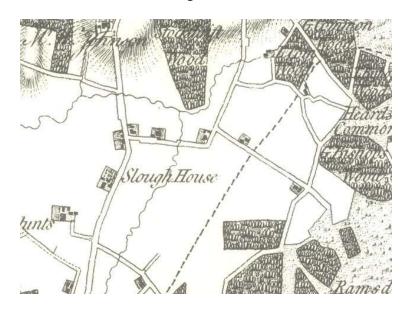
Archaeological monitoring at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock, Essex, CM4 9PR

July 2018



by Dr Elliott Hicks

with contributions from Dr Matthew Loughton figures by Chris Lister, Ben Holloway and Emma Holloway

fieldwork by Ben Holloway

commissioned by Darren Sprig

NGR: TQ 6923 9759 (centre)
Planning reference: CHL/16/01275/FUL
CAT project ref.: 18/01h

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ECC code: SKGF18 OASIS reference: colchest3-307264



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CAT Report 1424 June 2019

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Appendix 1 OASIS Summary

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1 Summary

Archaeological monitoring was carried out at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock during groundworks for the conversion of a barn and ancillary buildings to a swimming pool. Although no archaeological features were encountered, the recovery of a small assemblage of post-medieval pottery and CBM suggests that the origins of the supposedly Victorian farmstead lie further back in time than previously thought, or may evidence an earlier phase of activity at the site.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This report presents the results of archaeological monitoring at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock, which was carried out on 19th July 2018. The work was commissioned by Darren Sprigg prior to the construction of a swimming pool and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

In response to consultation, Essex County Council Historic Environment Advisor (ECCHEA) Alison Bennett advised that in order to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with the *Brief for building recording and archaeological at Greenacre Farm, Stock* detailing the required archaeological work, written by Alison Bennett (ECCPS 2017), and a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with ECCHEA (CAT 2018).

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA **14** and **24**). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological watching briefs* (CIfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (CIfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER) held at Essex County Council, County Hall, Chelmsford, Essex.

The barn is a traditional Essex barn within a Victorian Farm complex and has the potential to preserve historic fabric, features and fittings, elucidating the history and use of the building. Although the complex is probably Victorian, the photographs provided with the planning application (Bell 2016) suggest earlier timbers may potentially have been used in its construction.



Map 1 6-inch OS map (ESSEXLX), surveyed 1873-4, published 1881

4 Aims

Archaeological monitoring was carried out to identify and record any surviving archaeological deposits that may exist on the site.

5 Results (Figs 2-3)

On 19th July 2018, a CAT archaeologist observed the reduction of an area measuring 60m² by 0.65m below current ground level (bcgl) to accommodate the new swimming pool.

Three layers were recorded. A 19th- or 20th-century barn floor (L1, comprised of a bitumen hard top c 0.03-0.05m thick and underlying hoggin sub-base c 0.25m thick) overlay a post-medieval accumulation layer (L2, c 0.09-0.11m thick, firm, moist medium grey/brown silty-clay with charcoal flecks) which sealed natural (L3, firm, moist medium yellow/grey clay, encountered at a depth of c 0.4m bcgl).



Photograph 1 Site shot – looking south southeast

No archaeological features were encountered.

6 Finds

by Dr Matthew Loughton

The excavation produced a small quantity of post-Roman pottery and ceramic building material (henceforth CBM) (Table 1). All of this material came from accumulation layer L2 (1).

Ceramic material	No.	Weight (g)	MSW/g
Post-Roman pottery	7	230	33
Ceramic Building Material (CBM)	5	295	59
All	12	525	44

Table 1 Details on the main types of ceramics and pottery

Post-Roman pottery

There were seven sherds of post-medieval red earthenware (Fabric 40) pottery with a weight of 230g. These sherds are in the fine central Essex-type fabric dating from *c* 1500 to 1650 and included the lower handle from a cistern, which was used for the production and storage of beer (*CAR* **7** 2000, 192, 202-203, fig. 139, nos. 81-83). This handle is slip decorated with a white/pale cream curve or spiral. Cisterns in post-medieval red earthenware are relatively rare and predate the 18th century (*ibid*, 203).

Post-Roman CBM

Five sherds of peg-tile with a weight of 295g were also recovered from accumulation layer L2 (1). Peg-tile was in common usage from the mid 13th century until the 16th century AD (McComish 2015, 33). For Essex it has been argued that peg-tile appeared slightly later from the 14th century onwards (Ryan and Andrews 1993).

Summary

The pottery and CMB indicate a date during c 1500-1700 AD for accumulation layer L2.

Context	Context type	Pottery	СВМ	Overall date approx.
L2	Accumulation layer	c 1500-1650	Medieval / post- medieval	1500-1700

Table 2 Feature dating summary

7 Conclusion

In spite of being located in an archaeologically-sensitive area, no significant archaeological remains were encountered. A small assemblage of pottery and CBM dating to the period 1500-1700 recovered from accumulation layer L2 does, however, suggest that the supposedly 19th-century farm complex may be older than previously thought, or, alternatively, indicates an earlier phase of activity at the site.

8 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Darren Sprigg for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister and carried out by B Holloway. Figures were prepared by C Lister, Ben Holloway and E Holloway. The project was monitored for Essex County Council by Alison Bennett.

9 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at http://cat.essex.ac.uk

Bell, S	2016	Planning Statement. Site: Barn and outbuildings at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock CM4 9PR
Brown, N & Glazenbrook, J	2000	Research and Archaeology: A Framework for the Eastern Counties 2. Research agenda and strategy. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 8 (EAA 8)
CAR 7	2000	Colchester Archaeological Report 7: Post-Roman pottery from excavations in Colchester, 1971-85, by J Cotter
CAT	2014	Health & Safety Policy
CIfA	2014a	Standard and Guidance for archaeological monitoring
CIfA	2014b	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials
ClfA	2014c	Standard and guidance for archaeological investigation and recording of standing buildings or structures
DCLG	2012	National Planning Policy Framework
ECCPS	2016	Brief for Historic Building Recording and archaeological monitoring at Greenacre Farm, Stock
English Heritage	2006	Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)
Gurney, D	2003	Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
McComish, JM	2015	A Guide to Ceramic Building Materials: An Insight Report
Medlycott, M	2011	Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)
Ryan, P and Andrew, D	1993	'A brick and tile typology for Cressing Temple', in Andrews, D (ed.), Cressing Temple, a Templar and Hospitaller manor in Essex, 93-103

10 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT Colchester Archaeological Trust
CBM ceramic building material, ie brick/tile
ClfA Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

context specific location of finds on an archaeological site ECCHEA Essex County Council Historic Environment Advisor

ECCPS Essex County Council Place Services EHER Essex Historic Environment Record

feature (F) an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'

layer (L) distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material

medieval period from AD 1066 to c 1500

natural geological deposit undisturbed by human activity

NGR National Grid Reference

OASIS Online AccesS to the Index of Archaeological InvestigationS,

http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main

peg-tile rectangular thin tile with peg-hole(s) used mainly for roofing, first appeared c

AD1200 and continued in use to present day, but commonly post-medieval to

modern

post-medieval period from c AD 1500 to c 1800

section (abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s

wsi written scheme of investigation

11 Contents of archive

Finds: none retained

Paper record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1424)

ECC evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, sections)

Site digital photos and log

Digital record

The report (CAT Report 1424)

ECC evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation
Site digital photographs, thumbnails and log

Graphic files

Survey data

12 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex, CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Chelmsford Museum under accession code CHMER: 2018.002.

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Distribution list

Darren Sprigg Alison Bennett, Essex County Council Place Services Essex Historic Environment Record



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Checked by: Philip Crummy

Date: 09.07.2019

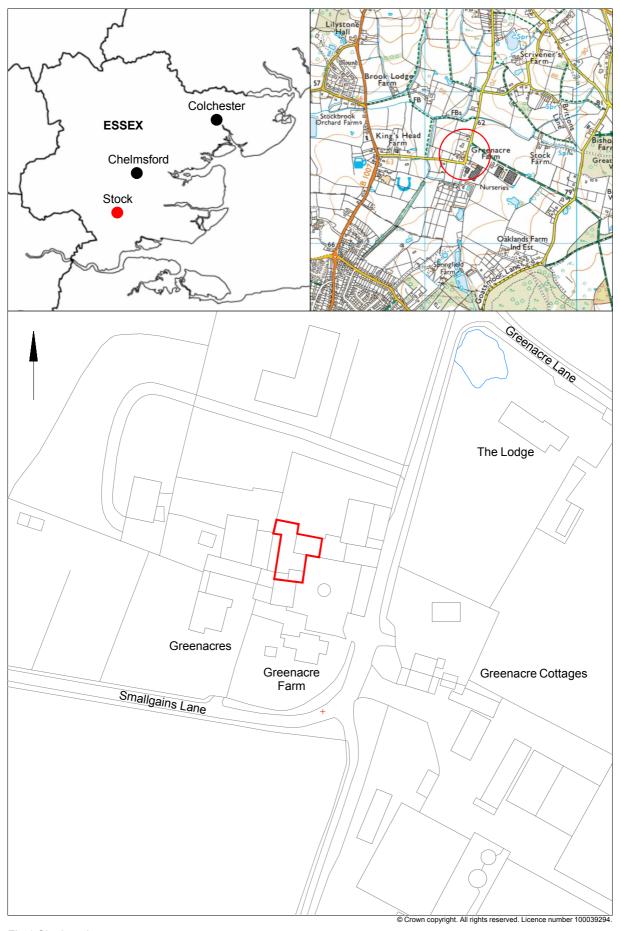


Fig 1 Site location.



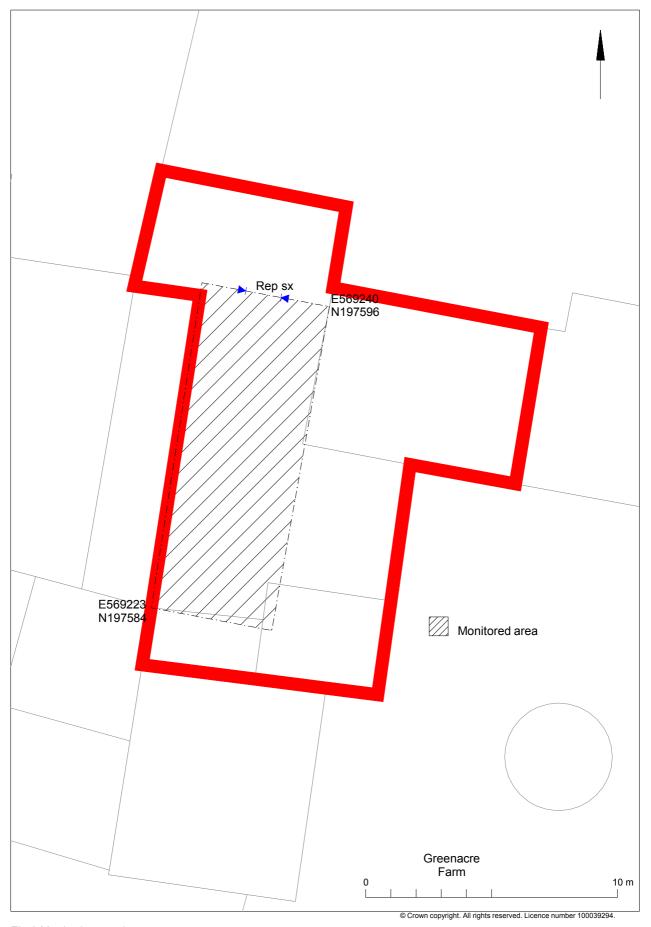


Fig 2 Monitoring results

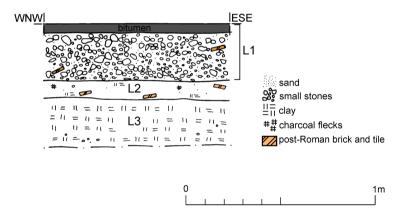


Fig 3 Representative section.

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

List of Projects | Manage Projects | Search Projects | New project | Change your details | HER coverage | Change country | Log out

Printable version

OASIS ID: colchest3-307264

Project details

Project name Archaeological monitoring at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock, Essex, CM4

9PR: July 2018

Short description of

the project

Archaeological monitoring was carried out at Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock during groundworks for the conversion of a barn and ancillary buildings to a swimming pool. Although no archaeological features were encountered, the recovery of a small assemblage of post-medieval pottery and CBM suggests that the origins of the

supposedly Victorian farmstead lie further back in time than previously thought, or may

evidence an earlier phase of activity at the site.

Project dates Start: 19-07-2019 End: 19-07-2019

Previous/future work Yes / Not known

Any associated project reference

codes

18/01h - Contracting Unit No.

Any associated project reference

codes

CHL/17/1275/FUL - Planning Application No.

Any associated project reference

codes

CHMER: 2018.002 - Museum accession ID

Any associated project reference

codes

SKGF18 - HER event no.

Type of project Recording project

Site status None

Current Land use Other 2 - In use as a building

Significant Finds PEG-TILE Medieval

Significant Finds PEG-TILE Post Medieval
Significant Finds POTTERY Post Medieval

Investigation type "Watching Brief"

Prompt Planning condition

Project location

Country England

1 of 3 09/07/2019, 11:48

Site location ESSEX CHELMSFORD STOCK Greenacre Farm, Smallgains Lane

Postcode CM4 9PR

Study area 0.01 Hectares

Site coordinates TQ 6923 9759 51.651084938451 0.446530505883 51 39 03 N 000 26 47 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation Colchester Archaeological Trust

Project brief originator

HEM Team Officer, ECC

Project design originator

Laura Pooley

Project

director/manager

Chris Lister

Project supervisor

Mark Baister

Type of

sponsor/funding

body

Owner

Project archives

Physical Archive

Exists?

No

Digital Archive

recipient

Chelmsford Museum

Digital Archive ID

CHMER: 2018.002

Digital Media available

"Text","Images raster / digital photography"

Paper Archive

recipient

Chelmsford Museum

Paper Archive ID

CHMER: 2018.002

Paper Media available

"Context sheet","Drawing","Photograph","Report"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title Archaeological monitoring at Greenacre farm, Smallgains Lane, Stock, Essex, CM4

9PR: July 2018

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Other bibliographic

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