Archaeological evaluation at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport, Essex, CB11 3TZ

March 2017



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on behalf of William Meacham, Amherst Homes Ltd

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Saffron Walden Museum accession code SAFWM: 2017.17 OASIS ref.: colchest3-278183



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CAT Report 1081 March 2017

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1 Summary

An archaeological evaluation (six trial-trenches) was carried out at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport, Essex in advance of the construction of five new dwellings. Despite being located close to the medieval town, possible castle and Leper Hospital the only archaeological remains were a field boundary ditch and backfilled pond, both identified on the 1896 6-inch OS map and extant until at least the late 1940s.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This is the archive report for an archaeological evaluation by trial-trenching at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport, Essex which was carried out on 13th-14th March 2017. The work was commissioned by William Meacham of Amherst Homes Ltd in advance of the construction of five new detached dwellings, and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

In response to consultation with Essex County Council Place Services (ECCPS), Historic Environment Advisor Richard Havis advised that in order to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for trial trenching and excavation*, detailing the required archaeological work, written by Richard Havis (ECCPS 2017), and a written scheme of investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with ECCPS (CAT 2017).

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA **14** and **24**). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation* (CIfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (CIfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background utilises the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER) held at Essex County Council, County Hall, Chelmsford.

The EHER and the Historic Environment Characterisation study indicate that the proposed development lies within a potentially sensitive area of heritage assets. It lies just outside the suggested limits of the medieval town (EHER 376-377) and there is documentary evidence of a castle being in the vicinity (EHER 234). To the northeast lies the site of a medieval Leper Hospital where excavations have identified a number of structures and human burials related to the hospital (EHER 1937). In addition an evaluation to the west has revealed two areas of prehistoric activity (EHER 48597) with multiple pits as well as two small ditches, indicating some longevity of use. Pottery recovered from both areas dated to the Late Bronze Age/ Early Iron Age. The nature of the features suggest that they was probably related to settlement activity. Evidence from cartographic records show the land to the immediate west of the site has been quarried.

4 Results (Figs 2-3)

Six trial-trenches were machine excavated under the supervision of a CAT archaeologist. Four were located in the rear garden of the existing property (T1-T4) with two in the front driveway (T5-T6).

Trench 1 (T1): 8m long by 1.8m wide

Trench 1 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, c 160-200mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, c 80-240mm thick) which sealed natural clay (L3). There were no archaeological remains.

Trench 2 (T2): 10m long by 1.8m wide

Trench 2 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, c 200mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, c 400mm thick) which sealed natural clay (L3). A single modern pit (unexcavated) was located at the east end of the trench.

Trench 3 (T3): 12m long by 1.8m wide

Trench 3 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, *c* 250-310mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, *c* 110-220mm thick) which sealed natural clay (L3). A single undated ditch was aligned N-S along the trench. It measured approximately 1.7m wide by 0.54m deep and was cut by a modern brick wall (an old garden feature).



Photograph 1 T3, looking S

Trench 4 (T4): 8m long by 1.8m wide

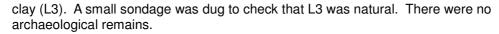
Trench 4 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, *c* 180mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, *c* 130-200mm thick) which sealed natural clay (L3). There were no archaeological remains but a modern drain did cross the trench.

Trench 5 (T5): 8m long by 1.8m wide

Trench 5 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, c 350-430mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, c 320-350mm thick) which sealed natural clay (L3). There were no archaeological remains.

Trench 6 (T6): 5m long by 1.8m wide

Trench 6 was excavated through modern topsoil (L1, c 180-200mm thick) onto a medium grey/brown clayey-silt subsoil (L2, c 260-400mm thick) which sealed natural





Photograph 2 T6, looking NW

5 Finds

Modern finds dated to the early-mid 20th century were recorded from F2 (1).

Feature (and finds) number	Description	Date
F2 (1)	Modern pottery: four sherds (126g) of Staffordshire-type white earthenware (Fabric 48D*) and stoneware (Fabric 47*), late 19th to early 20th century. Modern glass bottles, all early-mid 20th century: 1) Small brown glass Bovril jar, inscription on edge: 2oz / BOVRIL / LIMITED / 252, inscription on base BOTTLE MADE IN ENGLAND / BY / FGC (Forsters Glass Company Ltd), screw cap lid missing. 2) Clear glass bottle, inscription on edge: BRYLCREEM / REGD, screw-cap lid missing. 3) Clear glass bottle, inscription on edge 1: EIFFEL TOWER / LEMONADE, inscription on edge 2: FOSTER CLARK LTD / MAIDSTONE. 4) Clear glass meat paste bottle, inscription on base: RD NO 684057.	Modern, early-mid 20th century

Table 1 All finds by context (Fabrics as CAR 7)

6 Discussion

Despite being located in an area of archaeological importance there were no significant archaeological remains. The 6-inch OS map of 1896 (Map 1) shows that the undated ditch (F1) is a field boundary and the modern pit (F2) is probably a backfilled pond seen on the same map. Both boundary and pond were still extant in the late 1940s (6-inch OS map of 1948) so must have been backfill sometime after this date, presumably when the current property was built.



NLS Historic Maps Subscription API layer @ Getmapping plc @ 2017 GeoEye @ 2017 Intermap @ 2017 Microsoft Corporation @ 2017 HERE @

Map 1 6-inch OS map of 1896 (Essex IX, SW) overlaid on modern mapping, location of old field boundary ditch and pond shown by the blue arrow.

7 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks William Meacham and Amherst Homes Ltd for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister, fieldwork was carried out by B Holloway with and H Furniss and E Hicks. Figures are by BH and E Holloway. The project was monitored for ECCPS by Richard Havis.

8 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at $\frac{\text{http://cat.essex.ac.uk}}{\text{otherwise}}$

CAR 7	2000	Colchester Archaeological Report 7: Post-Roman pottery from excavations in Colchester, 1971-85, by J Cotter
CAT	2014	Health & Safety Policy
CAT	2016	Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for an archaeological evaluation and excavation at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport. Essex, CB11 3TZ
CITA	0014-	1 / /
ClfA	2014a	Standard and Guidance for an archaeological evaluation
ClfA	2014b	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials
DCLG	2012	National Planning Policy Framework
ECC	2009	Uttlesford District Historic Environment Characterisation Project
ECCPS	2016	Brief for trial trenching and excavation at Redbank, Bury Water Lane. Newport

English Heritage 2006 Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment

(MoRPHE)

Gurney, D 2003 Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East

Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).

Medlycott, M 2011 Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the

East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers

24 (EAA 24)

9 Abbreviations and glossary

Bronze Age period from c 2500 – 700 BC
CAT Colchester Archaeological Trust
ClfA Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

context specific location of finds on an archaeological site

ECC Essex County Council

ECCHEA Essex County Council Historic Environment Advisor

ECCPS Essex County Council Place Services EHER Essex Historic Environment Record

feature (F) an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'

Iron Age period from 700 BC to Roman invasion of AD 43 layer (L) distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material

medieval period from AD 1066 to c 1500 modern period from c AD 1800 to the present

natural geological deposit undisturbed by human activity

NGR National Grid Reference

OASIS Online AccesS to the Index of Archaeological InvestigationS,

http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main

post-medieval from c AD 1500 to c 1800

prehistoric pre-Roman

residual something out of its original context, eg a Roman coin in a modern pit

Roman the period from AD 43 to c AD 410

section (abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s

wsi written scheme of investigation

10 Contents of archive

Finds: none retained

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1081)

ECC evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, plans)

Site digital photos and log, architectural plans, attendance register, risk assessment

11 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Saffron Walden Museum under accession code SAFWM: 2017.17.

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Distribution list:

William Meacham, Amherst Homes Ltd ECC Place Services Historic Environment Advisor Essex Historic Environment Record, Essex County Council



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Checked by: Philip Crummy Date: 24.3.2017

Appendix 1 Context list

Context Number	Finds Number	Feature Type	Description	Date
F1		Ditch	Firm, moist, medium brown silty-clay	Modern, in existence between at least 1896-1948
F2	1	Pit (backfilled pond)	Friable, dry, dark brown sandy-silt with 1% stone, 2% tile/brick	Modern, in existence between at least 1896-1948
L1		Topsoil	Soft, moist, dark brown/black clayey-silt with 1% tile/brick	Modern
L2		Subsoil	Friable, moist, medium grey/brown clayey- silt with <1% tile/brick	-
L3		Natural	Firm, moist medium orange silty-clay with <1% stone	-

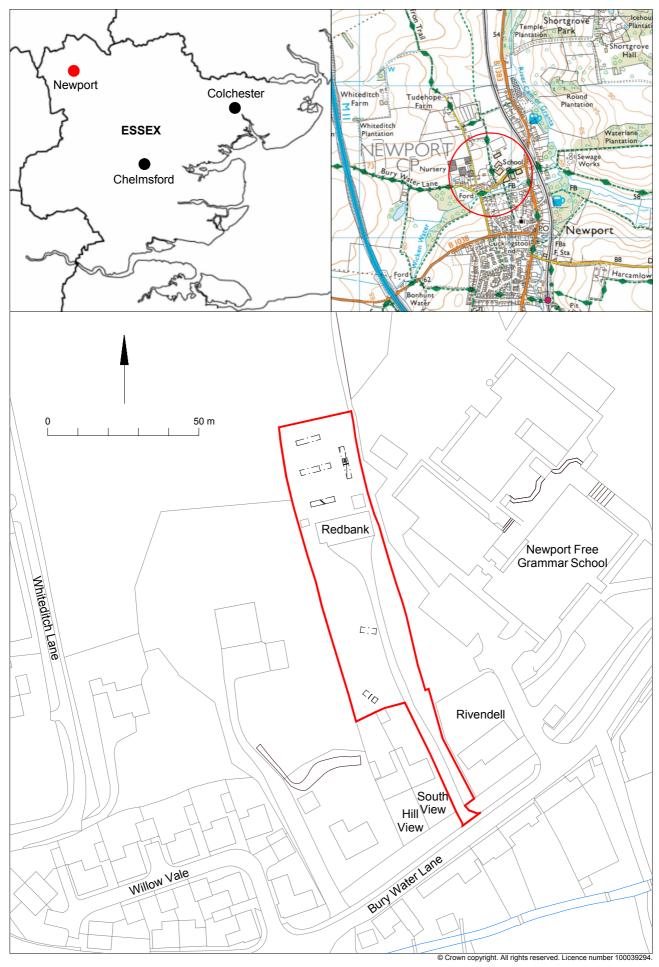
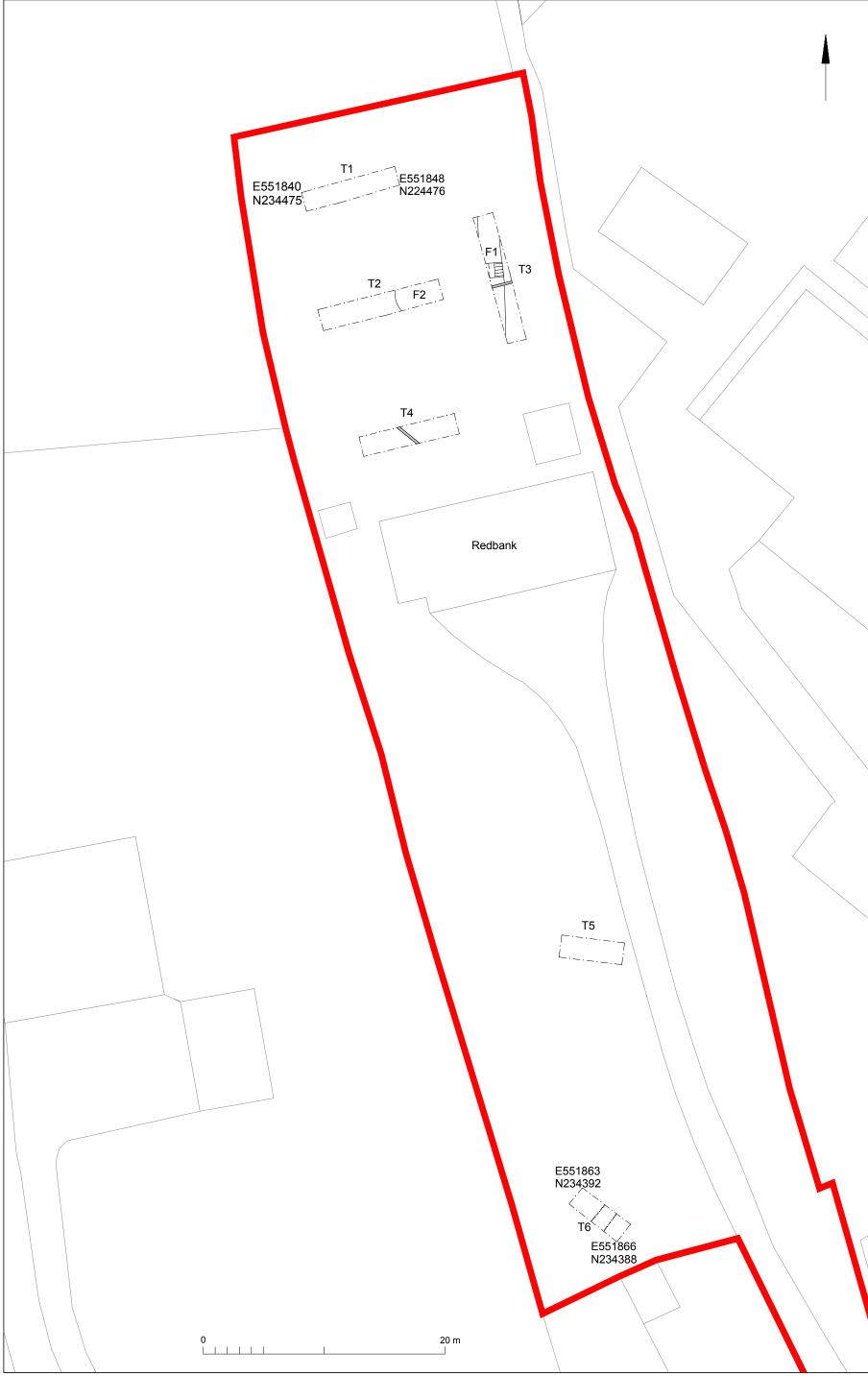
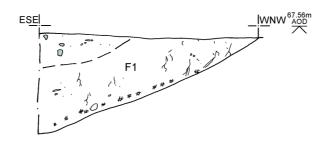


Fig 1 Site location.





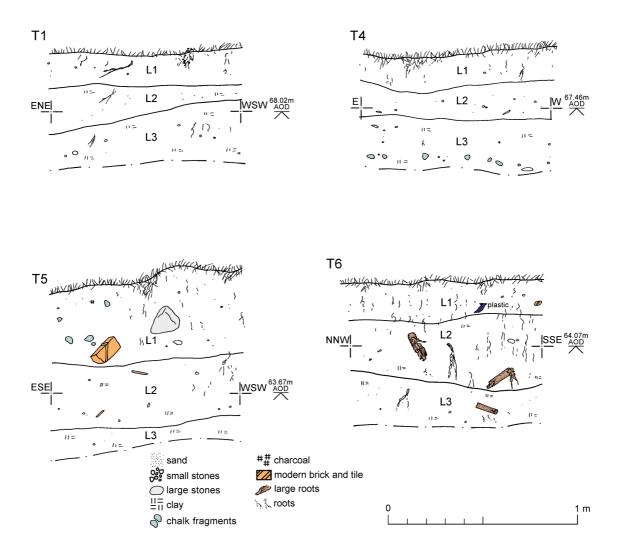


Fig 3 Feature and representative trench sections.

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

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OASIS ID: colchest3-278183

Project details

Project name Archaeological evaluation at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport, Essex, CB11 3TZ

Short description of the project

An archaeological evaluation (six trial-trenches) was carried out at Redbank, Bury Water Lane, Newport, Essex in advance of the construction of five new dwellings. Despite being

located close to the medieval town, possible castle and Leper Hospital the only

archaeological remains were a field boundary ditch and backfilled pond, both identified on

the 1896 6-inch OS map and extant until at least the late 1940s.

Project dates Start: 13-03-2017 End: 14-03-2017

Previous/future

work

No / Not known

Any associated

project reference codes

17/02m - Contracting Unit No.

Any associated project reference

codes

Any associated NP22 - HER event no.

project reference codes

Any associated project reference

codes

SAFWM: 2017.17 - Museum accession ID

UTT/16/2538/FUL - Planning Application No.

Type of project Field evaluation

Site status None

Current Land use Residential 1 - General Residential

DITCH Post Medieval Monument type

Monument type **BACKFILLED POND Modern**

Significant Finds **POTTERY Modern GLASS Modern** Significant Finds

Methods & techniques ""Sample Trenches""

Development type Urban residential (e.g. flats, houses, etc.)

Prompt Planning condition

Position in the planning process After full determination (eg. As a condition)

Project location

Country England Site location ESSEX UTTLESFORD NEWPORT Redbank, Bury Water Lane

Postcode **CB11 3TZ** Study area 0.28 Hectares

Site coordinates TL 51862 34417 51.986963406119 0.211806610763 51 59 13 N 000 12 42 E Point

Height OD /

Depth

Min: 63.52m Max: 67.83m

Project creators

Name of Organisation Colchester Archaeological Trust

Project brief originator

HEM Team Officer, ECC

Project design originator

Laura Pooley

Project director/manager Chris Lister

Project supervisor Ben Holloway

Type of

sponsor/funding body

Developer

Project archives

Physical Archive

Exists?

No

Digital Archive

recipient

Saffron Walden Museum

Digital Archive ID SAFWM: 2017.17

"Stratigraphic", "Survey" **Digital Contents**

Digital Media

"Images raster / digital photography", "Survey"

available

Paper Archive

recipient

Saffron Walden Museum

Paper Archive ID

SAFWM: 2017.17

Paper Contents

"Stratigraphic", "Survey"

Paper Media available

"Context sheet", "Miscellaneous Material", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

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