITCH	178		2	6	3																					GX				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	15	15			1	0	0																GB	CAM 40B	0.08	170		AD 110-275
F208	DITCH	178		3	76	25																					HZ				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	34	34			1	0	0																DJ	CAM 288	0.15	130		AD 43-300
F208	DITCH	178		2	7	4											X										GX				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	17	17																					GX	CAM 108			COMB-STAB DEC	AD 43-130/140/200?
F208	DITCH	178		6	17	3			3	0	0																GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.04	200		AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	178		2	68	34																X					BACG	DRAG 45				AD 150-220
F208	DITCH	178		1	48	48																	X				BAEG	DRAG 37			LOST SLIP & DEC	AD 150-260
F208	DITCH	178		1	3	3			1	0	0												X				BAEG	DRAG 31	0.05	180?		AD 150-260
F208	DITCH	178		1	3	3			1	0	0																DJ	?	0.08	130		ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178		8	1221	153			1	0	2																HZ	CAM 270B	0.13	280		LIA-AD 200/300
F208	DITCH	178		6	703	117																					HZ OX				LIA-AD 200/300	
F208	DITCH	178		1	20	20			1	0	0																GA	CAM 37A/38A	0.08	190		AD 110-180/220
F208	DITCH	178		4	104	26			4	0	0			X													KX	CAM 37B/38B	0.44	180	GRAF EXT BELOW RIM IA?	AD 180-275
F208	DITCH	178		10	91	9			1	0	2																GX	CAM 268	0.10	220		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178		1	8	8											X										GX				ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F208	DITCH	178			13	80	6		2	0	0																KX	CAM 278	0.39	140		AD 117-250/260
F208	DITCH	178			2	20	10																				GX					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			1	9	9																				WA					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			3	184	61		1	0	1												X			BACG	W79R	0.07	230	LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 180-220	
F208	DITCH	178			2	48	24		2	0	0												X			BAEG	DRAG 31	0.16	200	LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-260	
F208	DITCH	178			2	27	14		0	0	2															BAEG				LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 150-260	
F208	DITCH	178			7	54	8		3	0	1															CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.51	55	MINIATURE, LARGE PART OF VESSEL	AD 110/125-180/210	
F208	DITCH	178			1	14	14																X			CZ	CAM 392?			ROULETTED	AD 150/180-250	
F208	DITCH	178			1	6	6	X																		BAET	DR20				ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178			16	93	6		3	0	0															CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.34	135		AD 110/125-180/210	
F208	DITCH	178																								CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.13	120		AD 110/125-180/210	
F208	DITCH	178																								CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.08	90		AD 110/125-180/210	
F208	DITCH	178			1	26	26		0	0	1															EC					AD 43-90	
F208	DITCH	178			3	20	7										X									DJ					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178			1	6	6																			DJ					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178			1	8	8																			GA					AD 110/125-400	
F208	DITCH	178			20	258	13		6	0	11															GB	CAM 40B	0.06	140		AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.09	270		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.08	230		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.03	?		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.06	220		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 278	0.19	100		AD 117-250/260	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F208	DITCH	178		6	97	16		3	0	3															KX	CAM 40B	0.06	240	MORE GX FABRIC	AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	178																							KX	CAM 37A/38A	0.23	120	MORE GX FABRIC	AD 110-180/220	
F208	DITCH	178		1	29	29		1	0	0															KX	CAM 37B/38B	0.10	170		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178		1	62	62																								ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		31	382	12		3	0	5															GX	CAM 268	0.19	175		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178																							GX	CAM 268	0.09	160		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178																							GX	CAM 268	0.10	130		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178		11	83	8		3	0	0					X										GX	CAM 268	0.10	120		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178																							GX	CAM 268	0.11	180		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178																							GX	?	0.07	140		ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		3	40	13									X										DJ	CAM 108				AD 43-130/140/200?	
F208	DITCH	178		10	110	11		1	0	0				X											GX	CAM 268	0.28	130		AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178		5	47	9																			GX				FINER	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		3	20	7																			GX				FINER	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	3	3																			GX				FINER	ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	2	2																			BSW					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	5	5																			GX					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		4	118	30		2	0	0															BACG	DRAG 31	0.16	240	LOST SOME SLIP	AD 160-220	
F208	DITCH	178		1	15	15		1	0	0															BACO	DRAG 33	0.08	130	LOST ALL OF SLIP	AD 150-200	
F208	DITCH	178		1	10	10		1	0	0															BAMV	DRAG 18/31	0.05	120	LOST ALL OF SLIP	AD 100-135	
F208	DITCH	178		3	15	5		1	0	0															EA	CAM 407	0.08	80		AD 225-400	
F208	DITCH	178		16	102	6		3	0	1															CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.20	90		AD 110/125-180/210	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/mtd	Soot	Burn	Overifred	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F208	DITCH	178																									CZ	CAM 406	0.08	90		AD 180-250
F208	DITCH	178			1	15	15		1	0	0																CB	CAM 391A/B	0.13	110	BUT PINCHED FOLDED	AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	178			3	4	1		2	0	0						X										CZ	CAM 391A/B	0.16	90		AD 110/125-180/210
F208	DITCH	178			1	16	16																				HZ				LIA-AD 200/300	
F208	DITCH	178			46	539	12		6	0	5																GX	CAM 268	0.12	150		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.18	130		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 307	0.27	125		AD 180/220-400
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 307	0.11	110		AD 180/220-400
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 221	0.17	150?		AD 43-80/120
F208	DITCH	178			10	64	6		4	0	1																GX	CAM 268	0.22	125		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.12	120		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178																									GX	CAM 268	0.08	110		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178			13	153	12		1	0	1						X										GX	CAM 268	0.13	120		AD 125/150-280/320
F208	DITCH	178			1	3	3																				CL (NF)					AD 200-300
F208	DITCH	178			1	27	27		0	0	1						X										DZ				POSS LOST C-C OFF WHITE	ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			6	10	2																				DZ					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			2	19	10															X					TZ					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			2	13	7																				DJ					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			1	2	2																				DZ					ROMAN
F208	DITCH	178			1	25	25										X										DJ	CAM 108			COMB STAB DEC	AD 43-130/140/200?
F208	DITCH	178			2	22	11		0	0	1																DJ					ROMAN

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																										
F208	DITCH	178		1	13	13		1	0	0															GX	CAM 268	0.15	130		AD 125/150-280/320		
F208	DITCH	178		16	320	20		9	0	6																GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.11	260		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.07	190		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.14	200		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.08	240		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.08	240		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.08	230		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.05	250		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.07	210		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								GB	CAM 40B	0.05	130		AD 110-275	
F208	DITCH	178		3	25	8		3	0	0																KX	CAM 37A/38A	0.02	?		AD 110-180/220	
F208	DITCH	178																								KX	CAM 37B/38B	0.10	130		AD 180-275	
F208	DITCH	178																								KX	CAM 278	0.13	160		AD 117-250/260	
F208	DITCH	178		1	2	2																				GB					AD 110/125-300	
F208	DITCH	178		15	64	4																				GX					ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		7	65	9																				GX					MISFIRED? OR PALE GREY SURFACE ROMAN	
F208	DITCH	178		1	16	16																				GA					AD 110/125-400	
F208	DITCH	178		3	34	11		1	0	0																GX	CAM 268	0.07	100		? BLACK SANDY AD 125/150-280/320	
F208	DITCH	178		1	9	9		0	0	1																BACG					LOST MOST OF SLIP AD 110-220	
F208	DITCH	178		3	43	14		3	0	0																BAEG	DRAG 31	0.19	180		ORANGE, LOST ALL SLIP AD 150-260	
F209	PIT	138		7	653	93		3	0	1																	X					SPOUT, MIN DEP OVER EXT AD 43-125
F210	DITCH	139		1	8	8		1	0	0																	GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.05	170		AD 110-180/220

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F210	DITCH	139		1	13	13	0	0	1																GX				ROMAN		
F210	DITCH	140		11	51	5	0	0	2																DJ			FLAGON, OR/RED NODS	ROMAN		
F210	DITCH	140		1	4	4																			GX				ROMAN		
F211	DITCH	147		1	31	31	0	0	1																GX				ROMAN		
F211	DITCH	147		1	15	15																			HMF			BL DARK BR SURF, M-C ANG FL	PREHISTORIC		
F211	DITCH	147		3	9	3																			CZ			AD 100/110-275/300			
F213	gully	141		1	11	11	1	0	0																GX	CAM 218/266?	0.08	190	AD 43-80/120		
F216	PIT	144		1	7	7																			GX				ROMAN		
F216	PIT	144		2	4	2																			GX			GREY SURFACE, BR/OR FABRIC	ROMAN		
F219	PIT	145		1	2	2																			GX				ROMAN		
F220	DITCH	146		1	9	9																			GTW				LIA		
F221	PIT	143		4	516	129	X																		BAET	DR20			ROMAN		
F221	PIT	143		1	18	18																			BACG	CURLE 23C?			AD 110-220		
F221	PIT	143		1	6	6	1	0	0																DJ	BOWL	0.02?		ROMAN		
F221	PIT	152		4	22	6																			GB				AD 110/125-300		
F221	PIT	152		2	6	3																			DJ (M)				ROMAN		
F221	PIT	152		1	15	15																			BXSG			LOST MOST OF SLIP	AD 43-110		
F223	DITCH	161		4	17	4																			GX				ROMAN		
F223	DITCH	161		6	18	3									X										DJ			BR OXID SANDY (MISFIRED GX?)	ROMAN		
F223	DITCH	161		1	30	30									X										GX			SANDY	ROMAN		
F223	DITCH	150		2	11	6	1	0	0																FSW/EGW	CAM 266	0.02?		? THIN-W, PIMPLY BROWN NR OX	LIA-AD 80	
F225	PIT	151		1	8	8	1	0	0																UR (GX)	CAM 27	0.08	160	AD 43-69		
F225	PIT	151		1	2	2																			GX				ROMAN		

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F228	Ditch/gully	148			2	9	5		2	0	0						X									UR (FSW/EGW)	CAM 27	0.08	190		AD 43-69	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			2	2	1																			DJ					ROMAN	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			1	4	4									X										GX					ROMAN	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			10	53	5		1	0	0															GX	CAM 266	0.10	170		AD 43-80	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			2	18	9		2	0	0															GX	CAM 218	0.14	140		AD 43-120	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			1	2	2																			GX (BSW)					ROMAN	
F228	Ditch/gully	149			1	13	13		0	0	1															GA					AD 110/125-400	
F228	Ditch/gully		153		1	22	22		1	0	0												X			GB	CAM 37B/38B	0.11	200		AD 180-275	
F234	DITCH	157			1	5	5																			CZ					AD 100/110-275/300	
F234	DITCH	157			17	396	23		2	0	0	X														TZ (COL)	CAM 496	0.23	350	HERRINGBONE STAMP, AFFECTED BY SOIL CONDITIONS	AD 130-170	
F234	DITCH	157			8	88	11		0	0	1															GX	CAM 405/406			FOLDED BK	AD 180-250	
F234	DITCH	157			5	341	68		0	0	2															HZ					ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157			4	288	72		0	0	2					X										HZ					SOOTING INT?	
F234	DITCH	157			10	284	28		4	0	0															HZ OX	CAM 270B	0.29	220		LIA-200/300	
F234	DITCH	157			3	116	39										X									HZ					LIA-200/300	
F234	DITCH	157			2	17	9		1	0	1															GB	CAM 37B/37B	0.09	190		AD 180-275	
F234	DITCH	157			1	16	16																			GX					ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157			1	37	37		0	0	1															GX				VERY SANDY	ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157			1	53	53		1	0	0					X										GX	CAM 268			SOOTING TOP RIM	AD 125/150-280/320	
F234	DITCH	157			1	46	46																			TZ (I)					ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157			1	15	15		0	0	1					X										DJ					ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157			1	7	7																			DJ					ROMAN	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																										
F234	DITCH	157		4	113	28		1	0	0															GX	CAM 268	0.10	200	GREY SURFACE, V ORANGE FABRIC	AD 125/150-280/320		
F234	DITCH	157		25	541	22																				DJ				OR SUR, GREY CORE, MISFIED GX, POWDERY SURF. STAB DEC ON SHLD	ROMAN	
F234	DITCH	157		2	24	12		1	0	0																BSW	CAM 227	0.08	140		AD 54-120	
F235	Pit	156		1	15	15																									LIA-AD 200/300	
F235	Pit	156		1	17	17		1	0	0				X												GX	CAM 268	0.13	145		AD 125/150-280/320	
F238	PIT	158		1	2	2																				EZ (KOL CC)				ROUGH CASTING	AD 100-220	
F239	DITCH	159		1	76	76		0	0	1																DJ	CAM 207/296			ORANGE VERY SANDY	AD 43-180/220	
F239	DITCH	162		11	196	18		1	0	1		X														GX	CAM 299	0.30	120	LARGE PART OF VESSEL, GRAF EXT II	AD 140-400	
F239	DITCH	163		1	2	2																									ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	163		2	37	19																									ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	163		2	50	25		1	0	0		X														GA	CAM 303	0.16	150		AD 110/125-220	
F239	DITCH	164		2	5	3																									AD 110/125-400	
F239	DITCH	164		1	30	30		0	1	0																DJ	FLAGON				ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	164		1	4	4																					DJ			YELLOW, OR NODS	ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	164		2	8	4																					DJ				ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	164		1	6	6																					DJ			LIGHT, CORKY	ROMAN	
F239	DITCH	164		1	15	15		1	0	0																	GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.08	205		AD 110-180/220
F239	DITCH	164		1	22	22		1	0	0																	WC	CAM 37B/37B	0.11	220	ORANGE FINE, DARKER SURFACE NR GP	AD 180-275
F239	DITCH	164		11	216	20		1	0	0																	GX	CAM 270B	0.16	260		AD 43-200/300
F239	DITCH	164		1	205	205		0	0	1	X																BACG	DRAG 18/31			ILLEGIBLE STAMP, LOST MUCH OF SLIP	AD 110-150
F239	DITCH	164		1	15	15																					BACG				AD 110-220	

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	W/md	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
F239	DITCH	164			1	3	3		0	0	1																BAEG	DRAG 27?			EG? PALE YELLOW	AD 150-170	
F239	DITCH	164			1	3	3																				CZ				AD 100/110-275/300		
F239	DITCH	164			1	11	11		1	0	0																KX	CAM 37A/38A	0.06200			AD 110-180/220	
F239	DITCH	164			1	4	4		1	0	0																GX	?	0.02?			ROMAN	
F246	PIT	167			1	13	13		0	0	1		X														GB				GRAF ON BASE	AD 110/125-300	
F246	PIT	167			1	5	5																				GX					ROMAN	
F249	PIT	168			1	2	2																				DJ				ORANGE GREY CORE	ROMAN	
F255	WELL	34			2	2	1	X																			GX					ROMAN	
F255	WELL	176			1	12	12		1	0	0																GX	CAM 268	0.09185			? WORN EXT	AD 125/150-280/320
F255	WELL	176			12	72	6		3	0	0						X										MVW	CAM 270B	0.20220			SOFT, CORKY, SOME VOIDS SLIGHTLY METALLIC SILVERY SHEEN	LIA-ER
F255	WELL	185			1	28	28																				WA					ROMAN	
F255	WELL	187			1	1	1																				HMS					BR FINE SAND	IRON AGE
F255	WELL	188			1	26	26																				GX	CAM 119				BIURNISHED DEC WAVY LINES	AD 43-320
F255	WELL	188			1	6	6																				GX					ROMAN	
F255	WELL	188			5	40	8		1	0	0																GX	CAM 227	0.12170				AD 54-120
F255	WELL	188			1	18	18		1	0	0																UR (GTW)	CAM 28	0.08180				AD 40-69
F255	WELL	188			1	6	6		1	0	0					X											GX	?	0.07130				ROMAN
F255	WELL	189			2	61	31																				GX						ROMAN
F255	WELL	189			1	9	9		1	0	0																WA	CAM 39B					AD 140-300
F255	WELL	190			3	2	1																				RCW						LIA-ER
F255	WELL	190			2	22	11																				FSW/EGW						LIA-ER
F255	WELL	190			1	23	23																				HD					VOIDS, WHEEL MADE, SAND & GROG, YELLOW SHELL, SOFT, BR	ROMAN

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
F255	WELL		34		3	3	1	X																			GX					ROMAN
F255	WELL		36		1	1	1																				WC					ROMAN
F255	WELL		33		4	16	4		1	0	0					X										GX	CAM 268	0.10	120		AD 125/150-280/320	
F255	WELL		33		1	4	4																				DJ					ROMAN
F255	WELL		33		6	16	3									X											GX					ROMAN
F255	WELL		33		12	20	2																				GX					ROMAN
F255	WELL		33		1	2	2										X										DJ					ROMAN
F256	PIT		31		2	11	6		0	0	1																GB					AD 110/125-300
F256	PIT		31		11	23	2		1	0	1																GX	?	0.03	?		ROMAN
F256	PIT		31		1	1	1																				EA				WHITE PAINTED DESIGN	AD 225/250-425
F256	PIT		31		1	1	1										X										DJ					ROMAN
F256	PIT		31		3	3	1		1	0	0																DJ	?	0.08	90		ROMAN
F256	PIT		179		3	11	4																				GX					ROMAN
F256	PIT		179		1	3	3										X										GX					ROMAN
F256	PIT		179		1	24	24		1	0	0					X											GX	CAM 508	0.11	160	LID	ROMAN
F256	PIT		179		7	134	19		2	0	5																GB	CAM 40A	0.11	230		AD 110-275
F256	PIT		179		3	28	9		1	0	0																GA	CAM 305A	0.05	250		AD 275-425
F256	PIT		179		2	9	5																				GB					AD 110/125-300
F256	PIT		179		1	7	7																				EA				WHITE PAINTED DESIGN	AD 225/250-425
F263	DITCH/ GULLY		181		3	19	6								X												GX					ROMAN
F272	PIT		194		8	131	16		1	0	0																HMGF	COLLARED URN	0.03	280	IMPRESSED FINGERNAILS, BR/OR BL CORE, YELLOW GROG, RARE FL, FINE SMOOTH	EBA
F277	DITCH		195		2	34	17		0	0	2																GB					AD 110/125-300

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.				Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date
			TR	NR	GR.	MSW																									
F277	DITCH	195		1	213	213																								ROMAN	
F277	DITCH	195		1	50	50																								ROMAN	
F277	DITCH	195		1	38	38																								OR MICACEOUS	ROMAN
F277	DITCH	195		4	585	146		1	0	0															GX	CAM 268	0.38	135	SEMI COMPLETE	AD 125/150-280/320	
L4	silt patch	135		4	15	4		0	0	2																				ROMAN	
L4	silt patch	135		1	7	7		0	0	1																				ROMAN	
L4	silt patch	135		5	48	10		1	0	4															GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.08	210		AD 110-180/220	
L4	silt patch	135		2	19	10		1	0	0												X			GB	CAM 37A/38A	0.10	140	ABRADED EXT	AD 110-180/220	
L4	silt patch	135		1	28	28		1	0	0																				LIA-AD 200/300	
L6	charcoally layer	175		2	77	39																								COMBED	LIA-ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer	175		9	68	8		2	0	2																					ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer	175																													AD 43-120
L6	charcoally layer	175		2	16	8											X													MISFIRED	ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer	175		2	10	5		1	0	1																					AD 43-130/140/200?
L6	charcoally layer	175		1	8	8																									LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer	175		1	2	2																									LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer	175		1	7	7																									LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer	175		3	13	4																									LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer	175		1	12	12		1	0	0																					LIA-AD 120
L6	charcoally layer		30	7	28	4		1	0	0																					ROMAN

Cxt	Feature type	Find no.	Soil S no.	TR	NR	GR.	MSW	Discard	Rim	Handle	Base	Stamp	Graf Pre-F	Graf Post-F	Wmd	Soot	Burn	Overfired	Kiln second	Residue	Resin Lin.	Gritted	Abraded	Modif.	Repair hole	Hole	Fabric Grp	Typology	EVE	Diam.	Comments	Date	
L6	charcoally layer		30		106	339	3		10	0	2																GX	CAM 266	0.13	150		AD 43-80	
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 218	0.09	150		AD 43-120
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	?	0.04	110		ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 508	0.14	120	LID	ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 508	0.06	150	LID	ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 218	0.02	?		AD 43-120
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 508	0.05	120	LID	ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30																									GX	CAM 266	0.08	120		AD 43-80
L6	charcoally layer		30		18	25	1		2	0	0																	BSW	?	0.03	?		ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30																									BSW	?	0.12	80		ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30		44	105	2																					FSW/EGW	CAM 108?			COMB STAB DEC	LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer		30		17	50	3																					GX					ROMAN
L6	charcoally layer		30		16	44	3		0	0	1																	CSOW					LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer		30		1	4	4		1	0	0																	HMF	JAR FLAT-TOPPED RIM	0.02	?		LBA-EIR
L6	charcoally layer		30		2	17	9		0	0	1																	CSOW					LIA-ER
L6	charcoally layer		30		4	9	2		1	0	0																	CSOW		0.05	120		LIA-ER

Appendix 4: Cremated bone: Weights (g) of each sample by size group

Feature	Sample No	Total Weight (g)	Weight (<3mm)	Weight (3-5mm)	Weight (5-7mm)	Weight (7-10mm)	Weight (10mm+)
F80	7	41.60	29	4.32	-	-	-
F80	8	21.21	27	2.96	-	-	-
F110	10	33.32	37.19	2	-	-	-
F110	11	29.96	-	-	-	-	4.06
F110	12	39.19	-	-	-	-	11.86
F110	FN71	4.06	10.51	1.18	-	-	-
F110	FN72	11.86	4.08	0.66	-	-	-
F131	15	11.69	5.33	0.48	-	-	-
F131	16	4.74	3.81	-	-	-	-
F132	18	5.81	-	-	-	-	-
F132	19	3.81	7.01	0.4	-	-	-
F132	20	1.57	26.65	2.37	-	-	-
F176	23	7.41	4	0.83	-	-	-
F176	24	29.02	4.19	0.48	-	-	-

Feature	Sample No	Total Weight (g)	Weight (<3mm)	Weight (3-5mm)	Weight (5-7mm)	Weight (7-10mm)	Weight (10mm+)
F177	25	4.83	57.09	3.94	-	-	-
F202	26	4.67	25.03	4.46	-	-	-
F203	27	61.03	37.6	4	-	-	-
F203	28	29.49	18.06	3.15	-	-	-

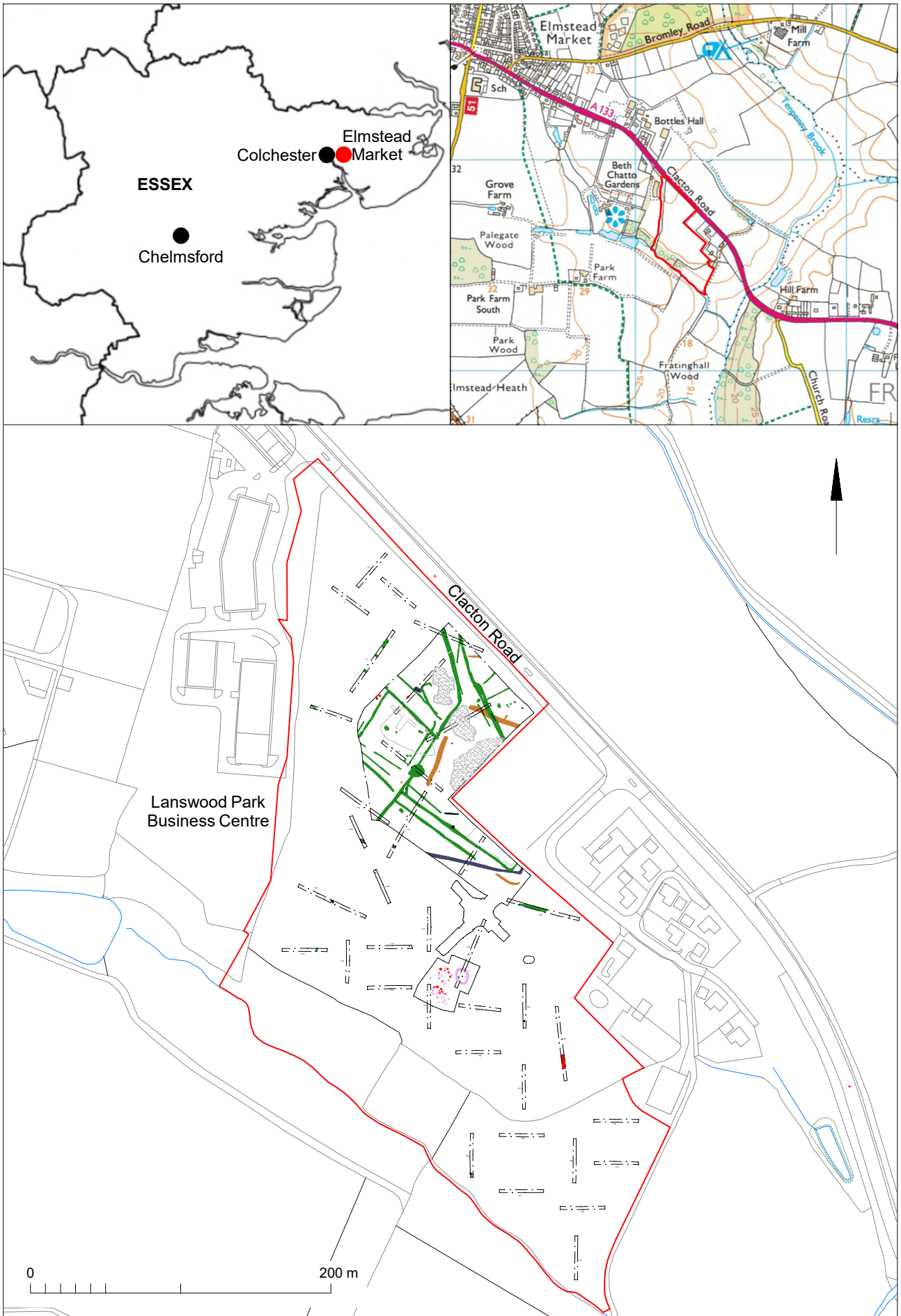
Appendix 5: Summary of Cremated bone estimations

Context	MNI	Age	Sex	Elements present	Notes
F80	1	?adult	-	radius	copper staining
F110	1	3-6 years old	n/a	lunate	-
F131	1	-	-	-	-
F132	1	-	-	-	-
F176	1	-	-	-	-
F177	1	-	-	-	-
F202	1	-	-	-	?copper staining
F203	1	-	-	-	-

Appendix 6 – Waterlogged wood catalogue

No.	Identification	Type	Condition Score	Description	Notes	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thick (mm)
184a	Oak	Timber	3	Board. Setting: horizontal. Orig dia. >320 mm. Condition: waterlogged preservation, partially remaining. Probable wet rot. Recorded lifted, retained whole. Joints: none. Ends: broken. Conversion: split. Radial with heartwood present. Marks: none.	Grain is straight without knots. Moderate growth rings c. 4 mm	776	158	28
184b	Oak	Timber	3	Board. Setting: horizontal. Orig dia. >300 mm. Condition: waterlogged preservation, partially remaining. Probable wet rot. Recorded lifted, retained whole. Joints: none. Ends: broken and degraded. Conversion: split. Radial with heartwood present. Marks: none. Includes small associated broken fragments or radial oak board.	Grain is irregular without knots. Fast grown rings c.5-10 mm	251	149	15
185	Oak	Timber	3	Board . Setting: horizontal. Orig dia. >260 mm. Condition: waterlogged preservation, partially remaining. Probable wet rot. Recorded lifted, retained whole. Joints: none. Ends: broken and degraded. Conversion: split. Radial with heartwood present. Marks: none.	Grain is irregular without knots. Moderate growth rings c. 2-4 mm	492	127	34
192	Oak	Timber	2	Board. Setting: horizontal. Orig dia. >260 mm. Condition: waterlogged preservation, partially remaining. Probable wet rot. Recorded lifted, retained whole. Joints: probable nail hole, face to face (L: 14mm, W: 14mm). Ends: broken and worked with cross-cut styling. One end x-cut, other end broken. Conversion:	Grain is straight without knots. Moderate growth c.3mm rings	675	128	22

				split. Radial with heartwood present. . Marks: none.				
193	Hazel	Roundwood	4	Stake. Setting: vertical. Condition: waterlogged preservation, partially remaining. Recorded lifted, retained whole. Joints: none. Ends: degraded and worked. Proximal / base trimmed to pencil point. Partially debarked along length. Flat facets max L:75, W:50 mm. Top degraded. Conversion: whole with bark, sapwood, heartwood and pith present. Marks: none.	Grain is straight with knots	890	75	55



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Fig 1 Site location, showing evaluation trenches, excavated areas, and principal features

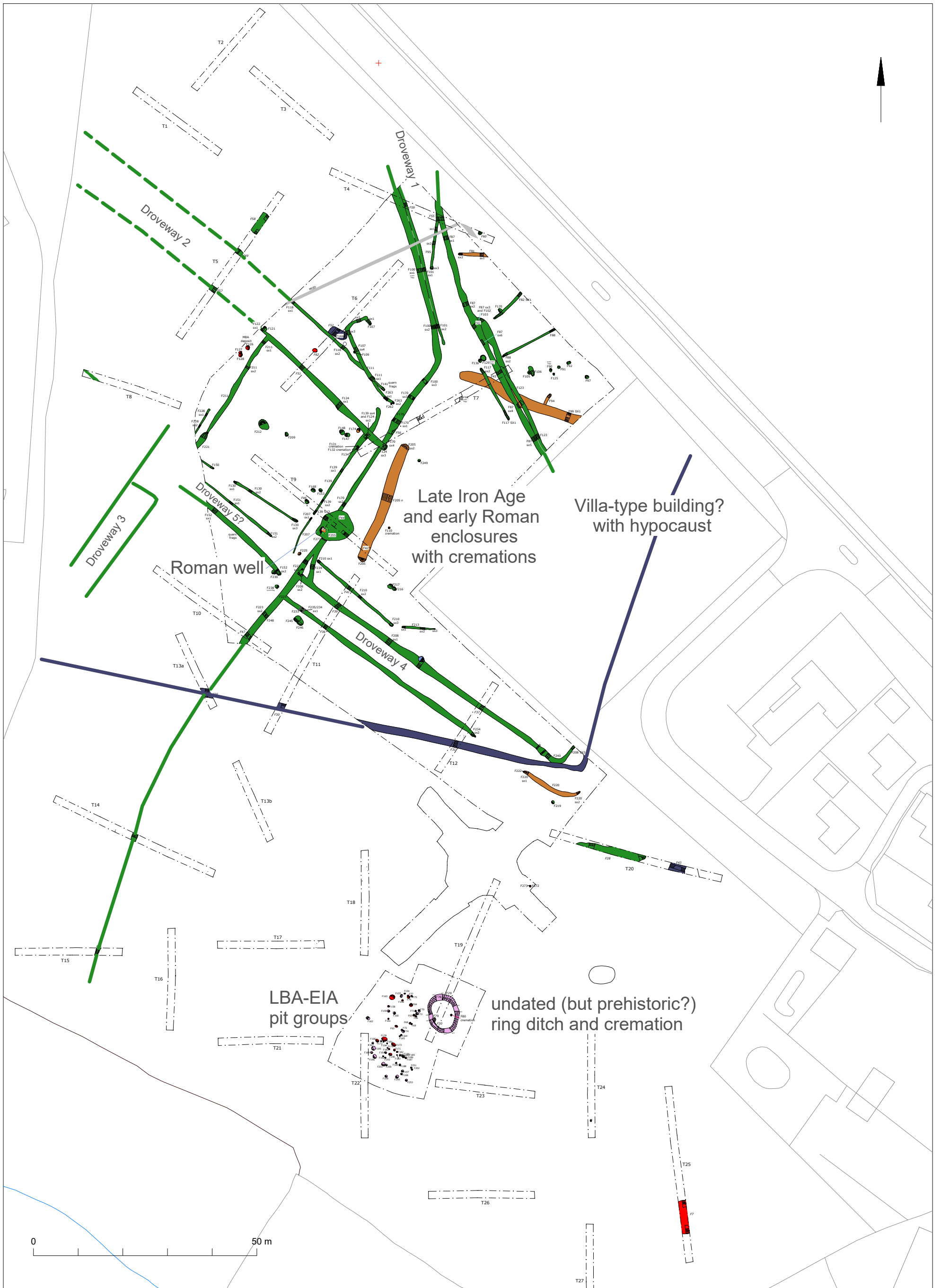


Fig 2 Site plan with basic interpretation

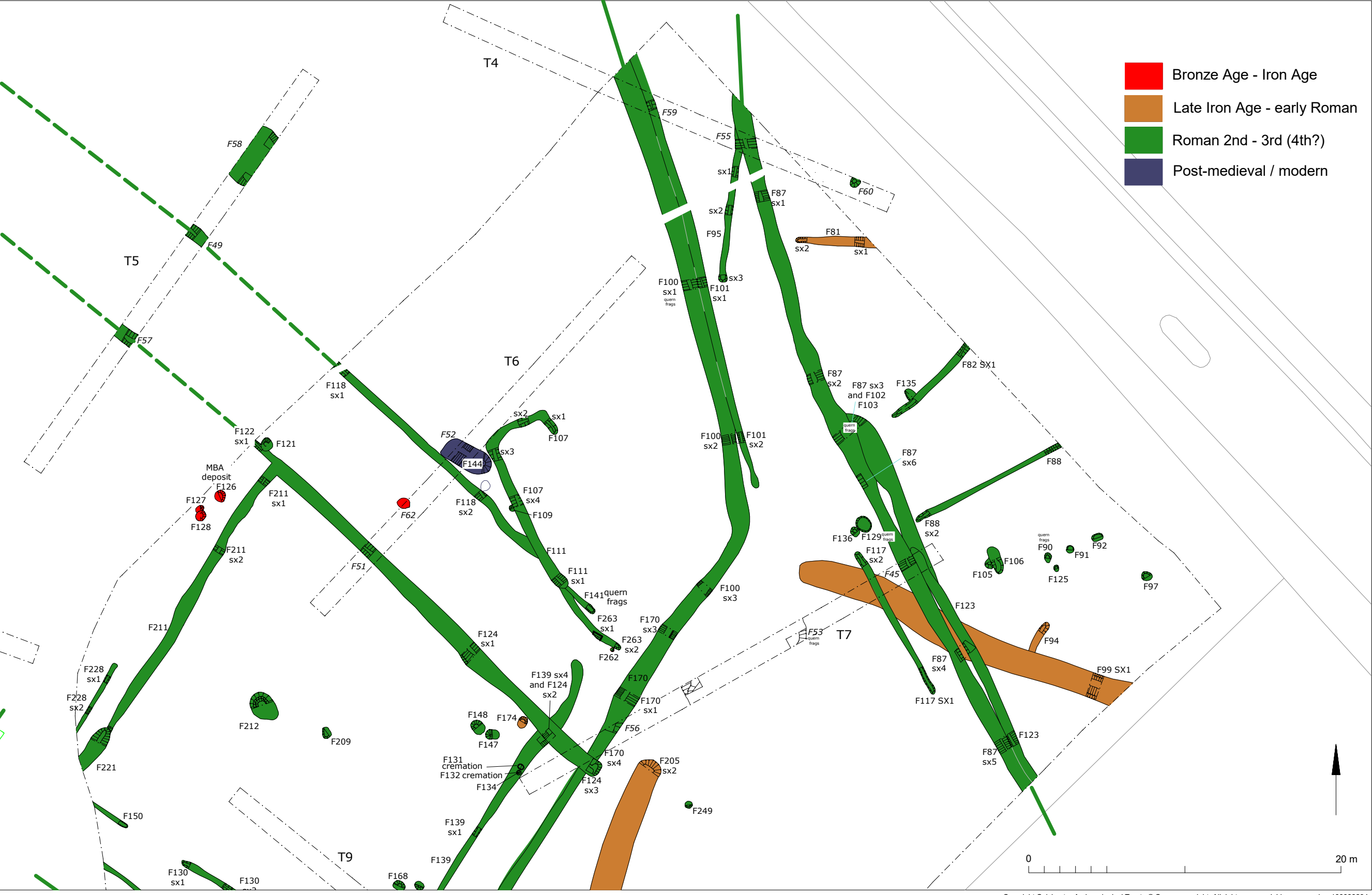


Fig 3 Excavation area north, with phasing (context numbers in italics are evaluation numbers)

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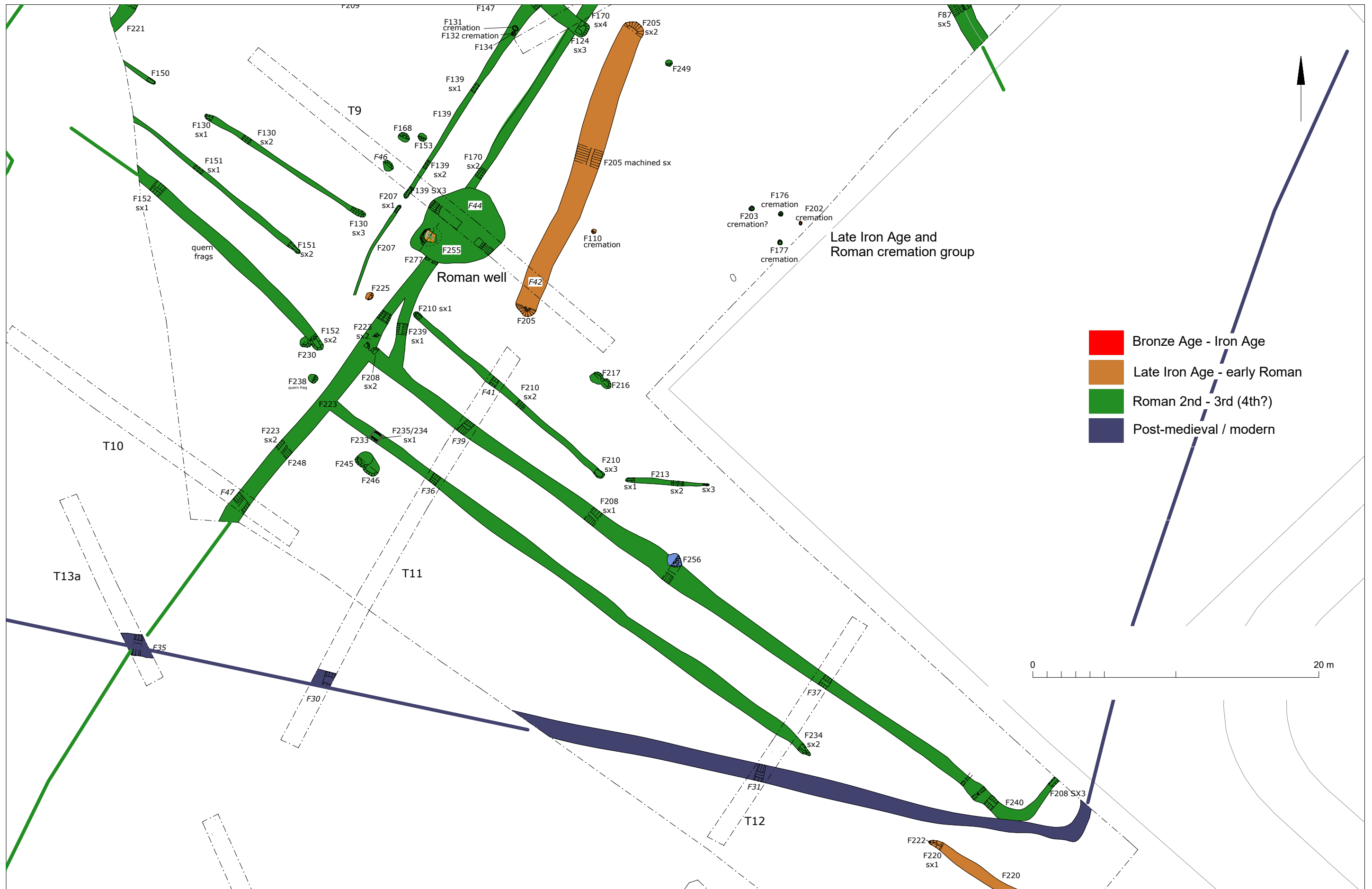


Fig 4 Excavation area: central (blank contexts are undated)

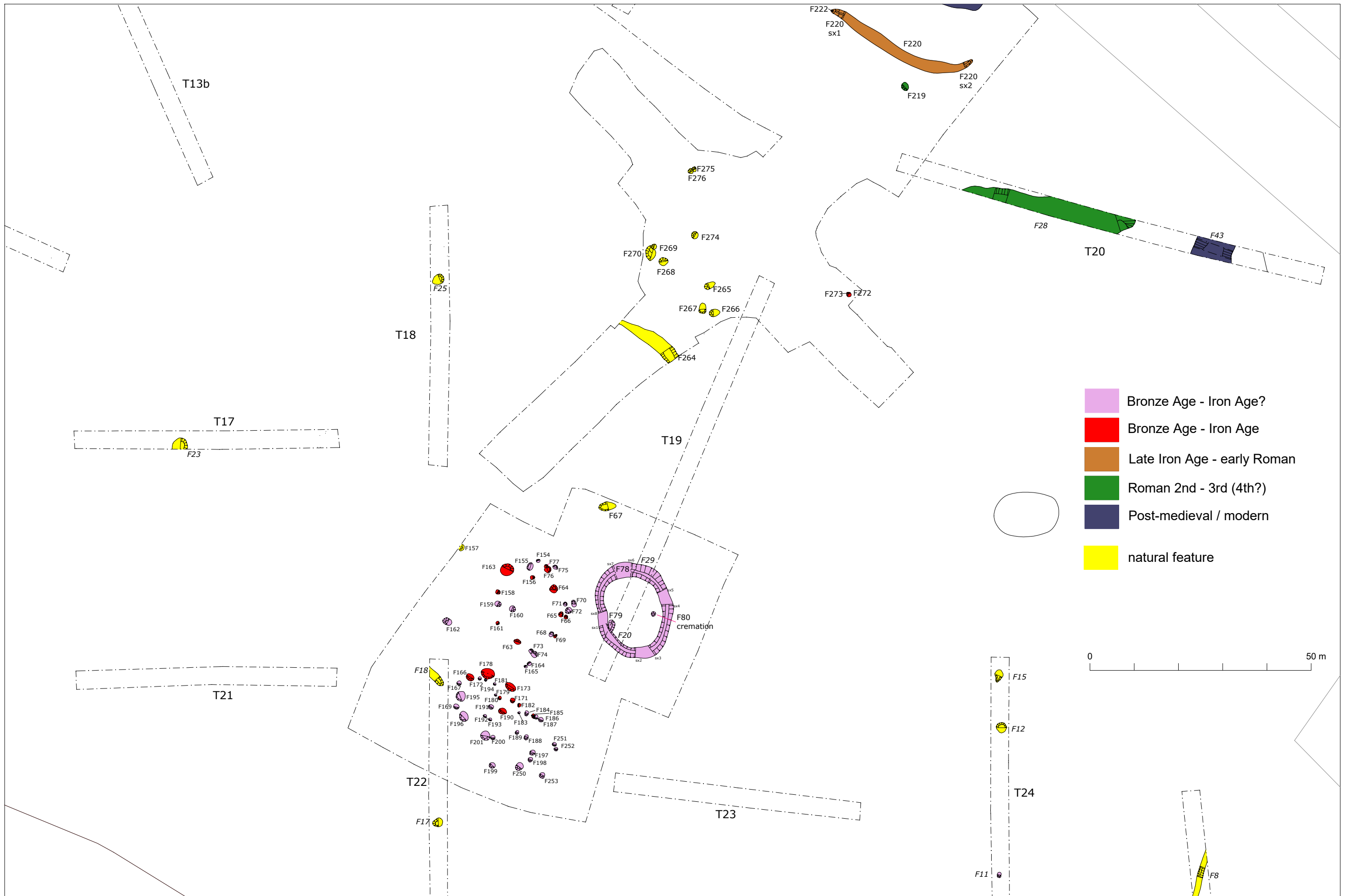


Fig 5 Excavation area : south

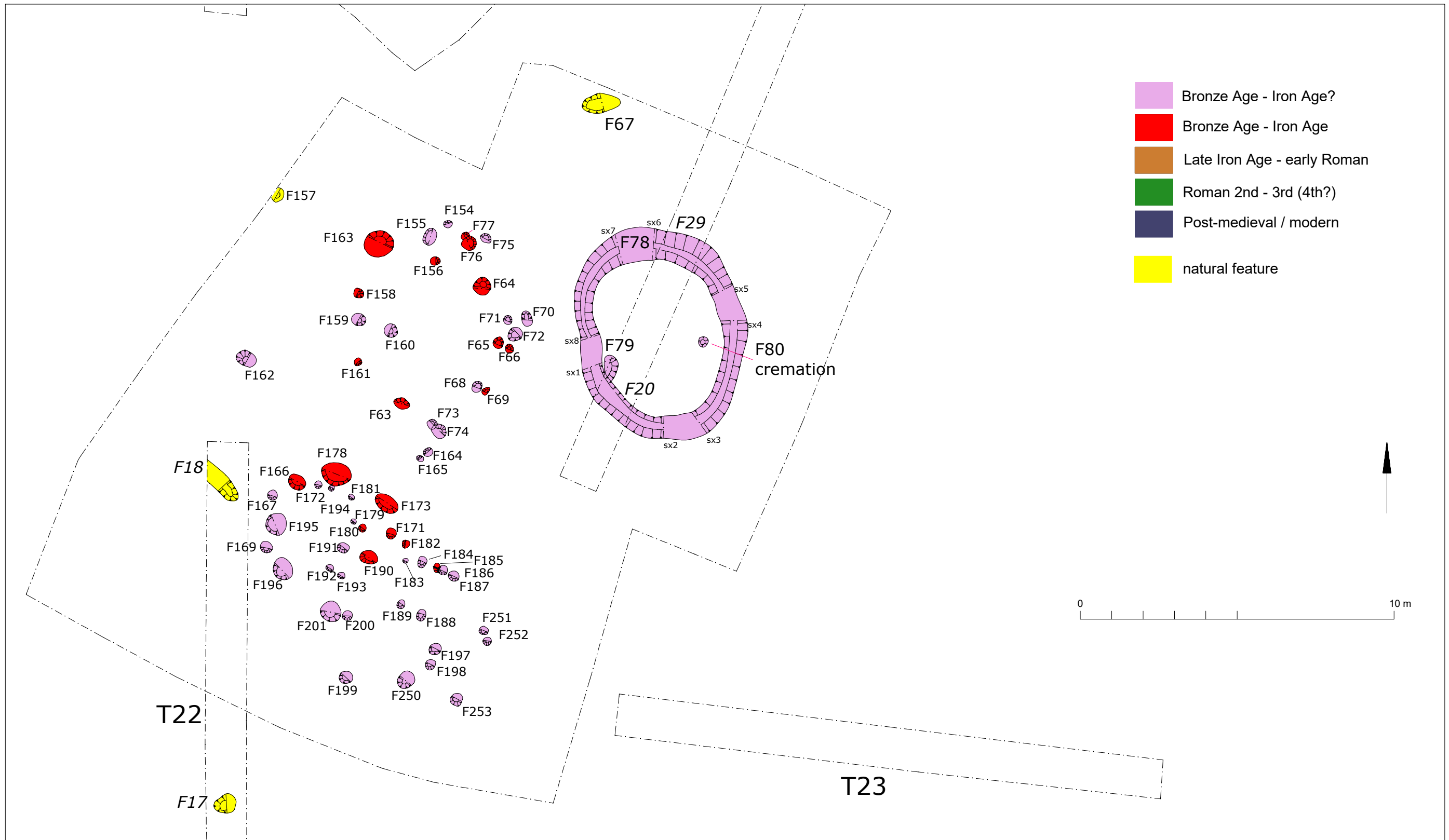


Fig 6 Excavation area : south. Detail of ring-ditch and pit groups

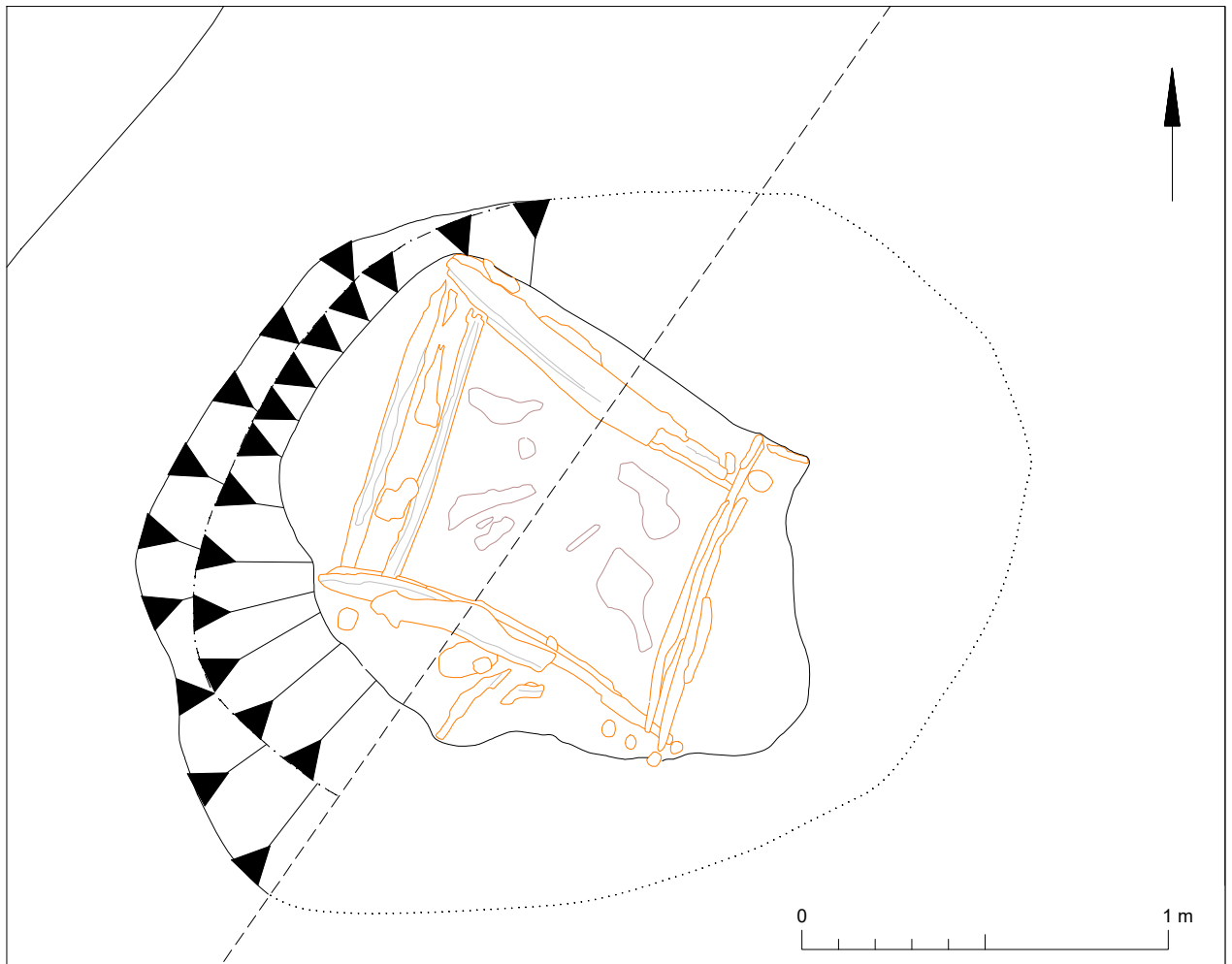


Fig 7 Detail of well F255

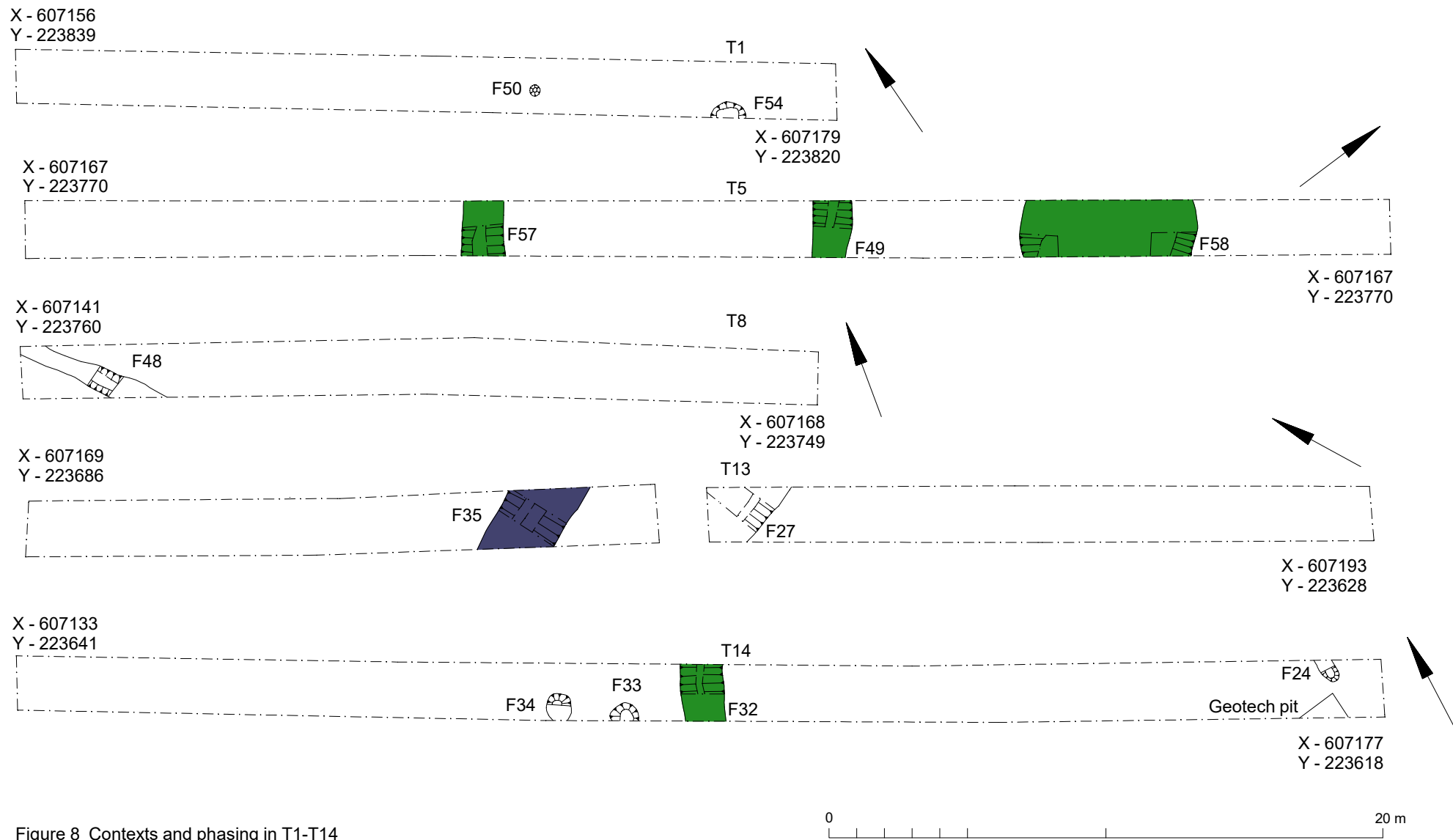


Figure 8 Contexts and phasing in T1-T14

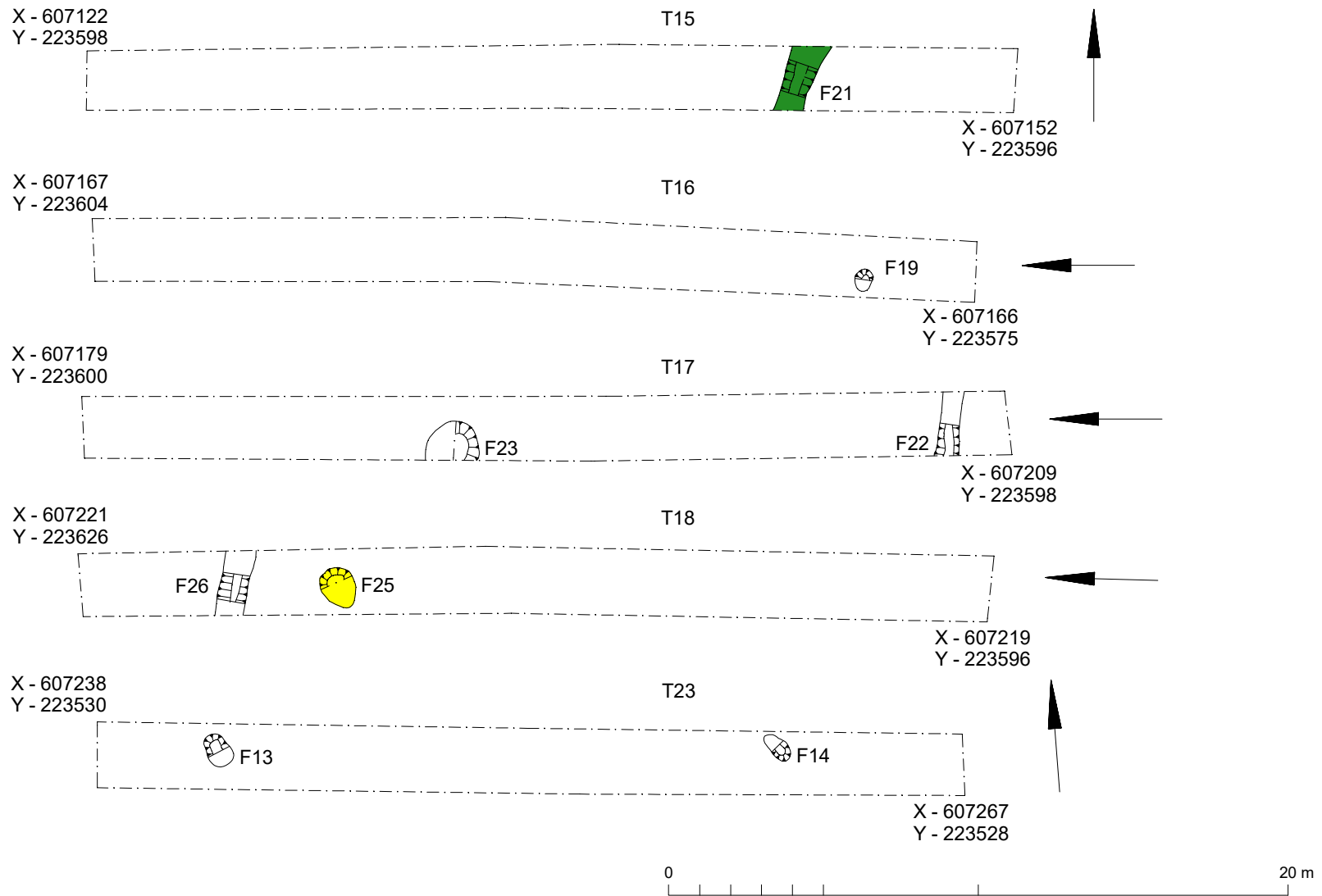


Figure 9 Contexts and phasing in Trenches 15 to 23

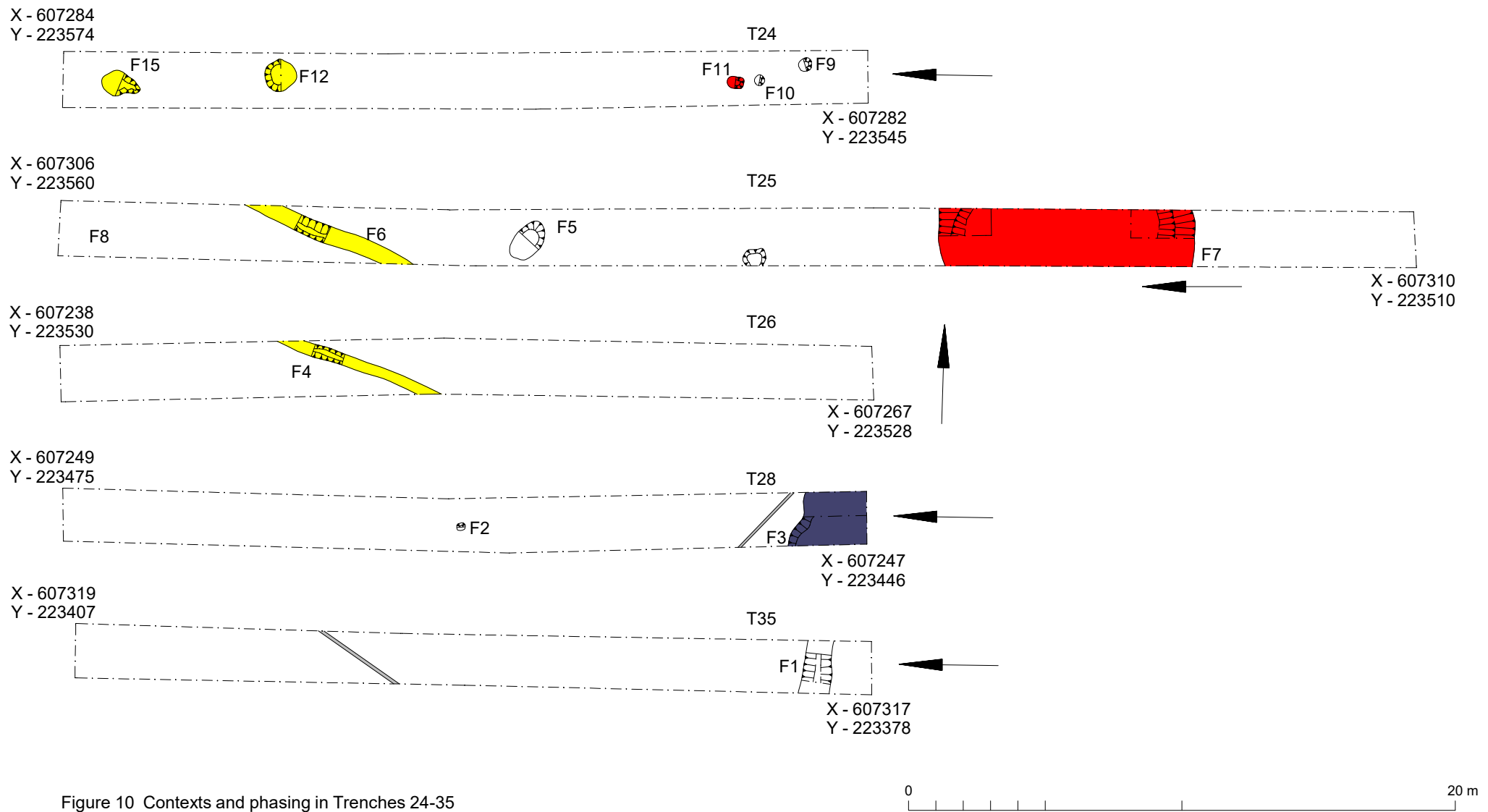


Figure 10 Contexts and phasing in Trenches 24-35

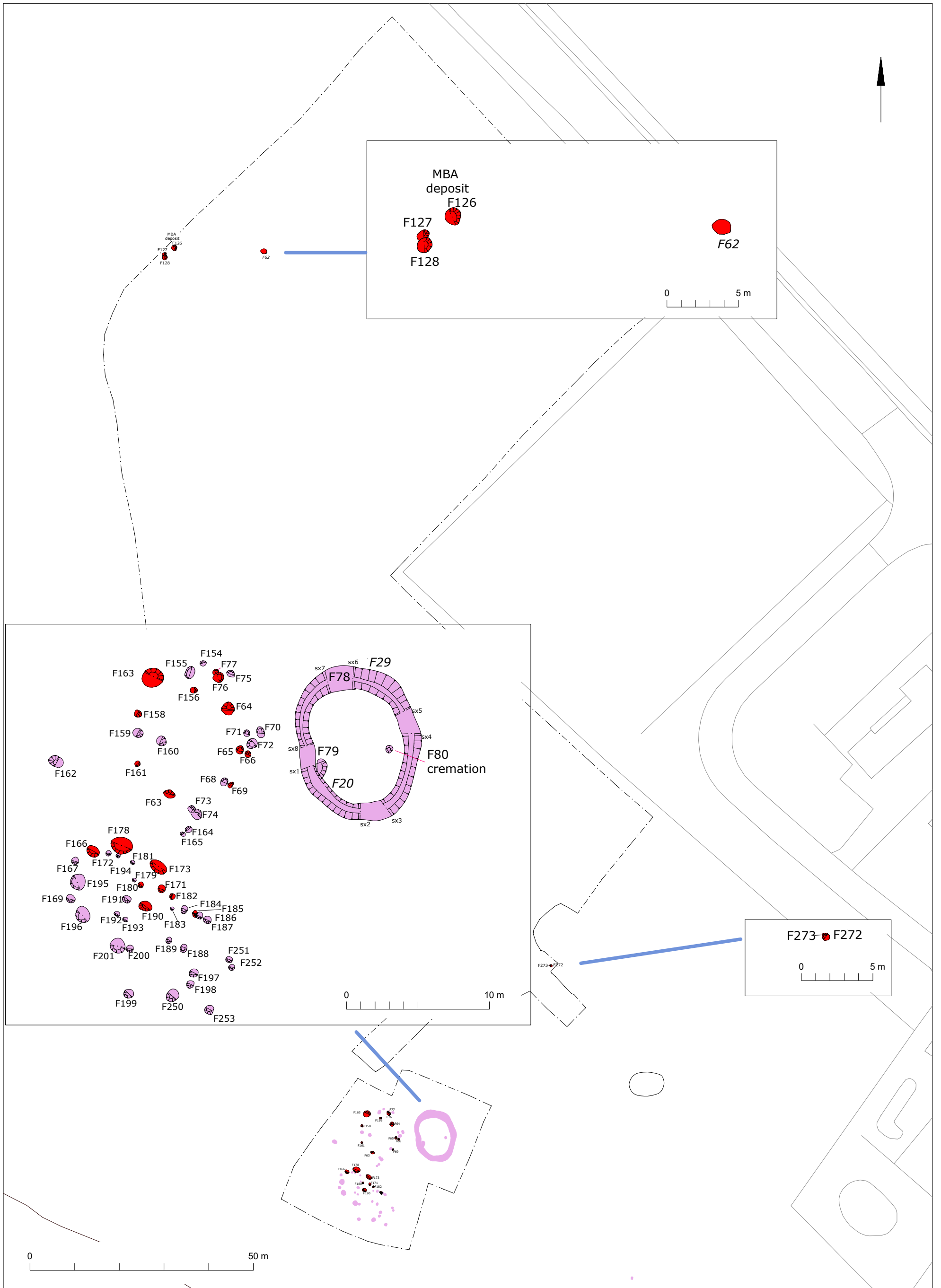


Fig 11 Middle Bronze Age - Iron Age occupation, with details of ring ditch and pit groups

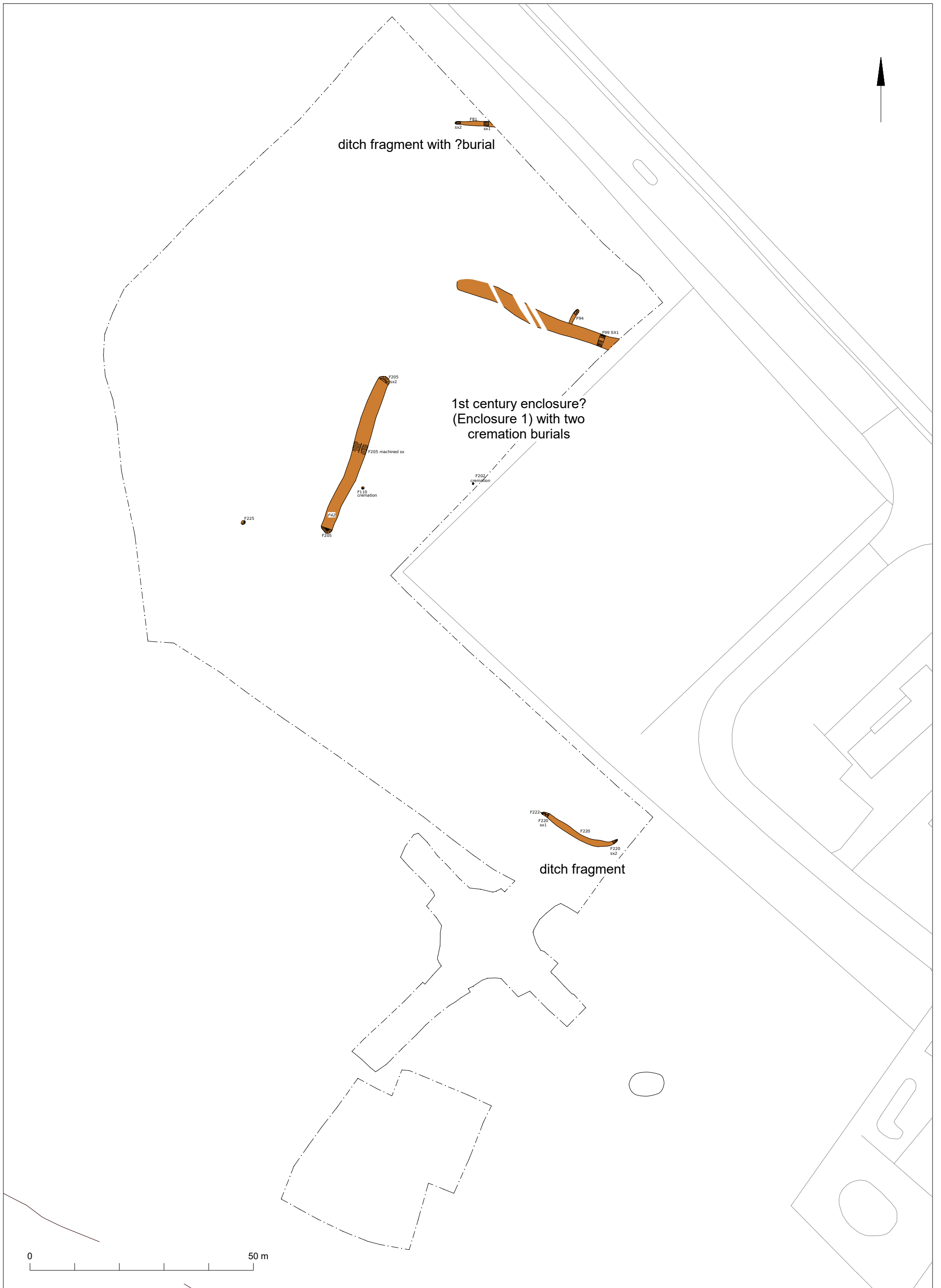


Fig 12 LIA - early Roman occupation

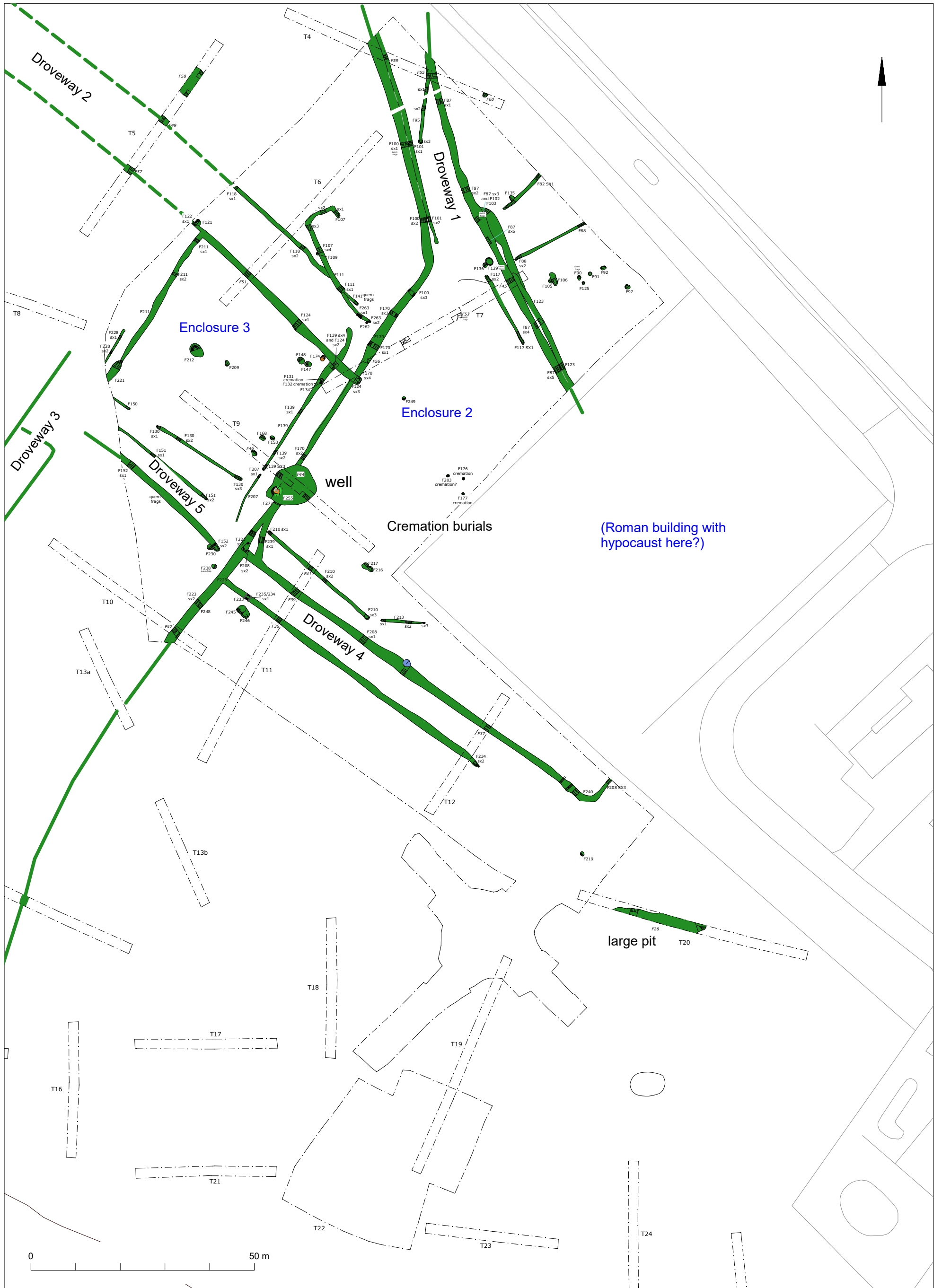


Fig 13 Roman period occupation

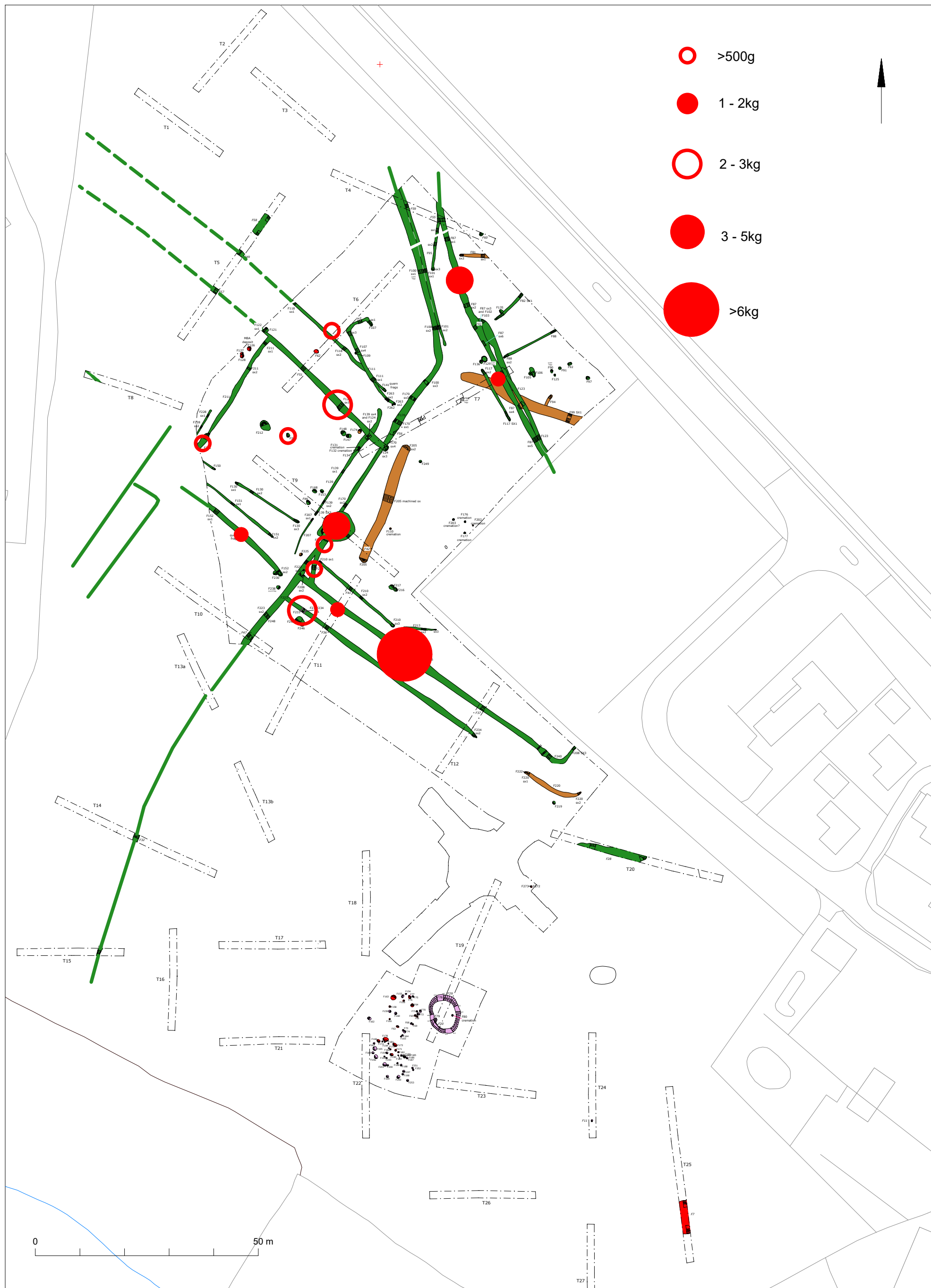


Fig 14 Distribution of largest groups of Roman pottery

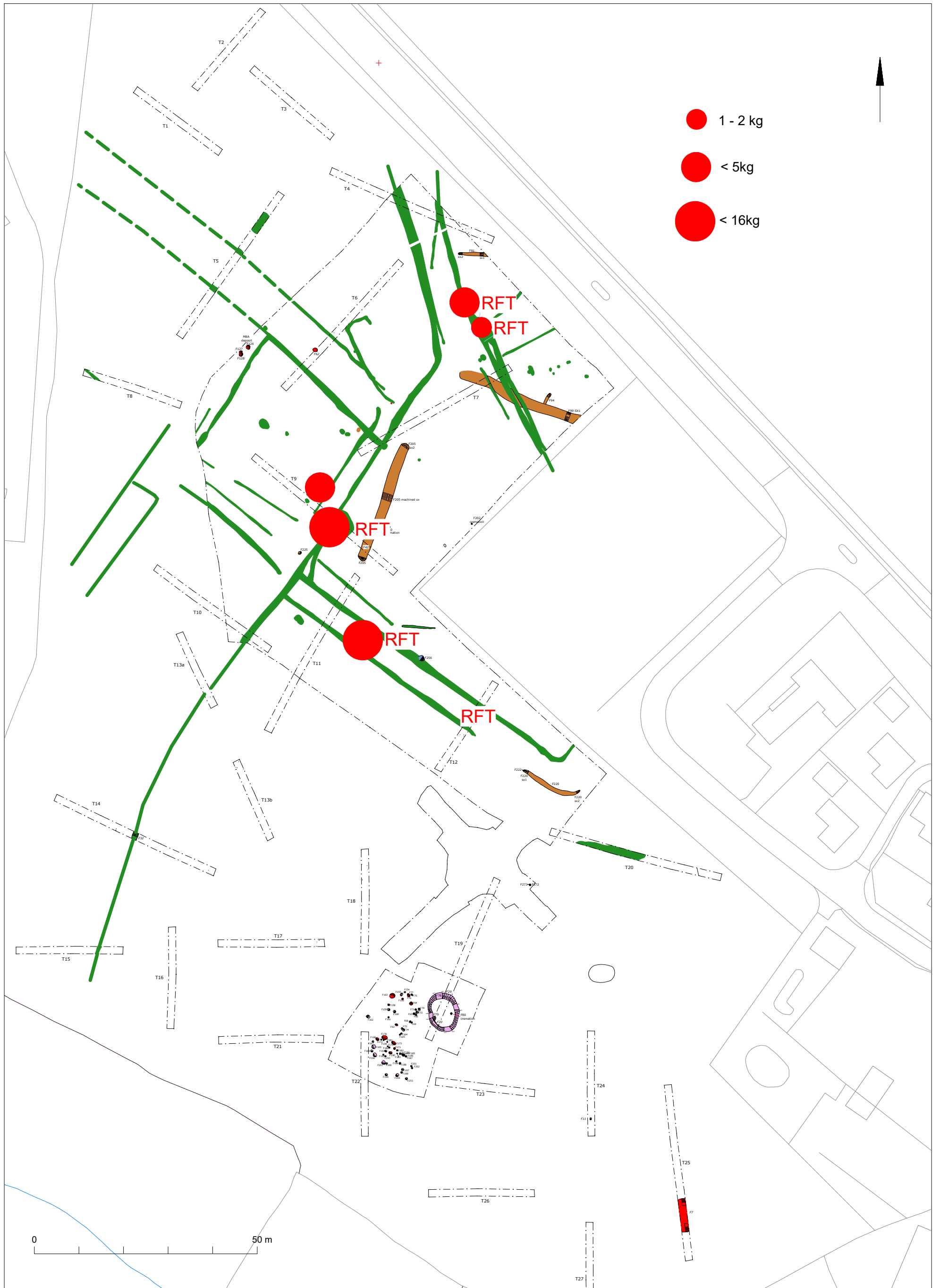


Fig 15 Weight of Roman brick/tile, and location of flue tile fragments (RFT = flue tile)

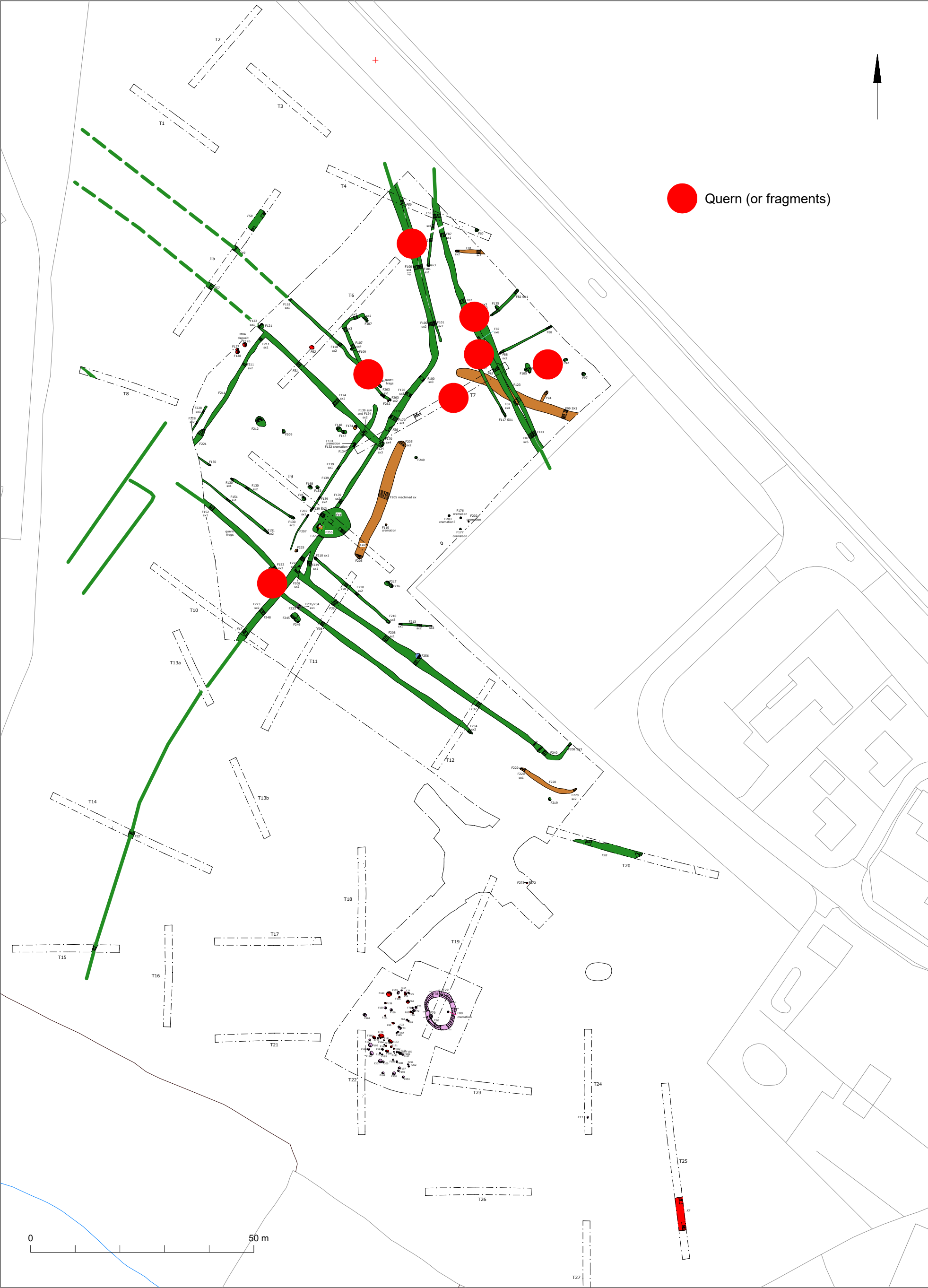


Fig 16 Distribution of Querns (and fragments)

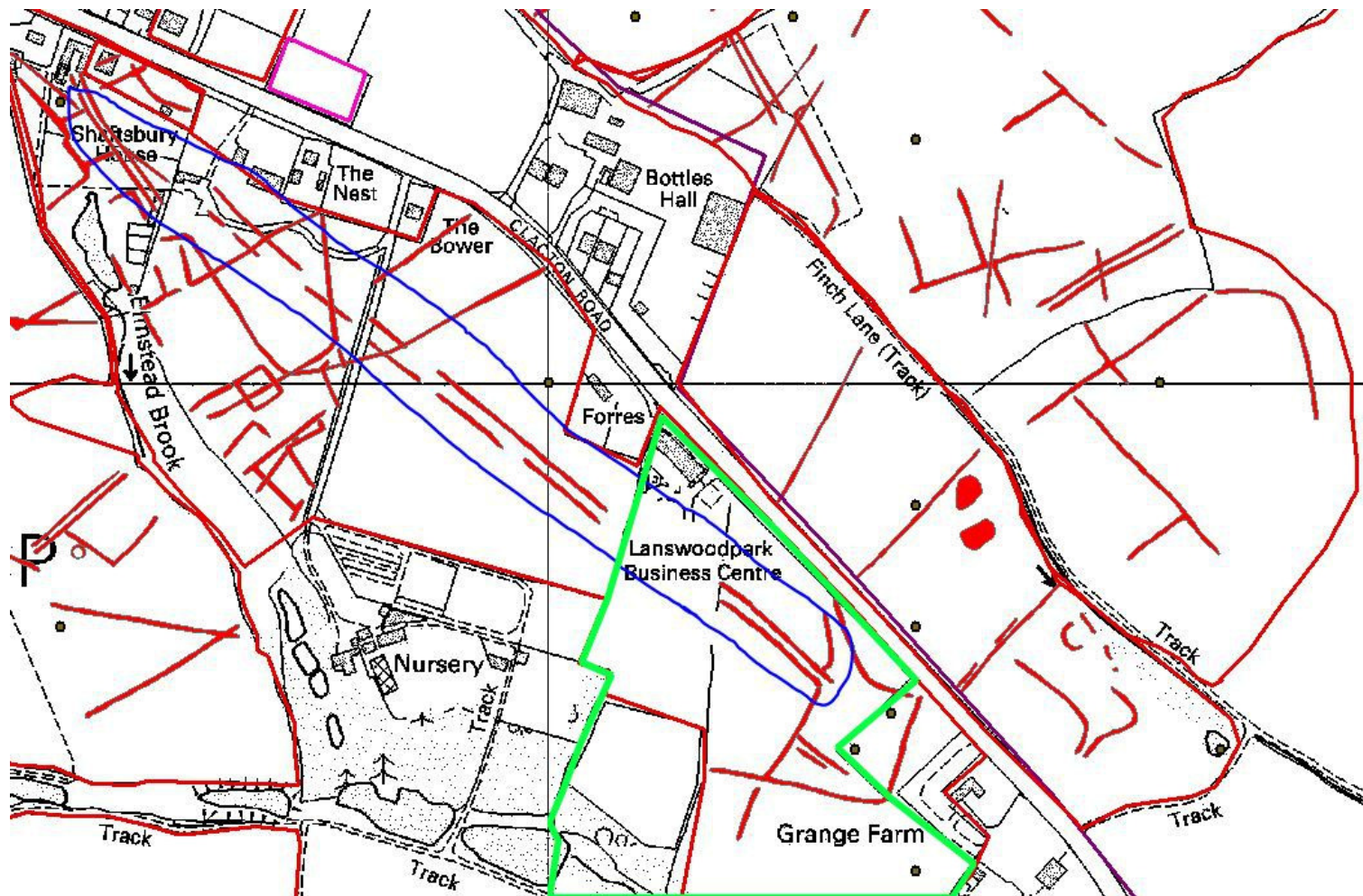


Fig 16a The site (green outline) in the context of local cropmarks. Note the long driveway circled in blue (image courtesy of Essex CC Historic Environment)

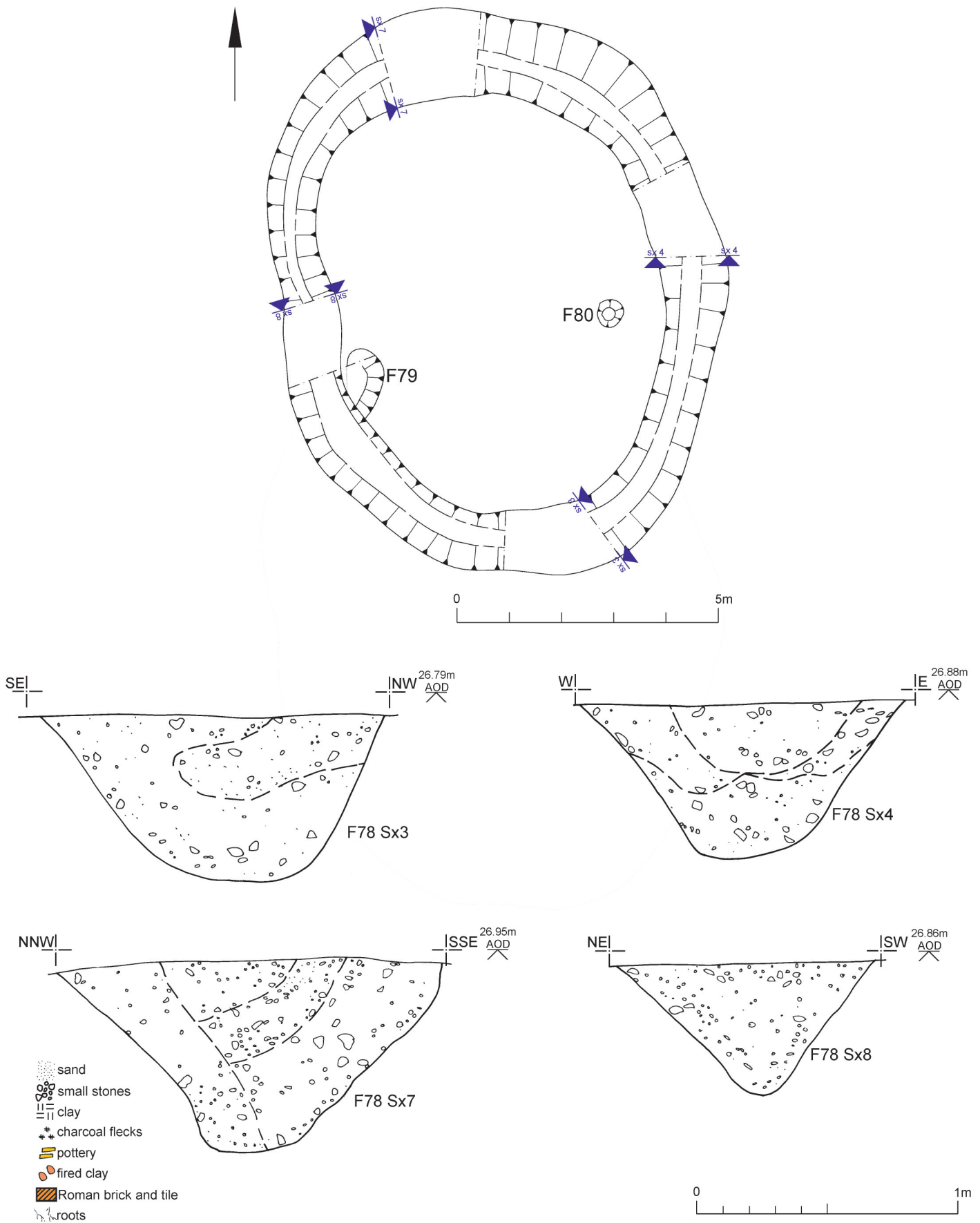


Fig 17 Ring-ditch (F20/F29/F79) plan and sections (for F80 see Fig 14).

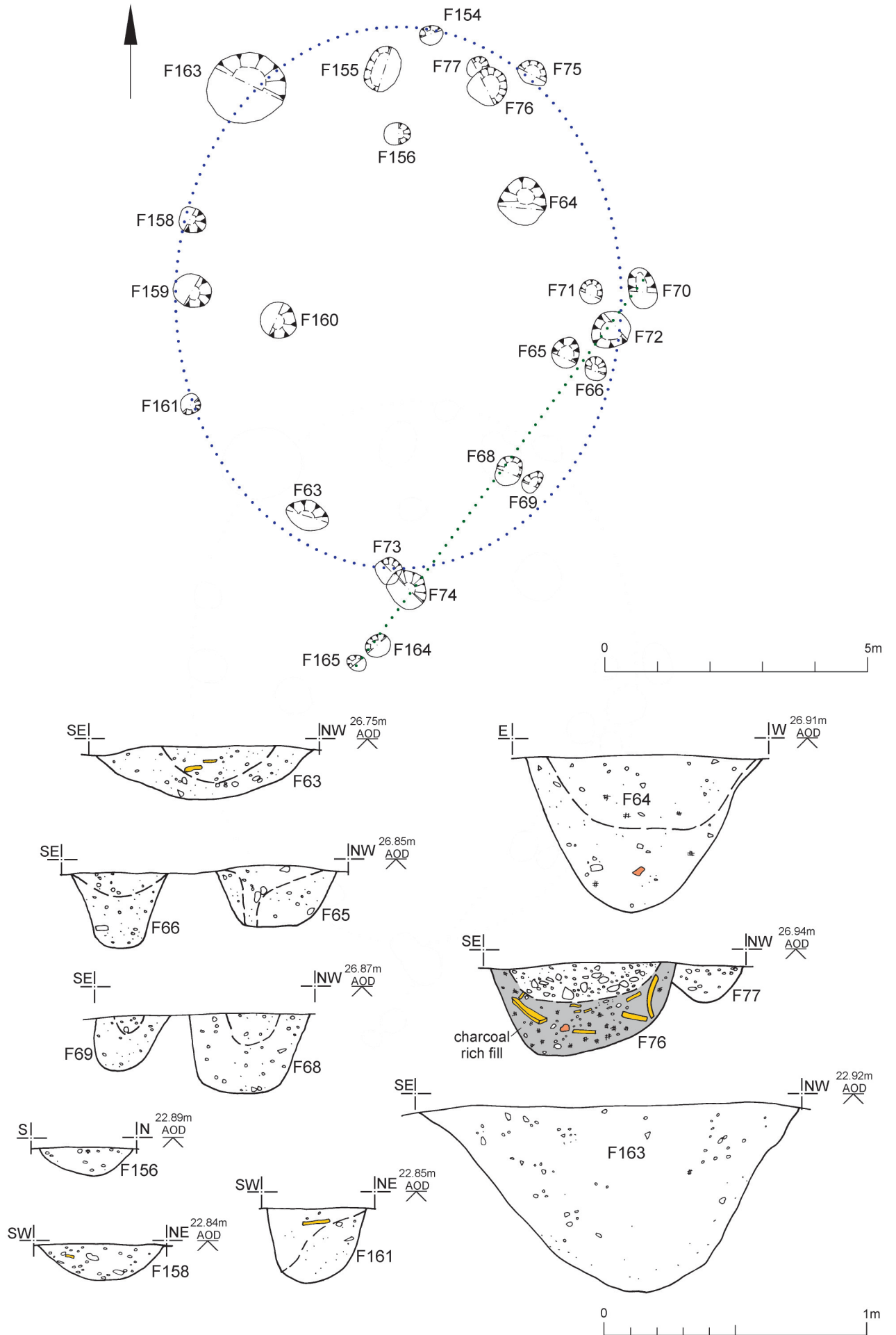


Fig 18 Northern pit group (west of the ring-ditch): plan and sections.

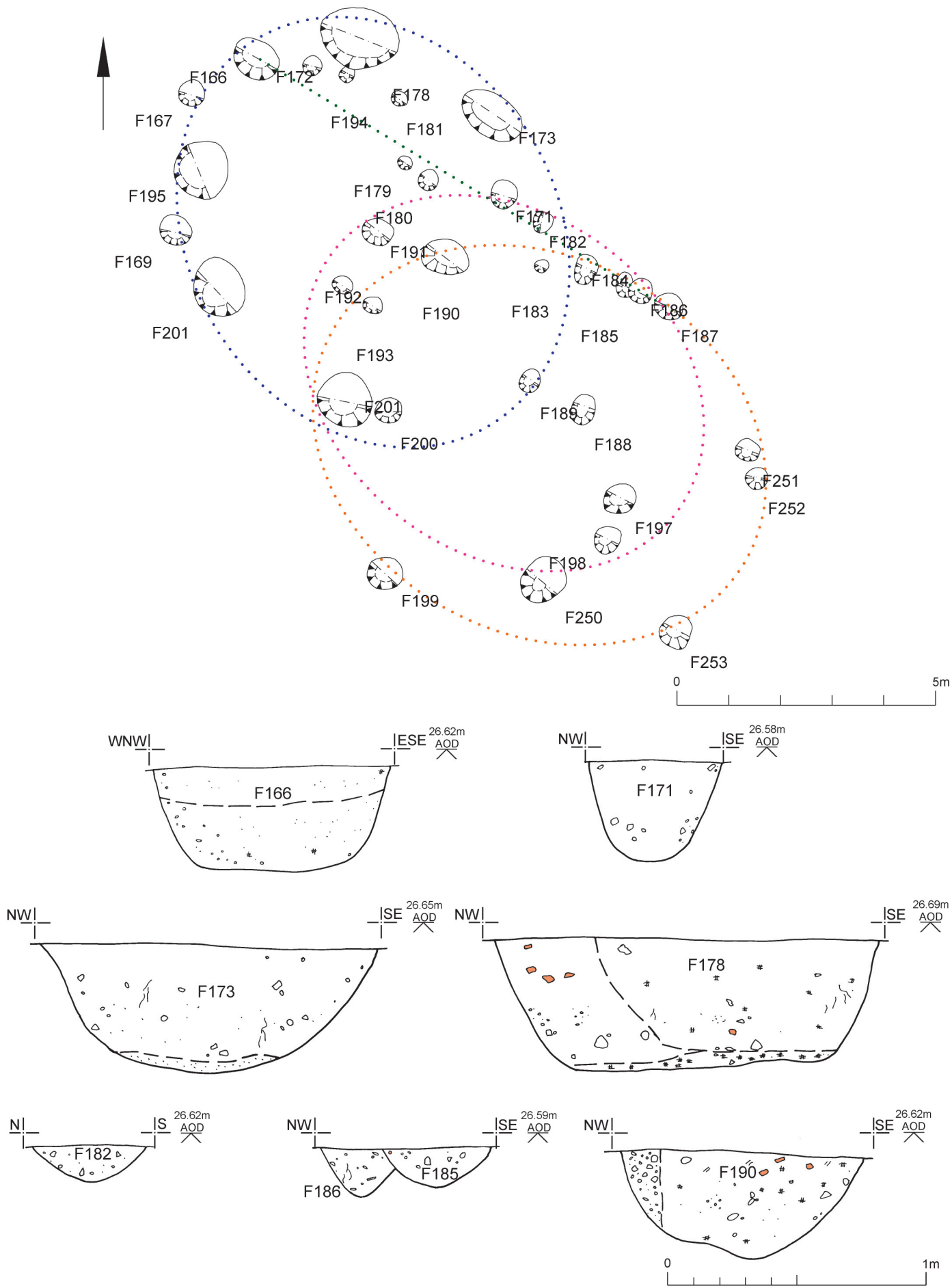


Fig 19 Southern pit group (southeast of the ring-ditch): plan and sections.

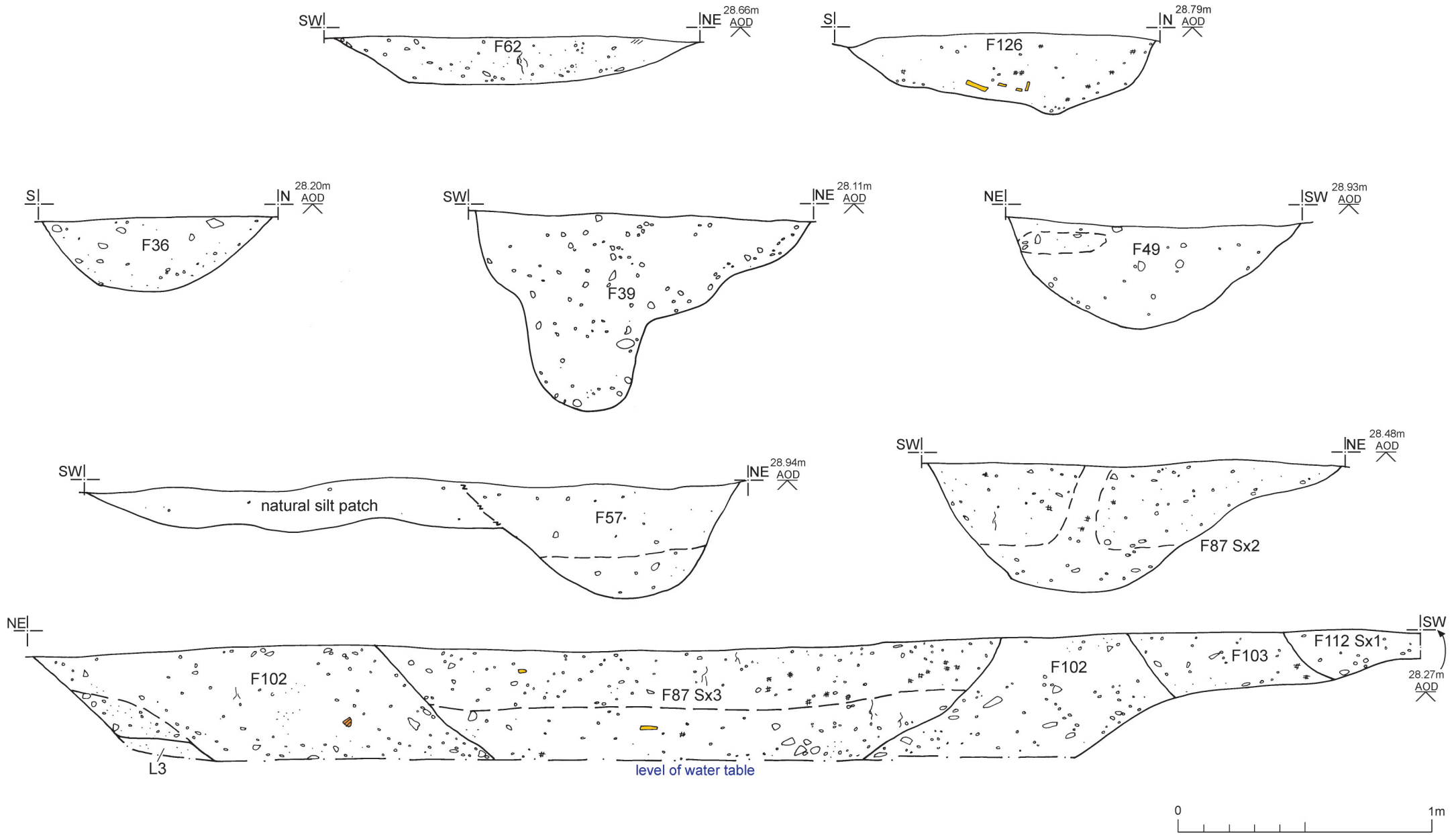


Fig 20 Prehistoric features (F62 and F126) and Roman droveway ditches : sections.

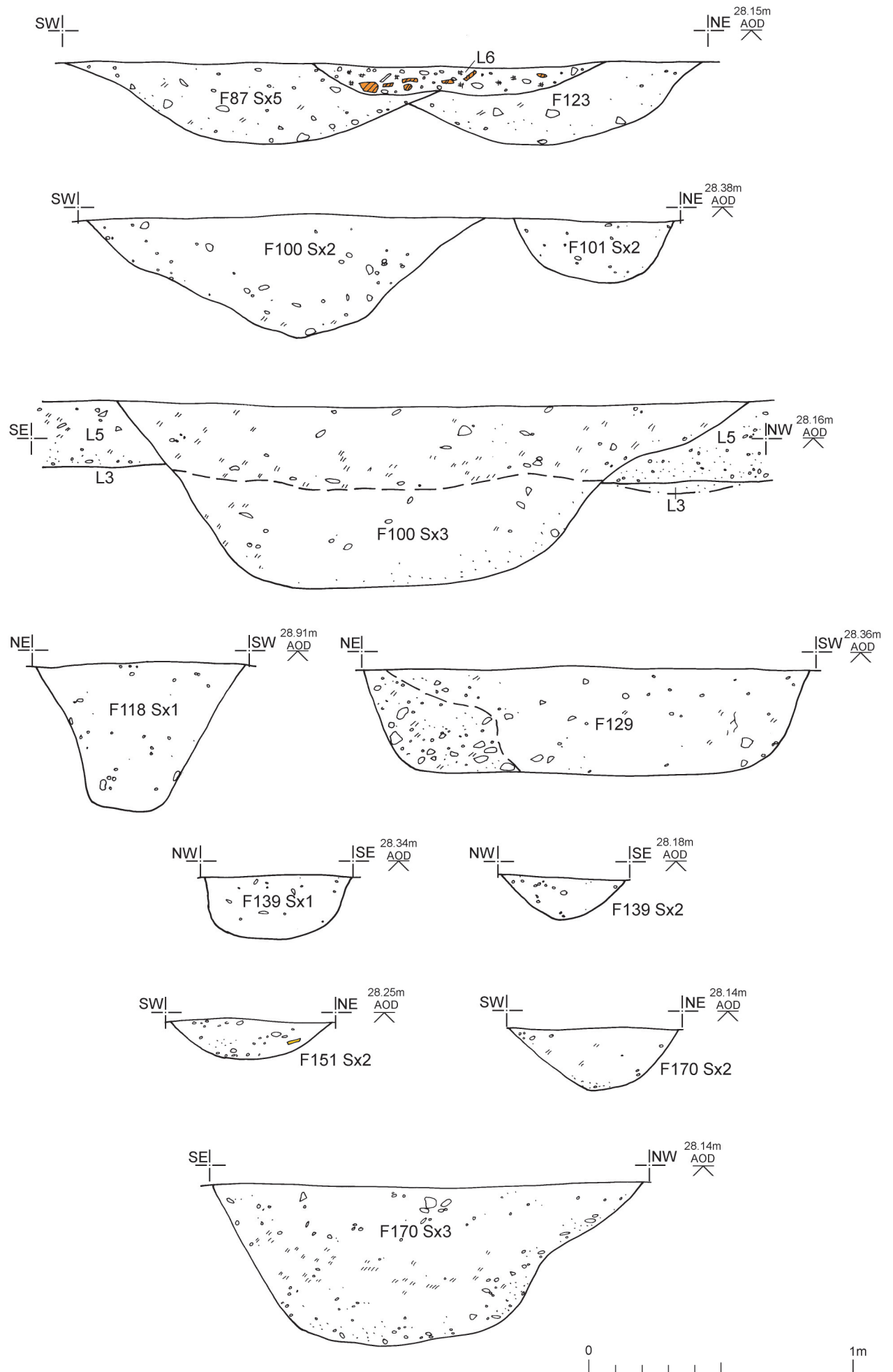


Fig 21 Roman droveway ditches : sections.

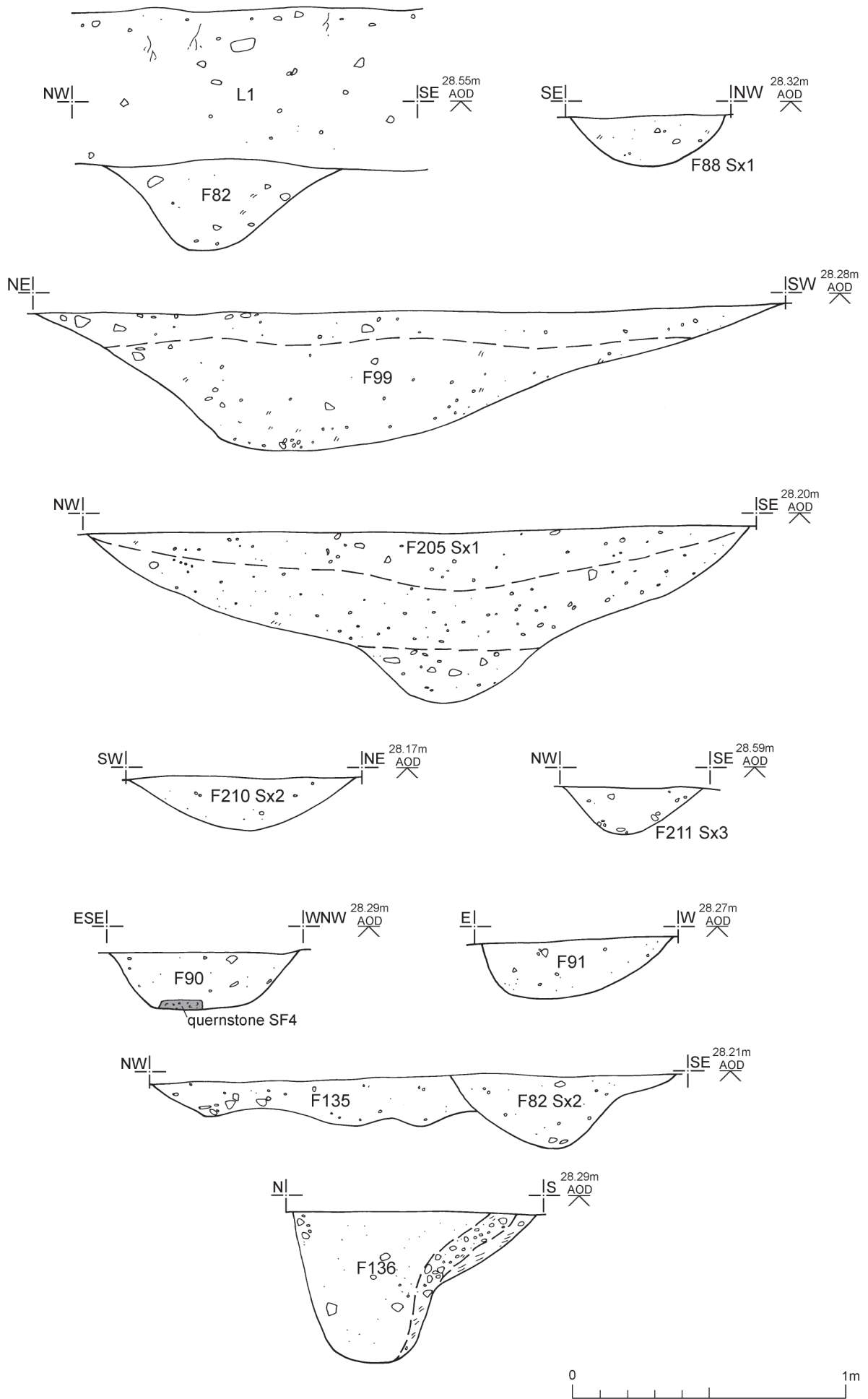


Fig 22 Other Roman ditches (F82, F88, F99, F205, F210-1) and other Roman pits : sections.

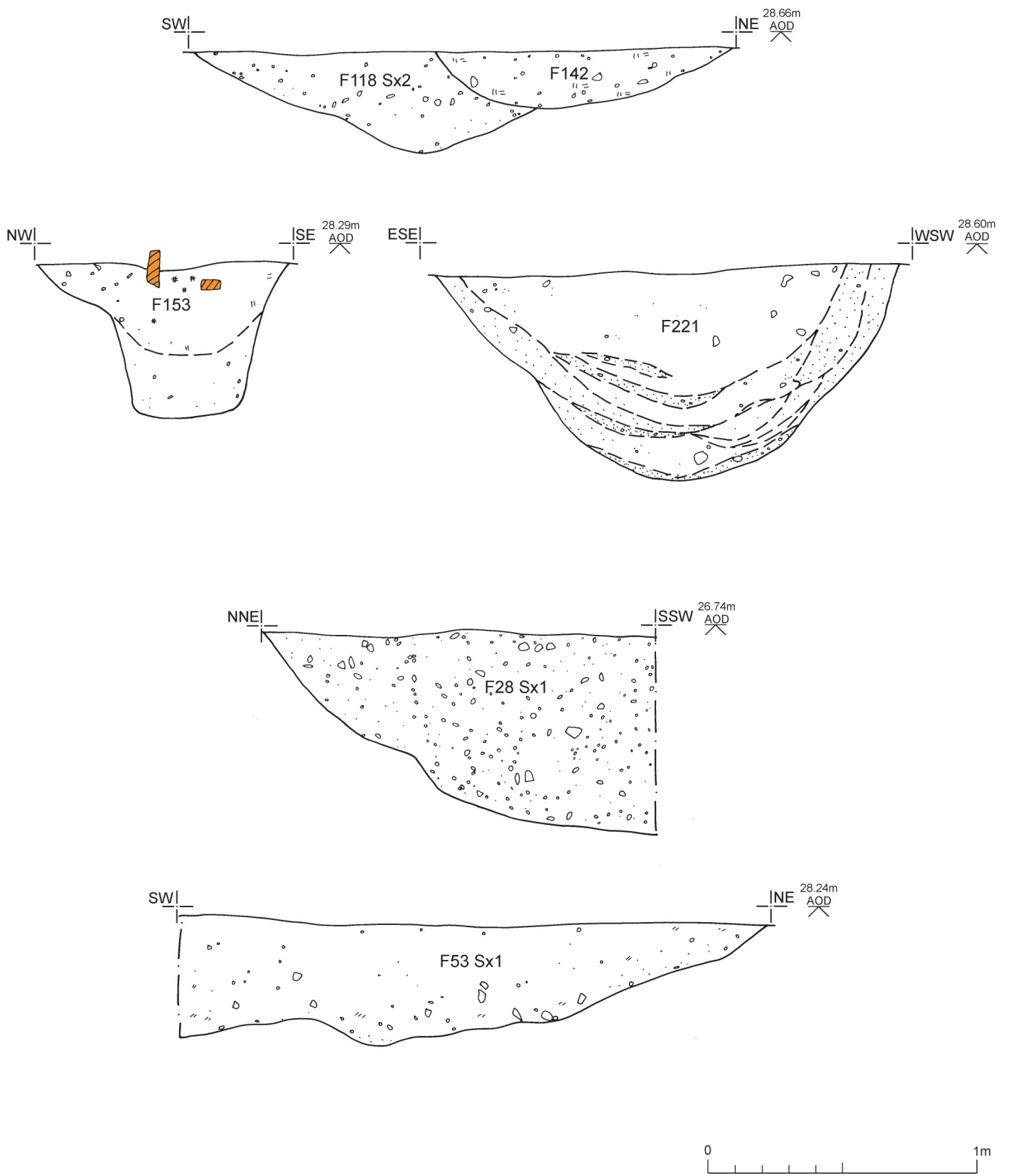


Fig 23 Roman pits (F142, F153 and F221) and Roman sand pits (F28 and F53) : sections.

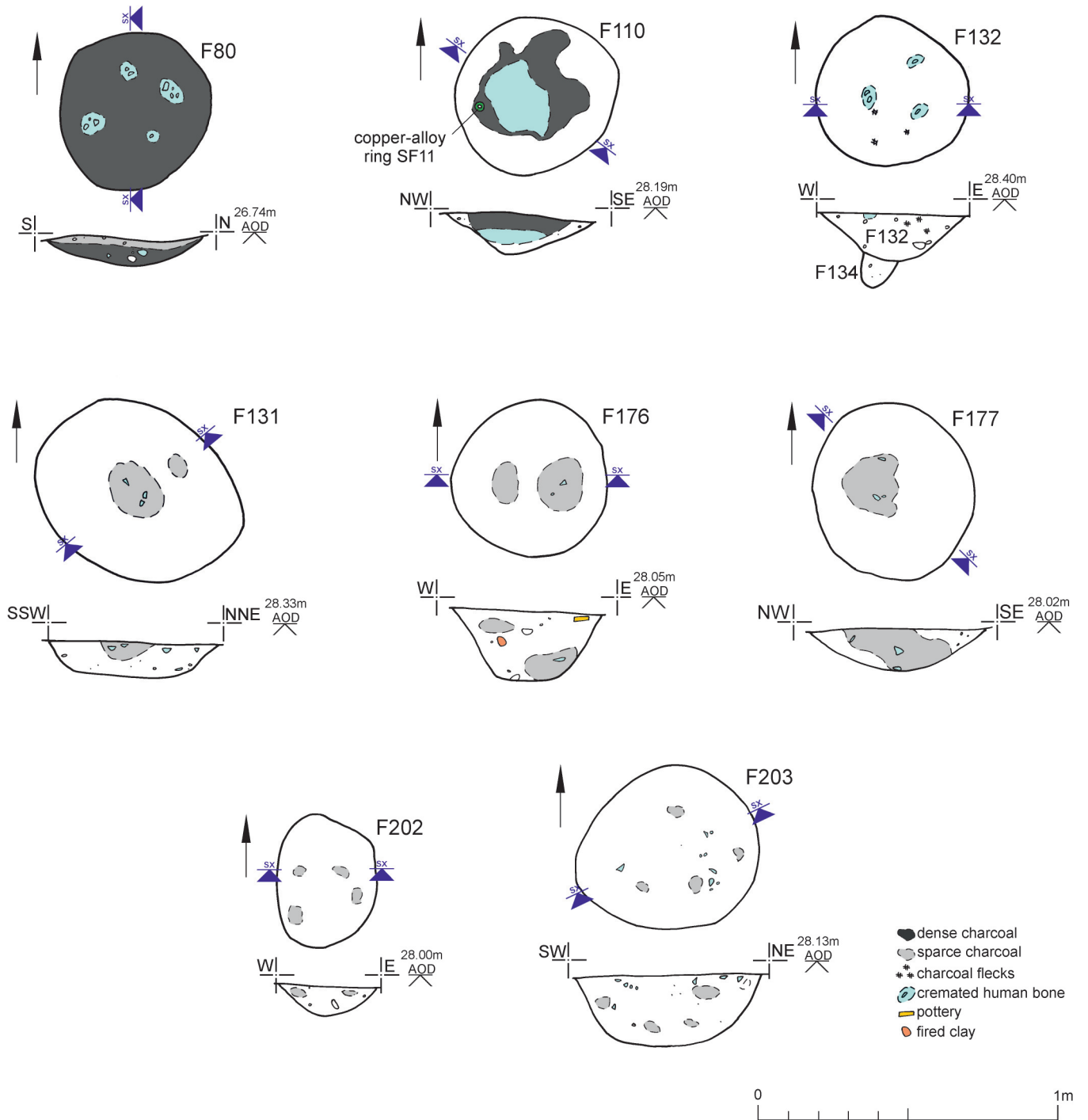


Fig 24 Roman cremations: plans and sections.

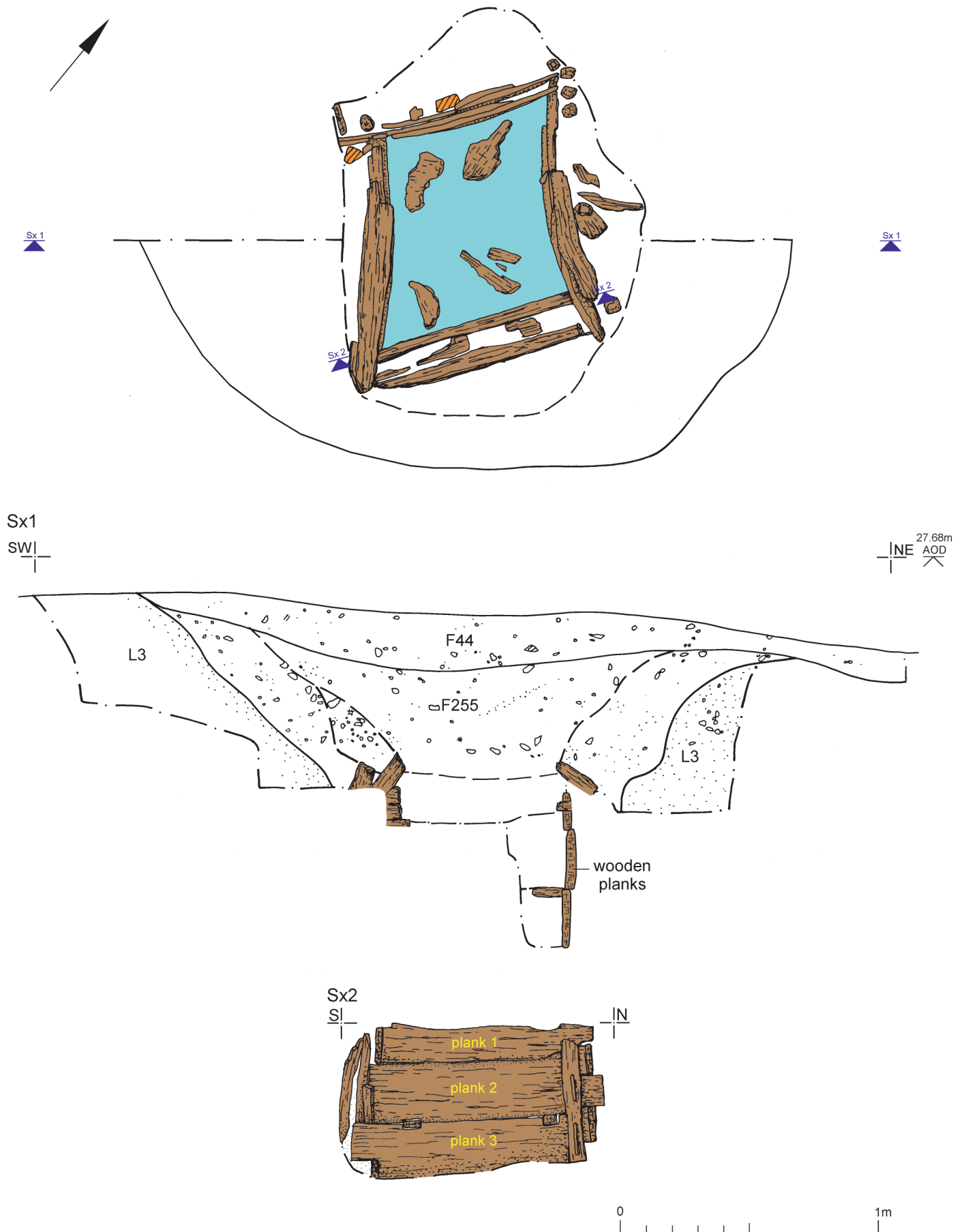


Fig 25 Plan and sections of well F255.

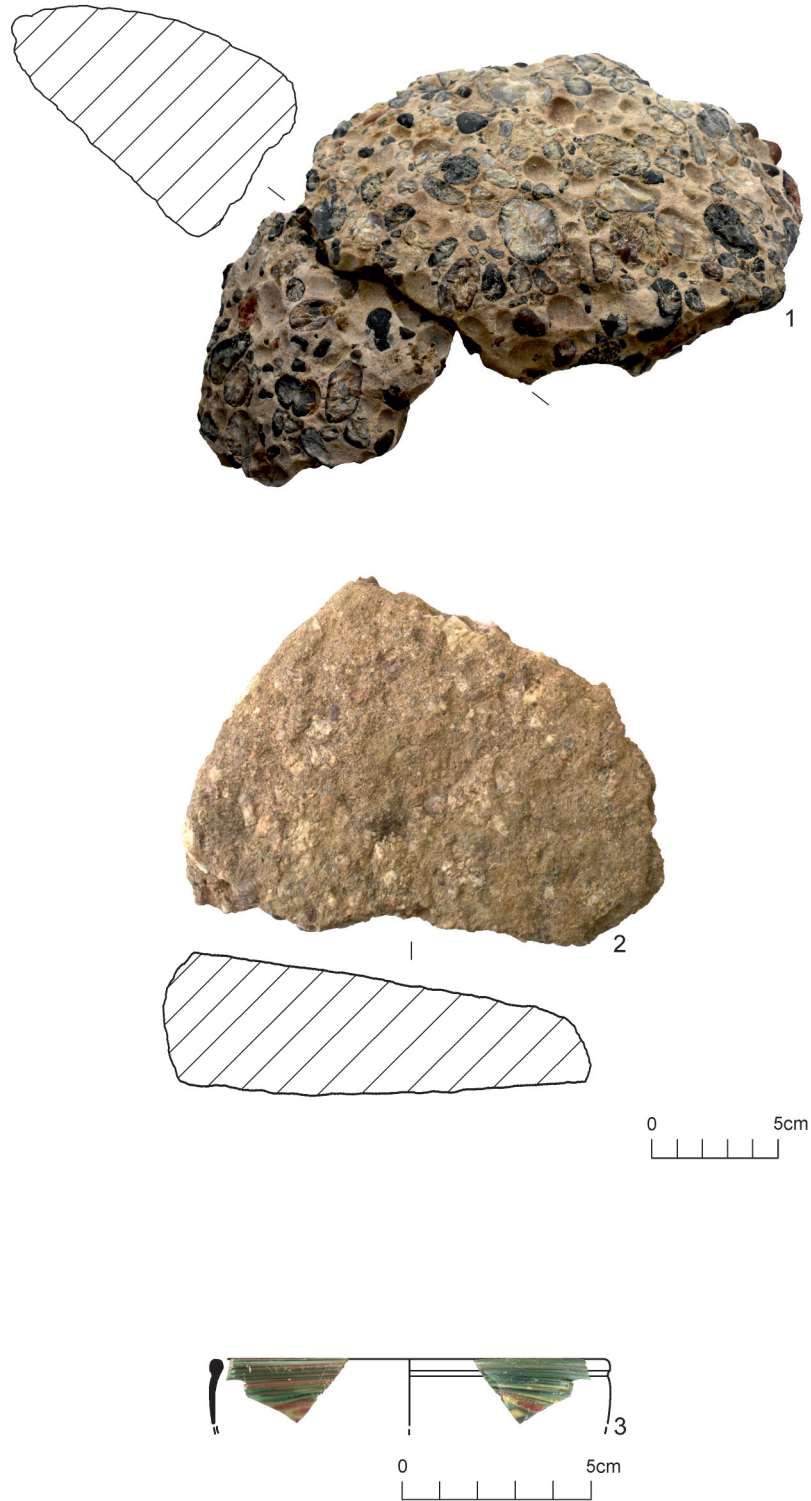


Fig 26 Roman quernstones (1-2) and glass (3).

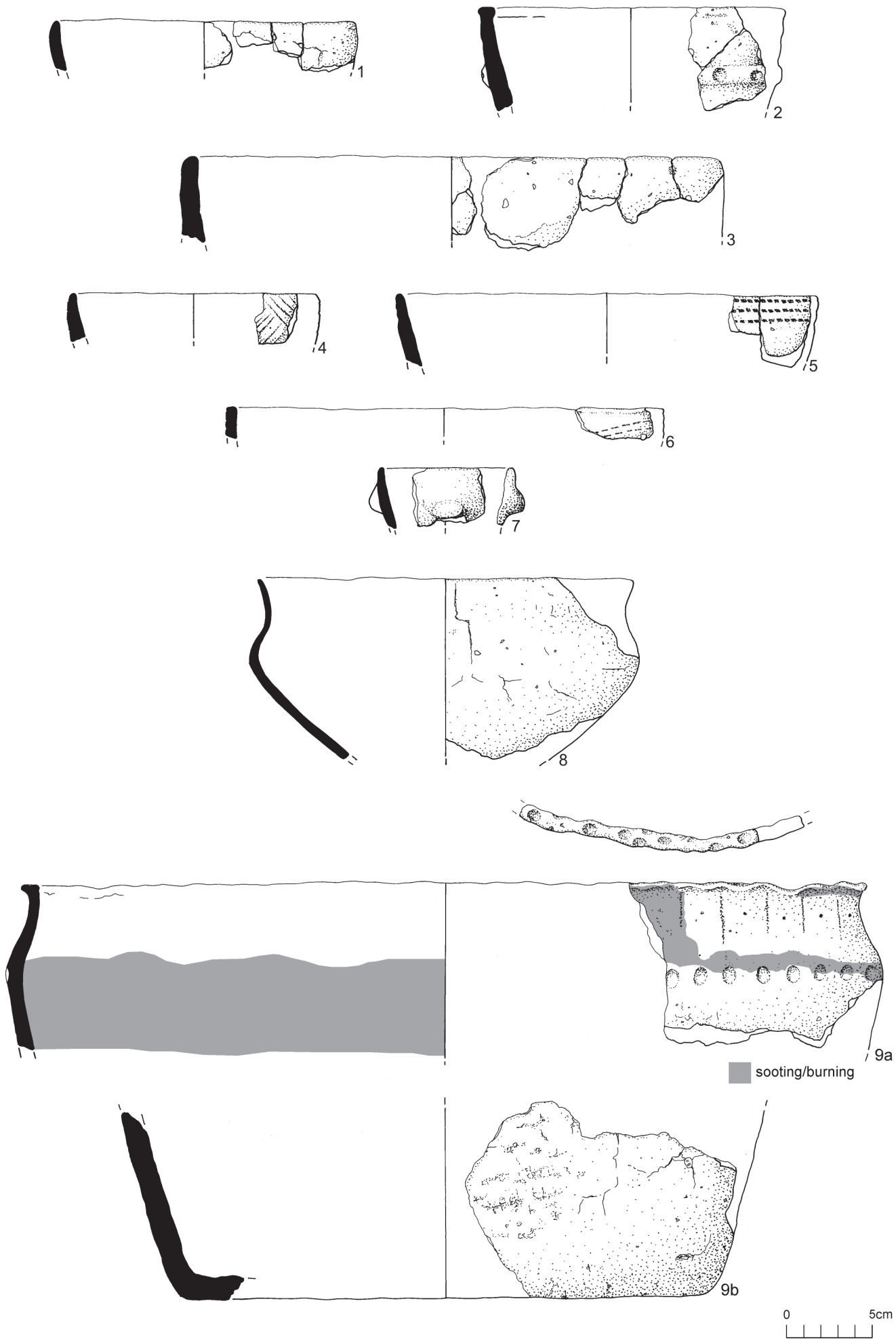


Fig 27 Early-middle Bronze Age pottery from F126 (1-7) and Early Iron Age pottery (8-9) from F76.

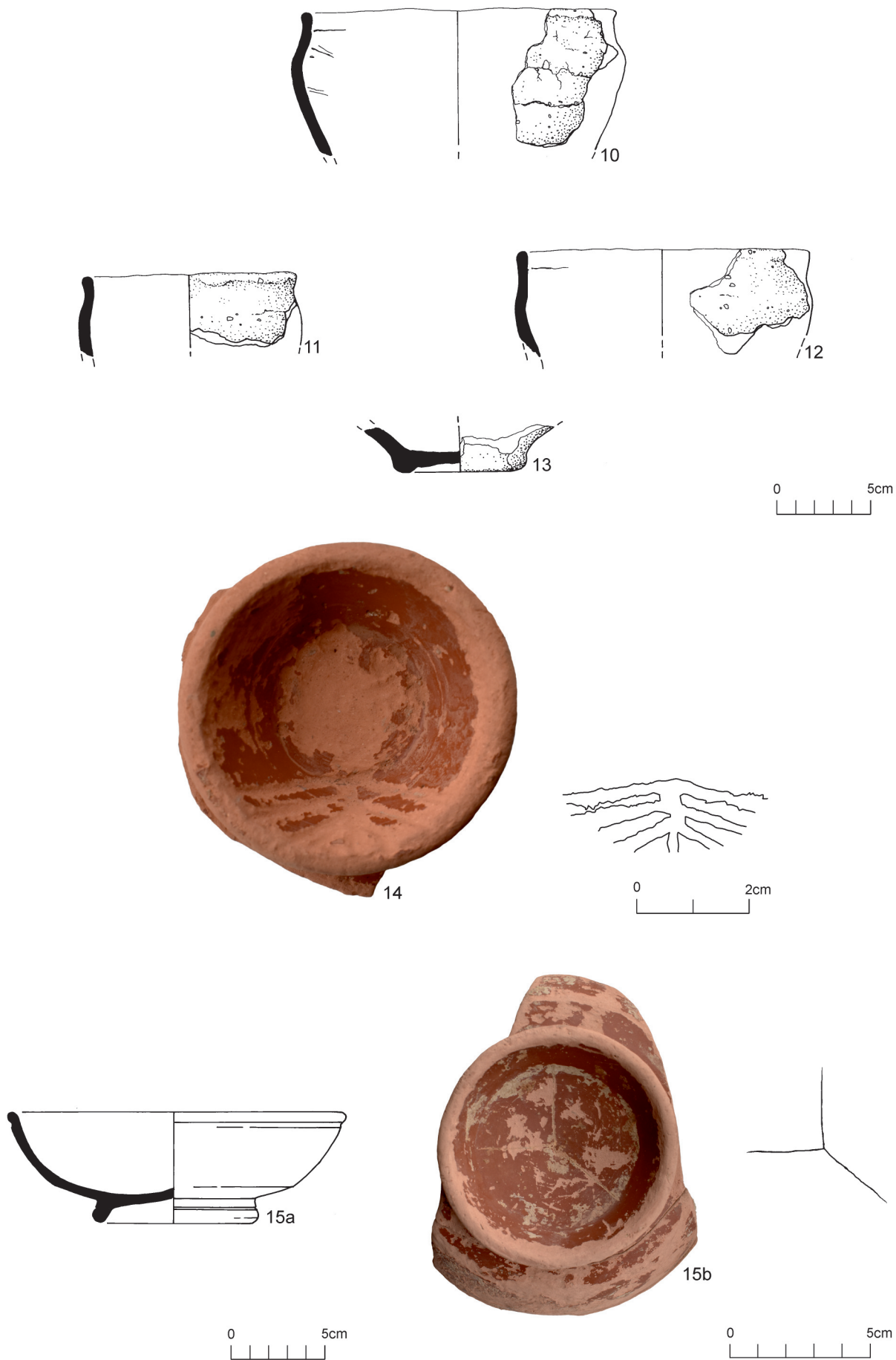


Fig 28 Early Iron Age pottery from F76 (10-13) and Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from F44 (14) and F101 (15a-b).

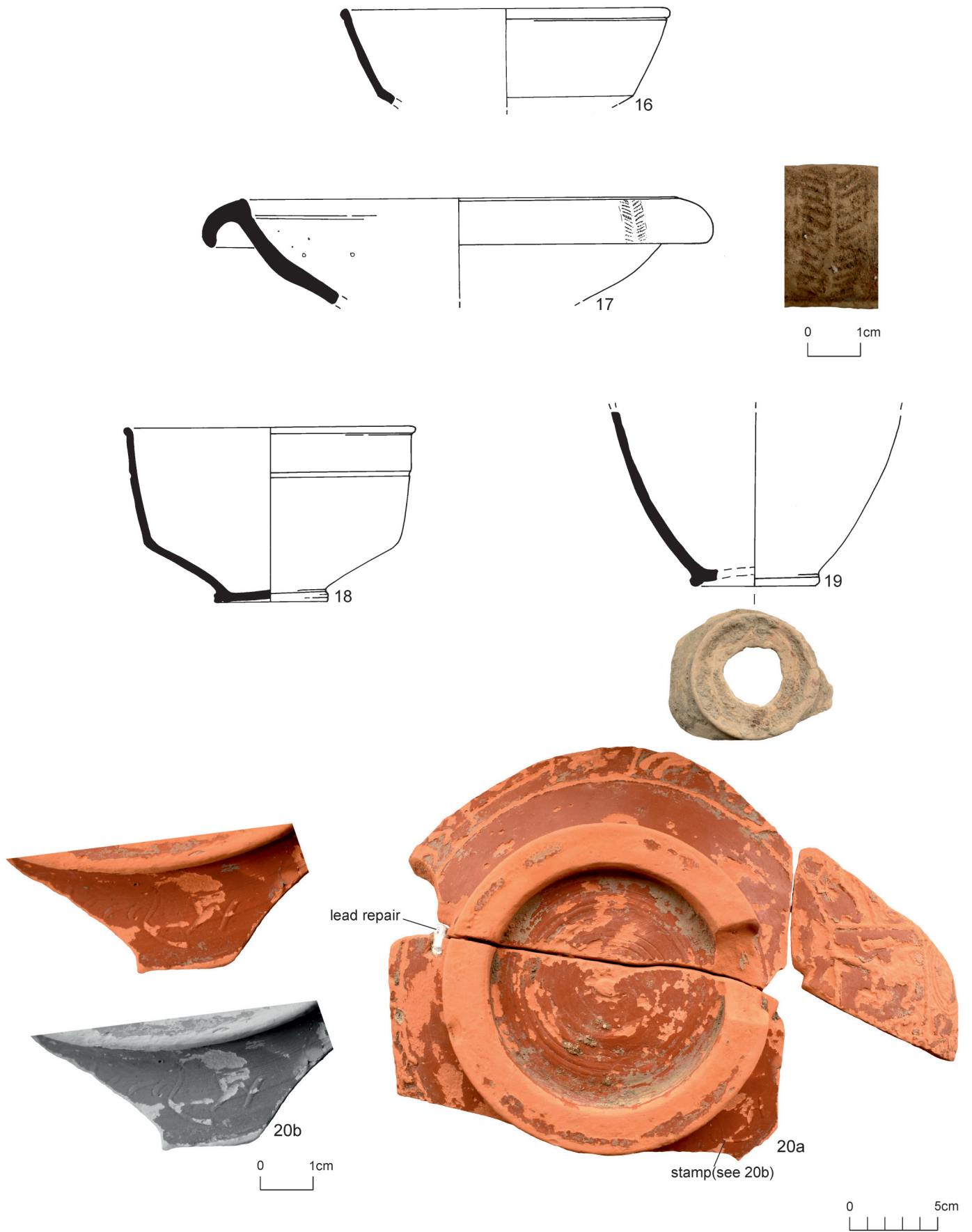


Fig 29 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery F124 (16-19) and F208 (20).

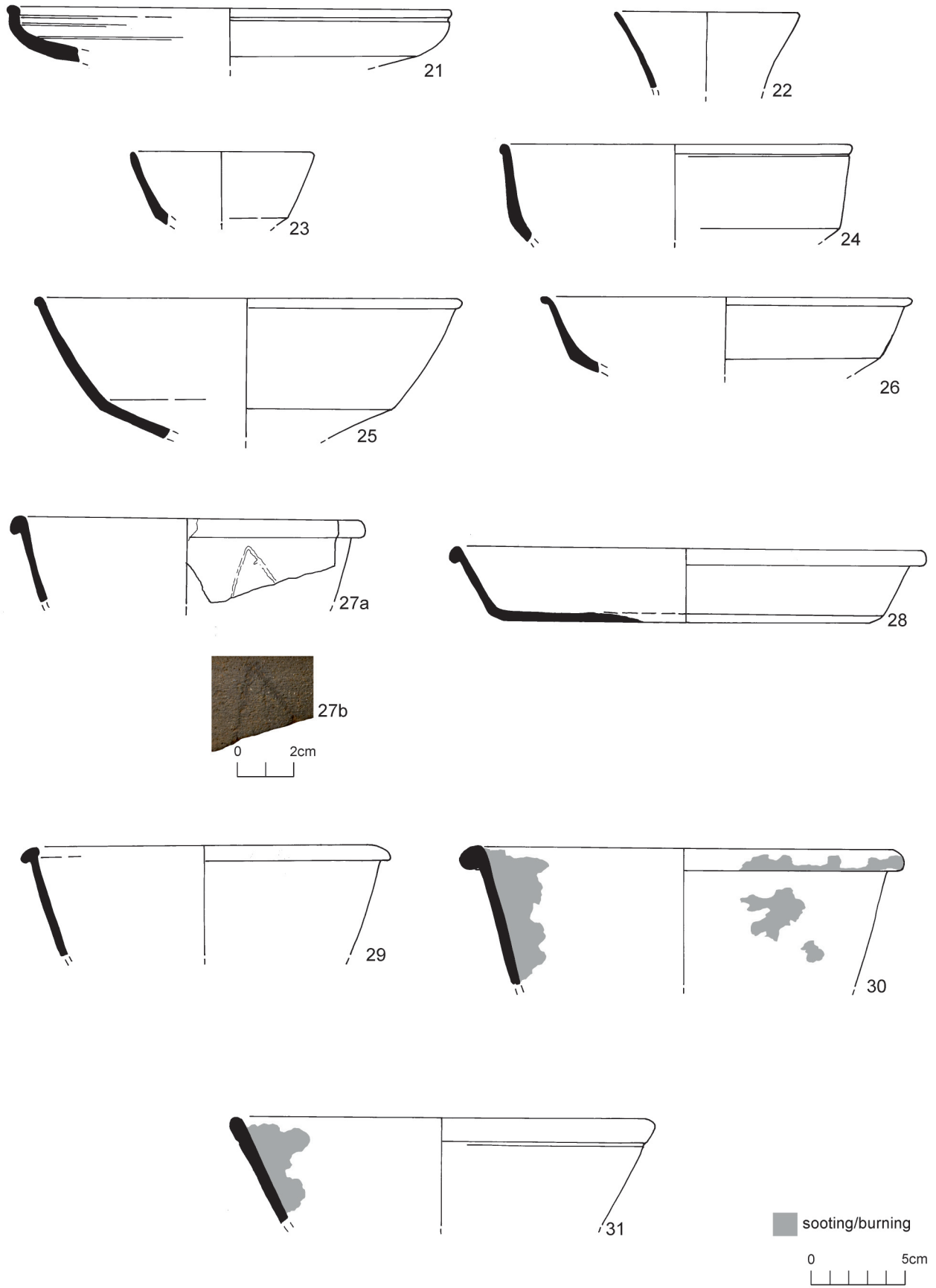


Fig 30 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from F208.

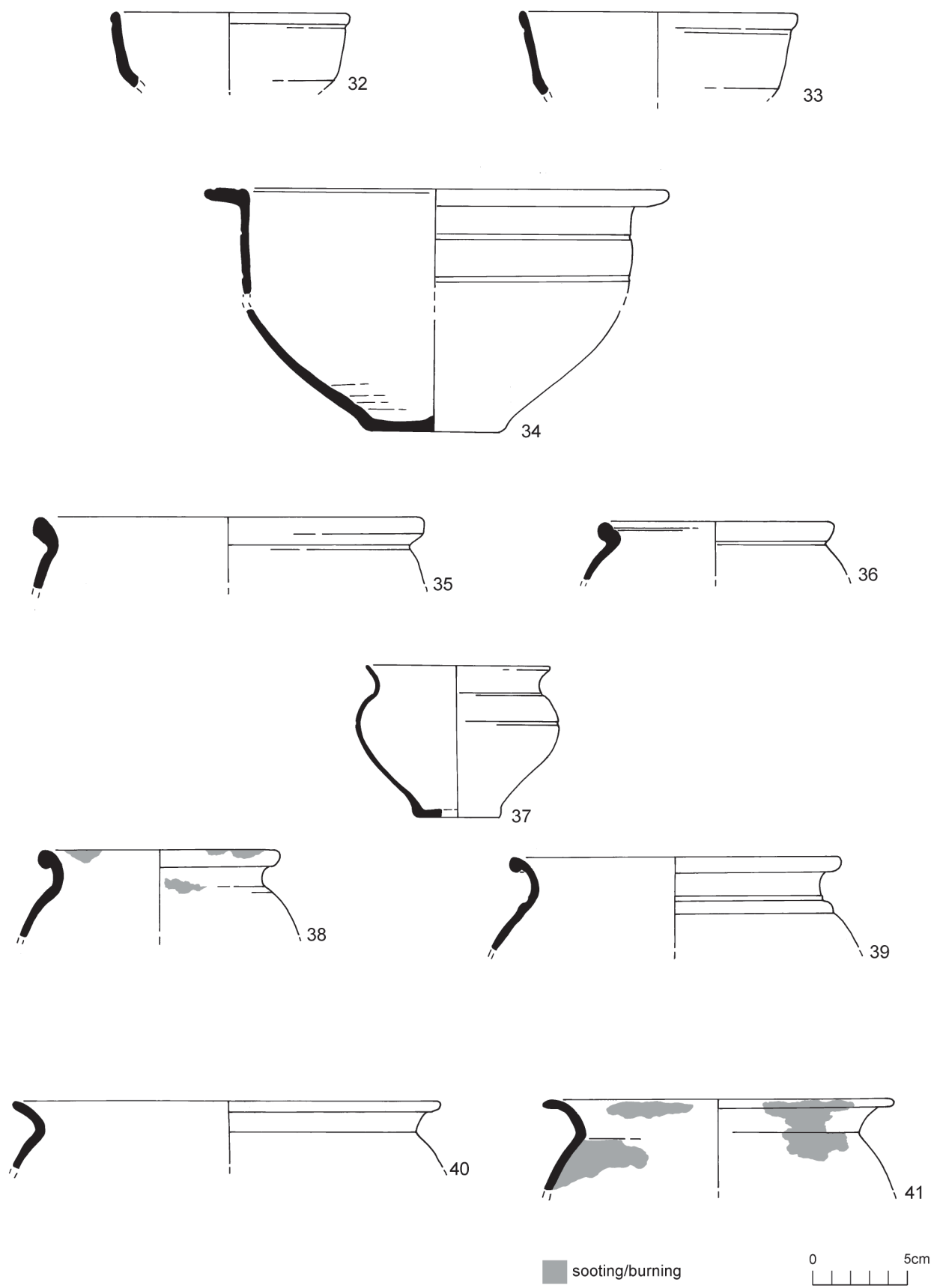
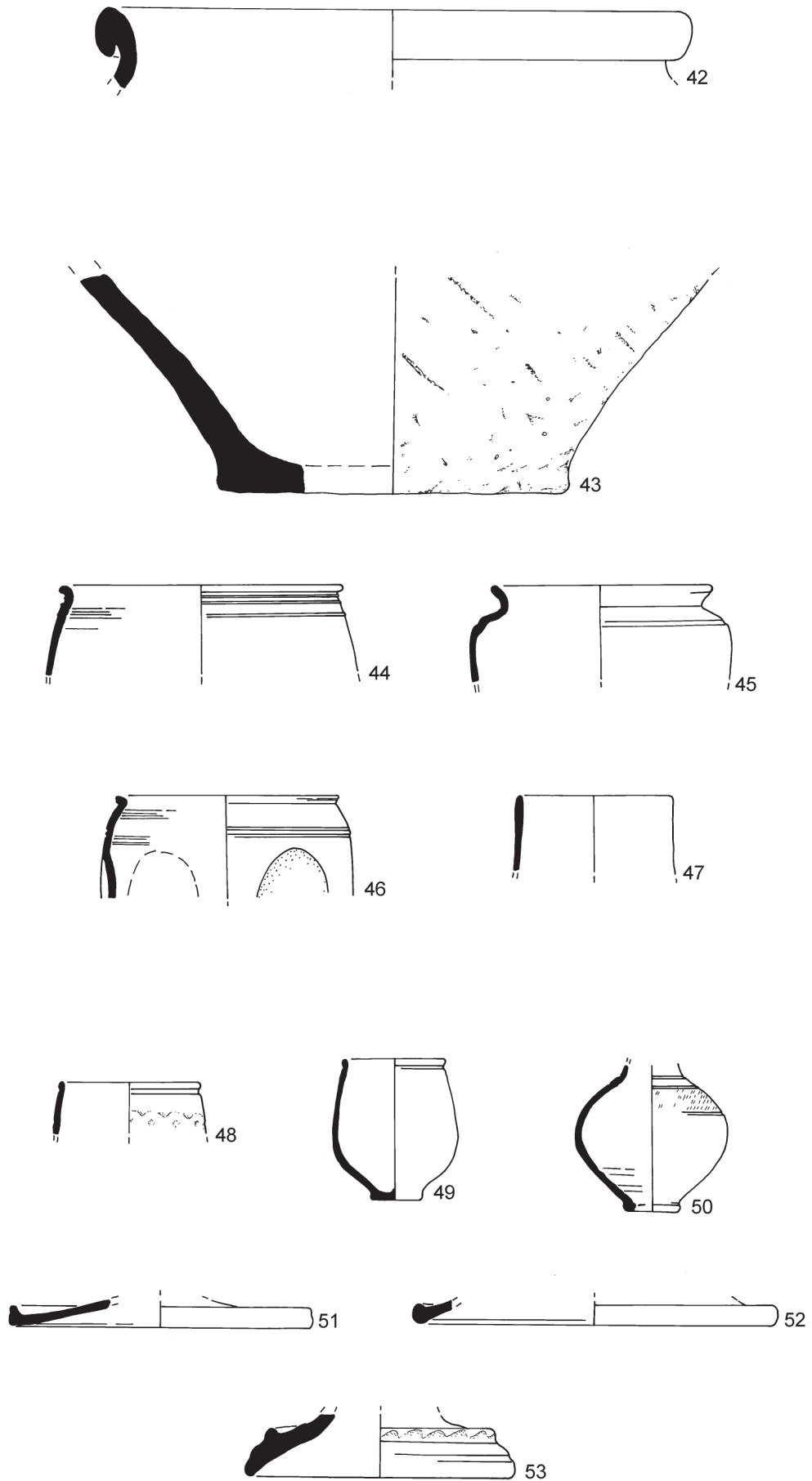


Fig 31 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from F208.



0 5cm

Fig 32 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from F208.

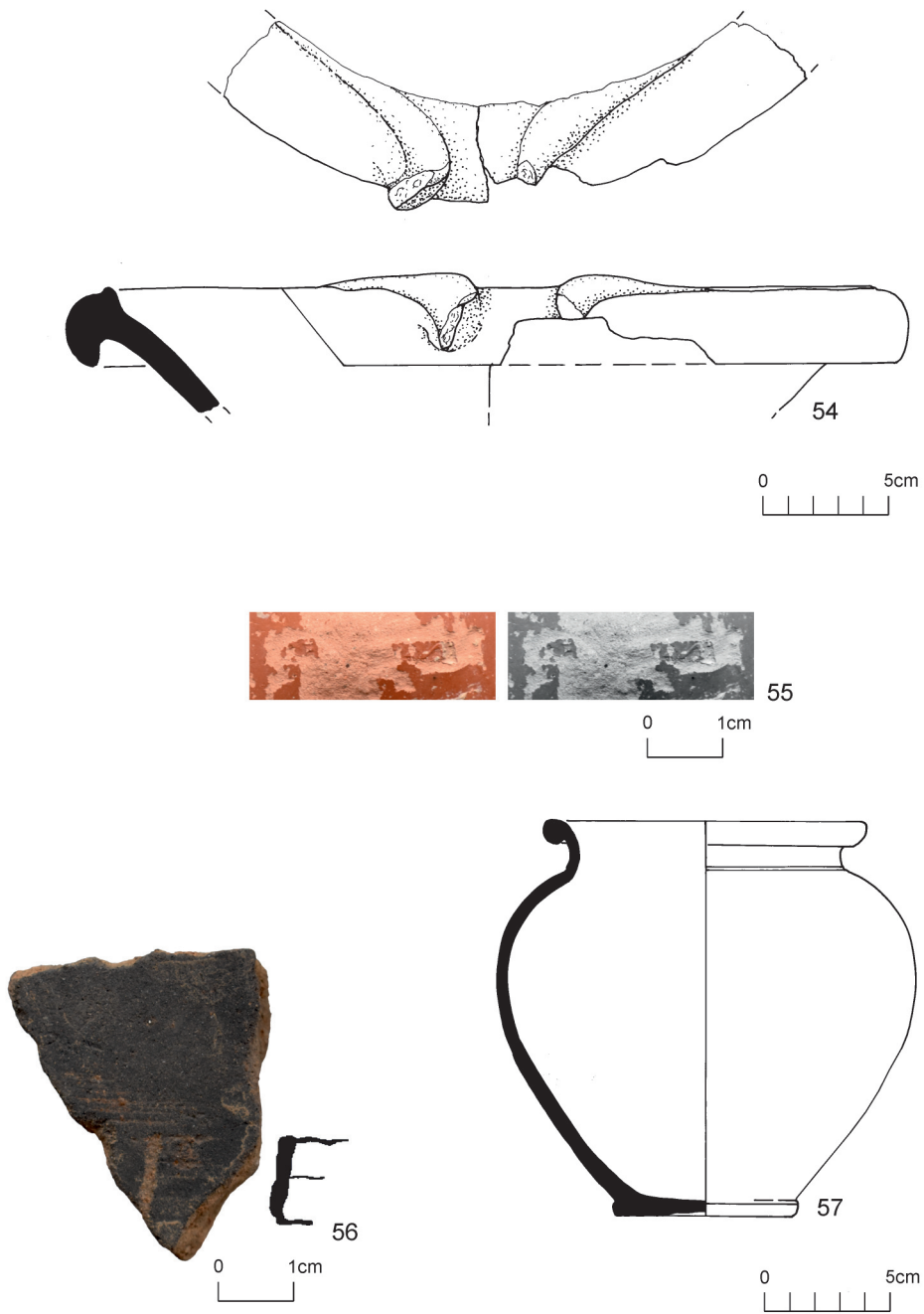


Fig 33 Late Iron Age-Roman pottery from F234 (54), 239 (55), F246 (56) and F277 (57).

Summary for colchest3-411996

OASIS ID (UID)	colchest3-411996
Project Name	Archaeological excavation and a strip, map, assess and excavation at Lanswood Park, Elmstead Market
Sitename	Lanswood Park, Elmstead Market, Essex
Activity type	EXCAVATION
Project Identifier(s)	2021/01a
Planning Id	20/00239/FUL
Reason For Investigation	Planning: Post determination
Organisation Responsible for work	Colchester Archaeological Trust
Project Dates	20-Jan-2020 - 30-Nov-2021
Location	Lanswood Park, Elmstead Market, Essex NGR : TM 07224 23683 LL : 51.8732056126439, 1.00887064083906 12 Fig : 607224,223683
Administrative Areas	Country : England County : Essex District : Tendring Parish : Elmstead
Project Methodology	Following an evaluation, an area of approximately 2.3 hectares was stripped, mapped and excavated. Methodology followed a Brief issued by Essex County Council Place Services and was in accordance with ClfA (2014a) Standard and Guidance for archaeological excavation. Updated Oct 2020; ClfA (2014b), Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials. Updated Oct 2020, and Medlycott, M (ed) (2011), Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

Project Results

This was a small scattering of prehistoric flints indicates passing activity in the Mesolithic and Neolithic periods. The first dated features were two deposits of burnt flints accompanied by large sherds of Middle Bronze Age pottery. These deposits may be ceremonial rather than domestic in nature. Of a group of fifty-one cuts arranged in two or three overlapping oval patterns, nineteen contained Late Bronze Age and Early Iron Age pottery. The cuts (with or without finds) were of widely differing depths, and so the oval patterns are unlikely to have been created by the uprooting of wooden posts. Again, a ceremonial function is more convincing than a domestic one for these deposits. Mirroring the oval pattern of the cuts, an adjacent ring-ditch may, by association, be dated to the Bronze Age. A cremation burial off-centre within the ring-ditch is similarly undated, but contained the remains of an adult buried with a copper object surviving only as a bone stain.

The beginning of a sustained period of activity belongs to the 1st century AD (Period 2a), when a Late Iron Age/early Roman enclosure was laid out, initially containing two unurned cremation burials. Although a small number of features can be dated to this 1st century phase, the later first and early second century (Period 2b) saw a massive increase in activity (continuing into the third), with the laying out of an enclosure (half of which lay within the excavated area), approached by at least four trackways or droveways.

A significant element of the site was a Roman timber well.

Sixteen iron nails may have been parts of structures which are otherwise invisible. In a possible connection, one plank from the well may have had a nail hole, indicating a former life as part of a wooden structure. Apart from those instances, there were no signs of a structure (for example, convincing settings of posts) within the enclosure other than two possible fence lines.

It may therefore be assumed that the primary function of the enclosures was agricultural, with evidence of the movement of livestock (the droveways), and of cereal processing (complete rotary quern stone and other quern fragments).

It may be noted that there were no Roman coins. A small quantity of slag shows that some metal working took place, although no hearth or ovens were found.

What is difficult to interpret is the large volume of Roman pottery here (55 kg) surely indicative of a settlement in the immediate vicinity. Likewise, the large group of Roman brick and tile (53 kg) must indicate the presence of a nearby Roman masonry structure with a tiled roof and a hypocaust.

It may be concluded that the excavated site was a farmyard belonging to an adjacent and substantial Roman structure with a tiled roof and a hypocaust most likely to be of 1st century date (Period 2a) and associated with the early enclosure and cremation burials mentioned above. The pottery found on the excavated site was presumably used by the inhabitants of this building and then dumped as waste in the adjacent farmyard. Significantly, the fact that brick, roof tile and flue-tile fragments from the building found their way into the farmyard ditches must imply that the building was demolished or at least remodelled during the lifetime of the farm (Period 2b).

as not collected in OASIS IV when this record was originally created

Keywords	<p>Cremation Burial - ROMAN - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types</p> <p>Vessel - MIDDLE BRONZE AGE - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus</p> <p>Vessel - LATE IRON AGE - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus</p> <p>Vessel - ROMAN - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus</p> <p>Lithic Implement - LATER PREHISTORIC - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus</p> <p>Ring Ditch - LATE BRONZE AGE - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types</p> <p>Field System - ROMAN - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types</p>
Funder	
HER	Essex HER - unRev - STANDARD
Person Responsible for work	
HER Identifiers	HER Event No - ESCR20
Archives	<p>Physical Archive, Documentary Archive, Digital Archive - to be deposited with Colchester & Ipswich Museum Service (Colchester Collection);</p> <p>Physical Archive, Documentary Archive, Digital Archive - to be deposited with Archaeology Data Service Archive;</p>