Archaeological recording at the lower bowling green, Castle Park, Colchester, Essex, CO1 2SD

June 2017



by Dr Elliott Hicks figures by Sarah Carter and Laura Pooley

fieldwork by Harvey Furness

on behalf of Ian Baalham, Colchester Borough Council

NGR: TL 99955 25707 (centre) Planning reference: n/a CAT project ref.: 17/05k

Colchester Museum accession code: COLEM: 2017.70

CHER ref: ECC4000

OASIS reference: colchest3-285626



Colchester Archaeological Trust

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CAT Report 1118
June 2017

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1 Summary

Archaeological recording was carried out at the lower bowling green in Lower Castle Park, Colchester (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1002217) near to the Roman Town Wall (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1003772) on two excavated trenches. Trenching totalling 68.1m in length, c 0.46-0.49m in width and 0.6m in depth was excavated through modern layers of topsoil and subsoil. No significant archaeological remains were uncovered.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This report presents the results of archaeological recording at the lower bowling green, Lower Castle Park, Colchester, Essex which was carried out on the 18th May 2017. The work was commissioned by Ian Baalham, Colchester Borough Council after the excavation of the trenches, and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

In response to a request from the Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor, Jess Tipper, a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with paragraphs 128, 129 and 132 of the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012) was undertaken in order to establish the archaeological implications of this work.

All fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA **14** and **24**). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological watching brief* (ClfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the major published sources for Colchester archaeology (listed below), and also on Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER).

The monitoring site is located within Lower Castle Park, an area of outstanding archaeological importance. Castle Park is protected as a scheduled ancient monument (NHLE no. 1002217) due to the wealth of its Roman and medieval archaeology. The most significant remains are of the Roman temple dedicated to the emperor Claudius, which survives in part below the Norman castle keep. The site is located just to the north of the precinct of the Temple of Claudius, and within the grounds of the Norman Castle (Scheduled Monument (EX 1, HA 1002217). The archaeological background of the site has been explored in depth (see, for example, Hull 1958, Brooks 1996, Crummy 1997).

The site lies in close proximity to the Roman town wall (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1003772) and Duncan's Gate. The Roman wall was built around the town in the later 1st century AD following the revolt led by Boudica. It is constructed of a core of layered septaria and mortar faced with coursed septaria and tile. A recent study has concluded that the wall has an average width of 2.67m (including offsets) which is equivalent to precisely nine Roman feet (pedes Monetales). A hypothetical cross-section of the wall shows the foundations as being 3.77m wide (Crummy 2003). Some previous work shows that the wall foundations were surprisingly shallow at 600mm deep (Hull 1958, 25-6). Work by CAT at the Sixth Form College in 2005 shows the stone foundations to be 1.2m deep with wooden piles below (CAT report 347), although, being water-logged, ground conditions here presumably explain their exceptional depth. Trial-holes confirmed that survival of the foundations varies. Where

they have not been robbed away, the foundations extend 2.1m from the existing face of the wall and are in a sound state of preservation.

Above ground, the survival of the wall is very patchy. Some sections are in relatively good condition, with large areas of intact facing surviving (such as around Balkerne Gate to the west of the town). The section of the wall around Duncan's Gate, however, has lost up to 2.4m in width and nothing of the original exterior face survives, only part of the core. The majority of what is standing has been refaced or completely rebuilt in brick and stone.

Duncan's Gate was discovered and excavated by Dr P M Duncan (after which it is named) in 1853. Further excavations were undertaken in 1927-9 by the Colchester Excavation Committee, overseen by M. R. Hull (Hull 1958, 36-41). A full summary of these investigations can be found in CAT Report 1022, carried out when a historic building record and test-pit evaluation was completed at the gate in 2016 in advance of conservation work.

4 Results (Figs 2-3)

Two trenches were excavated. Trench 1 (T1) measured 28m in length, 0.46m in width and 0.6m in depth. Trench 2 (T2) measured 32.1m in length, 0.49min width and 0.6m in depth. All excavations were carried out by contractors without archaeological supervision and all recording and observations were undertaken subsequently.

Trench 1 (T1)

Trench T1 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, loose moist medium grey/brown silty-sand, 0.15-0.25m thick), which sealed a layer of modern subsoil (L2, friable moist dark grey/brown silty-sand). No significant archaeological remains were uncovered.



Photograph 1 T1 trench shot - looking north-east

Trench 2 (T2)

Trench T2 was excavated through L1 (0.25-0.3m thick), which sealed L2. No significant archaeological remains were uncovered.



Photograph 2 T2 trench shot - looking north-west

5 Finds

No significant finds were recovered.

6 Discussion

No significant archaeological horizons were identified during monitoring as groundworks only penetrated through 0.6m of modern layers.

7 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Ian Baalham, Colchester Borough Council for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister. Fieldwork was carried out by H Furness. Figures were prepared by S Carter. The project was monitored for CBCPS by Jess Tipper.

8 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at http://cat.essex.ac.uk

Brooks, H CAT Report 347	1996 2009	An historical study of Colchester Castle Park (CBC) Roman buildings, the rear face of the Roman town wall and archaeological investigations in Insulas 1a, 1b, 9a and 9b, at the Sixth Form College, North Hill, Colchester, Essex: April 2005-March 2006.
CAT Report 1022	2016	Historic building recording and test-pit evaluation at Duncan's Gate, Colchester, CO1 1UN: July 2016
ClfA	2014a	Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief
ClfA	2014b	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials
Crummy, P	1997	City of Victory: the story of Colchester – Britain's' first Roman town
Crummy, P	2003	'Colchester's town wall', in <i>The archaeology of Roman towns: studies in honour of John S Wacher</i> , ed by P Wilson
DCLG	2012	National Planning Policy Framework
English Heritage	2006	Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)
Gurney, D	2003	Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
Hull, M.R.	1958	Roman Colchester RRCSAL 20
Medlycott, M	2011	Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

9 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT Colchester Archaeological Trust CBC Colchester Borough Council

CBCPS Colchester Borough Council Planning Services

CHER Colchester Historic Environment Record (previously UAD,

Urban Archaeological Database)

ClfA Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

context specific location of finds on an archaeological site

EHER Essex Historic Environment Record layer (L) distinct or distinguishable deposit of soil modern period from c AD 1800 to the present

NGR National Grid Reference

Roman the period from AD 43 to c AD 410

section (abbreviation sc or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s

wsi written scheme of investigation

10 Contents of archive

Finds: n/a

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1118)

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, plans)

Site digital photos and log, attendance register

11 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex, CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Colchester Museum under accession code: COLEM: 2017.70

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Distribution list

Ian Baalham, Colchester Borough Council Jess Tipper, Colchester Borough Council Planning Services Essex Historic Environment Record



Colchester Archaeological Trust

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tel.: 01206 501785 email: lp@catuk.org

Checked by: Philip Crummy Date: 22/06/2017

Essex Historic Environment Record/ Essex Archaeology and History

Summary sheet

Address: Lower Castle Park, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1UG				
Parish: Colchester	District: Colchester			
NGR: TM 99955 25707 (centre)	Site code: CAT project ref.: 17/05k CHER ref: ECC4000 OASIS ref: colchest3-285626			
Type of work: Recording	Site director/group: Colchester Archaeological Trust			
Date of work: 18th May 2017	Size of area investigated: 0.16 ha			
Location of curating museum: Colchester museum accession code: COLEM: 2017.70	Funding source: Borough Council			
Further seasons anticipated?	Related CHER/SMR numbers:			
Final report: CAT Report 1118				
Periods represented: modern				
Summary of fieldwork results: Archaeological recording was carried out at the lower bowling green in Lower Castle Park, Colchester (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1002217) near to the Roman Town Wall (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1003772) on two excavated trenches. Trenching totalling 68.1m in length, c 0.46-0.49m in width and 0.6m in depth was excavated through modern layers of topsoil and subsoil. No significant archaeological remains were uncovered.				
Previous summaries/reports: None				
CBC monitor: Jess Tipper				
Keywords: -	Significance: -			
Author of summary: Dr Elliott Hicks	Date of summary: June 2017			

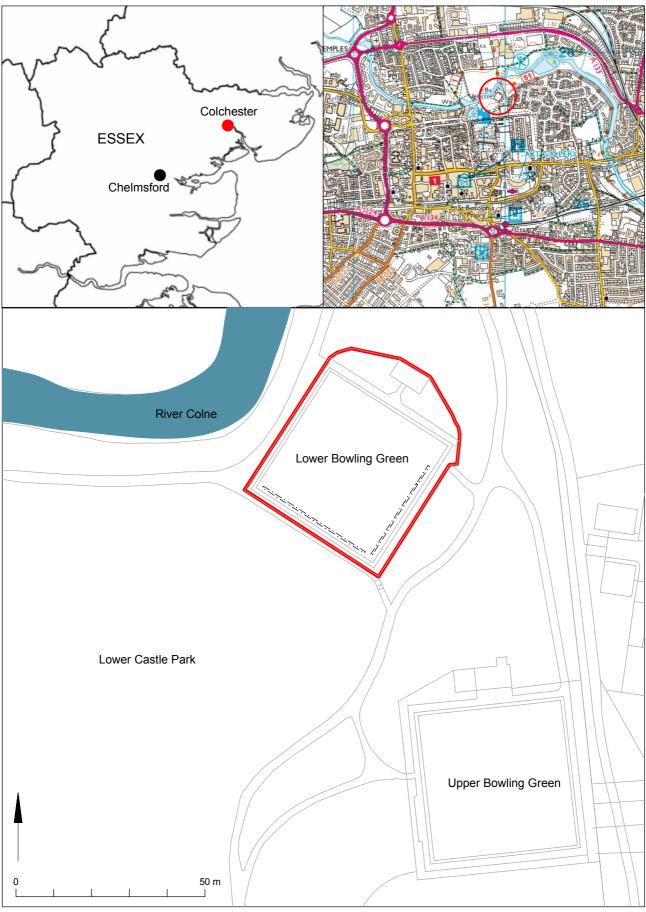


Fig 1 Site location.

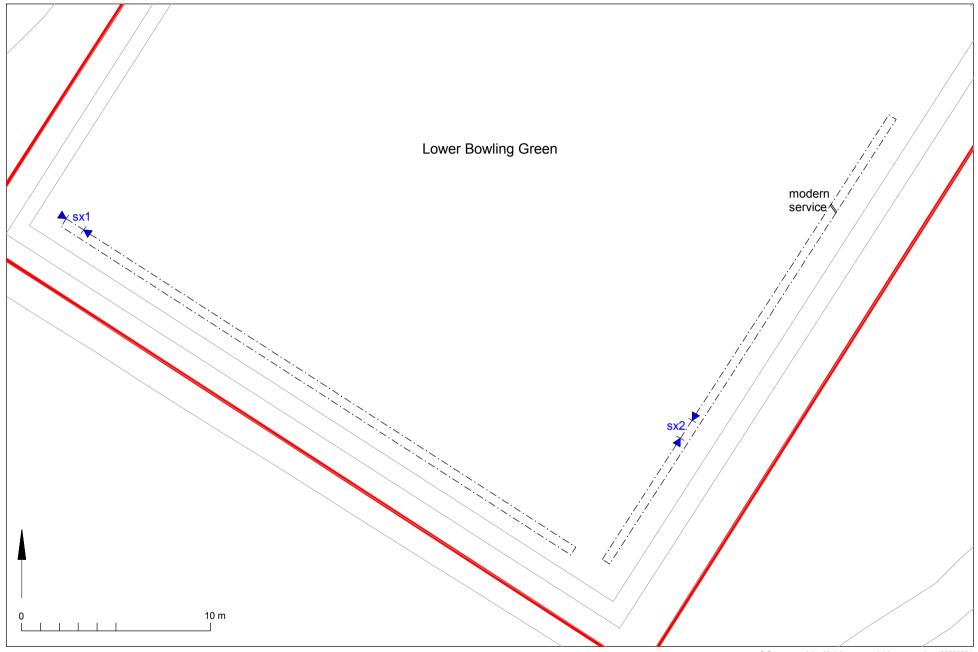
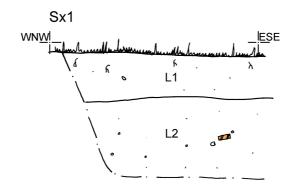
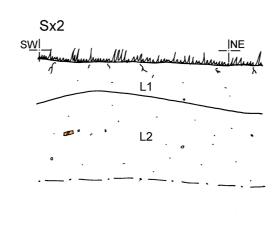


Fig 2 Results

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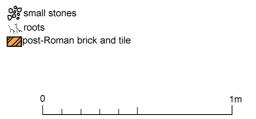


Fig 3 Representative sections

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

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OASIS ID: colchest3-285626

Project details

Project name Archaeological recording at the lower bowling green, Castle Park, Colchester, Essex, CO1

2SD

Short description of the project

Archaeological recording was carried out at the lower bowling green in Lower Castle Park, Colchester (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1002217) near to the Roman Town Wall (a scheduled monument, NHLE no. 1003772) on two excavated trenches. Trenching totalling 68.1m in length, c 0.46-0.49m in width and 0.6m in depth was excavated through modern

layers of topsoil and subsoil. No significant archaeological remains were uncovered.

Project dates

Start: 18-05-2017 End: 18-05-2017

Previous/future

work

No / Not known

Any associated project reference

project reference codes

17/05k - Contracting Unit No.

Type of project

Recording project

Site status

Status INOTIE

Current Land use Community Service 2 - Leisure and recreational buildings

Monument type NONE None
Significant Finds NONE None
Investigation type "Watching Brief"

Prompt National Planning Policy Framework - NPPF

Project location

Country England

Site location ESSEX COLCHESTER COLCHESTER Lower Castle Park Bowling Green

Postcode CO1 2SD Study area 0.16 Hectares

Site coordinates TL 99956 25707 51.89346195101 0.906354482524 51 53 36 N 000 54 22 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation

Colchester Archaeological Trust

Project brief

Project design

none

originator

none

originator Proiect

Chris Lister

director/manager

https://oasis.ac.uk/form/print.cfm

Project supervisor Harvey Furness

Type of

Owner

sponsor/funding body

Name of

sponsor/funding

Colchester Borough Council

body

Project archives

Physical Archive

Exists?

No

Digital Archive

recipient

Colchester Museum

Digital Archive ID

COLEM: 2017.70

Digital Media available

"Images raster / digital photography", "Survey"

Paper Archive

Colchester Museum

recipient

Paper Archive ID

COLEM: 2017.70

Paper Media available

"Context sheet", "Drawing", "Miscellaneous Material", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

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2SD

Author(s)/Editor(s) Hicks, E.

Other

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