Archaeological monitoring and recording at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex, CO3 3RX

July 2015



by Laura Pooley

figures by Chris Lister and Emma Holloway

fieldwork by Mark Baister

commissioned by Chris Morris Design Ltd on behalf of Mr P Powell

NGR: TL 977 253
Planning reference: 146254
CAT project ref.: 15/05g

Colchester Museum accession code: COLEM 2015.15

UAD ref: ECC3756

OASIS reference: colchest3-212588



Colchester Archaeological Trust

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CAT Report 951 May 2016

Contents

1	Summary	1
2	Introduction	1
3	Archaeological background	1
4	Results	2
5	Finds	2
6	Discussion	2
7	Acknowledgements	3
8	References	3
9	Abbreviations and glossary	3
10	Contents of archive	3
11	Archive deposition	4

Figures after p4

Appendix 1 CAT WSI Appendix 2 OASIS Summary

List of photographs and figures

Cover: general site shot

Photograph 1	Foundation trench, looking S	2
Photograph 2	Foundation trench, looking SE	2

Fig 1 Site local Fig 2 Results Fig 3 Represe Site location

Representative section

1 Summary

An archaeological watching brief was carried out at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester in advance of the construction of an extension to the rear of the property. Despite being located in an area of known Roman cemeteries and close to the pre-Roman settlement at Sheepen (Scheduled Monument 1002173), no significant archaeological horizons were identified.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This report presents the results of an archaeological watching brief at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex which was carried out on 2nd July 2015. The work was commissioned by Chris Morris Design Ltd, on behalf of Mr P Powell, in advance of the construction of an extension to the rear of the property, and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

In response to consultation with Colchester Borough Council Planning Services (CBCPS), Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor Jess Tipper advised that in order to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with paragraphs 128, 129 and 132 of the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for Continuous Archaeological Recording*, detailing the required archaeological work, written by Jess Tipper (CBCPS 2015), and a written scheme of investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with CBCPS (CAT 2015)

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA **14** and **24**). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological watching brief* (ClfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Urban Archaeological Database (UAD) created by Colchester Borough Council, and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER).

The site lies in an area of archaeological potential located within the area termed 'the western cemetery' by Hull (1958) or more generally considered the Lexden cemetery (EHER 11713, 11714), an area of Iron Age and Roman burial grounds to either side of Lexden Road. This was the main Roman road leading from the walled town to London. Discoveries in the area include an Iron Age burial (EHER 11806) and a Late Iron Age cremation (EHER 11716).

The proposed development is also outside the western edge of the site of pre-Roman settlement at Hilly Fields and Sheepen (Scheduled Monument 1002173). Earlier evidence for human activity in the vicinity is evidenced by Bronze Age finds (EHER 11805) and a Bronze Age cremation (EHER 11809).

An evaluation (CAT Report 338) and watching brief at Lexden Grange (CAT Report 431), off Lexden Road revealed part of a Late Iron Age pedestal urn (thought to be from a disturbed cremation) and some Roman pits and ditches which included metal-working debris and a fragment of crucible used for brass-making. No significant archaeological horizons were identified during groundworks at 27 Elianore Road (CAT Report 910).

4 Results (Figs 2-3)

The footprint of the new extension was aligned on top of the foundations of a preexisting five-sided conservatory. Only a short section of foundation trench was dug through new ground to make the extension square.

The trenches were dug by mechanical excavator under archaeological supervision to a width of 600mm and a depth 1m. Three layers were identified. Modern topsoil (L1, c 380mm thick) sealed a layer of subsoil (L2, c 200mm thick), which in turn sealed natural sands and gravels (L3). No significant archaeological horizons were identified.



Photograph 1 Foundation trench, looking S



Photograph 2 Foundation trench, looking SE

5 Finds

No archaeological finds were recorded.

6 Discussion

Despite being located within an area of Roman cemeteries and close to the pre-Roman settlement Sheepen, no significant archaeological horizons were identified.

7 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Chris Morris Design Ltd and Mr P Powell for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister and carried out by M Baister. Site plans were prepared by C Lister. The project was monitored for the CBCPS by Jess Tipper.

8 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at http://cat.essex.ac.uk

CAT	2014	Health & Safety Policy
CAT	2007	An archaeological trial-trenching evaluation at Lexden Grange, 127
Report 338		Lexden Road, Colchester, Essex: September 2005.
CAT	2007	An archaeological watching brief at Lexden Grange, 127 Lexden Road,
Report 431		Colchester, Essex: July 2006-February 2007.
CAT	2015	Archaeological excavation and watching brief at 27 Elianore Road,
Report 910		Colchester, Essex, CO3 3RX: December 2015-January 2016
CBCAA	2015	Brief for Continuous Archaeological Recording at 17 Elianore Road,
		Colchester, CO3 3RX by J Tipper
ClfA	2014a	Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief
ClfA	2014b	Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and
		deposition of archaeological archives
ClfA	2014c	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation
		and research of archaeological materials
Gurney, D	2003	Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian
		Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
DCLG	2012	National Planning Policy Framework
English	2006	Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment
Heritage		(MoRPHE)
Hull, M. R	1958	Roman Colchester, RRCSAL, 20
Medlycott,	2011	Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East
M		of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

9 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT Colchester Archaeological Trust

CBCPS Colchester Borough Council Planning Services

CBM brick/tile (ceramic building material)
ClfA Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

context specific location of finds on an archaeological site

feature (F) an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'

layer (L) distinct or distinguishable deposit of soil modern distinguishable deposit of soil period from *c* AD 1800 to the present

natural geological deposit undisturbed by human activity

UAD Urban Archaeological Database WSI Written Scheme of Investigation

10 Contents of archive

Finds: n/a

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 951)

CBCPS Evaluation Brief, CAT Written Scheme of Investigation Original site record (Feature and layer sheets, Finds record, plans) Site digital photos and log, Architectural plans, Attendance register

11 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex, CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Colchester Museum under accession code: COLEM 2015.51.

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Distribution list
Chris Morris Design Ltd
Mr P Powell
Jess Tipper, Colchester Borough Council Planning Services
Essex Historic Environment Record



Colchester Archaeological Trust

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Checked by: Howard Brooks Date: 12.05.2016

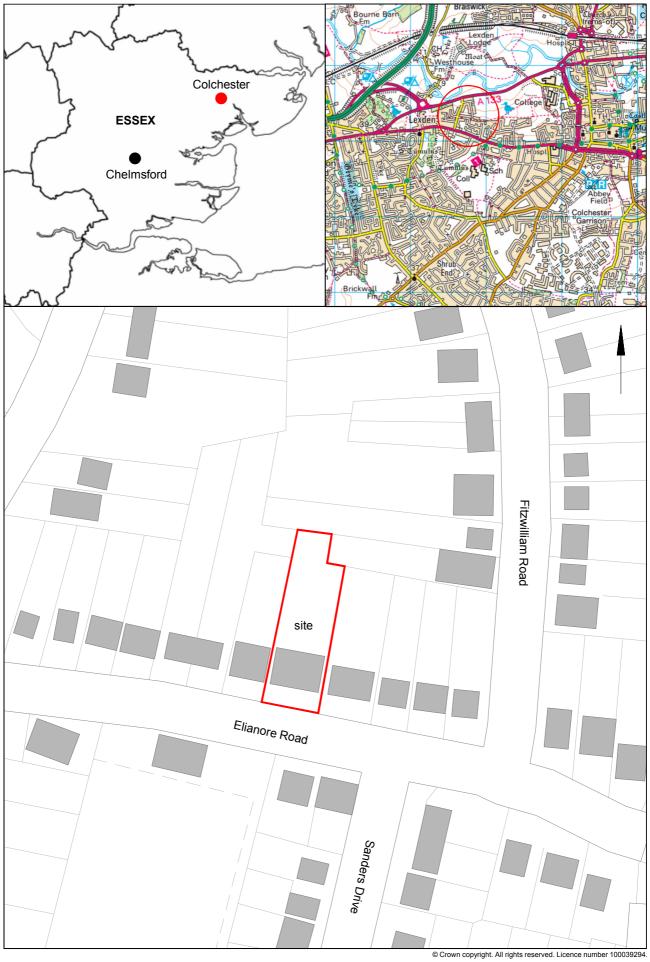


Fig 1 Site location.



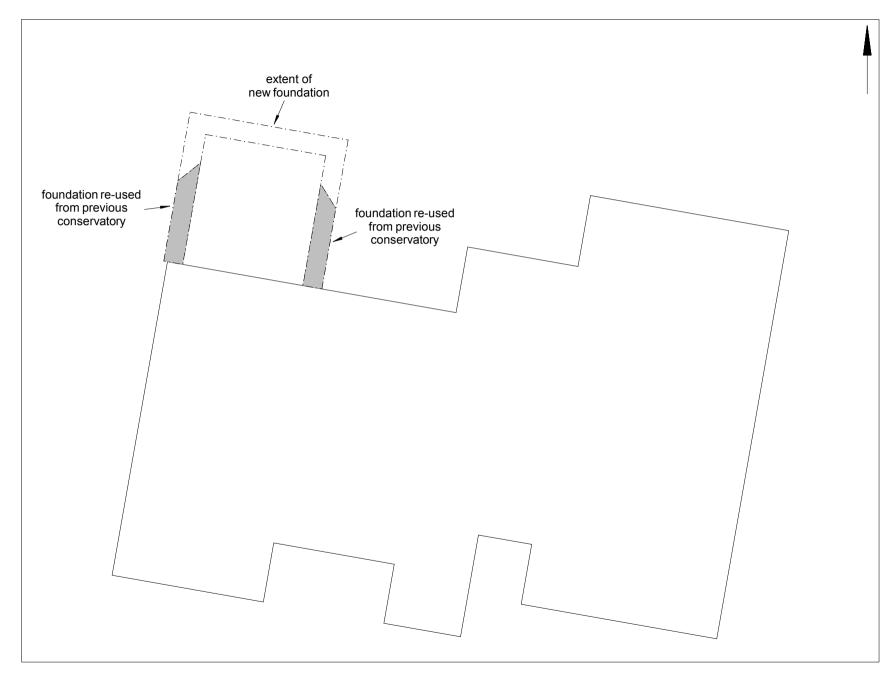


Fig 2 Results.

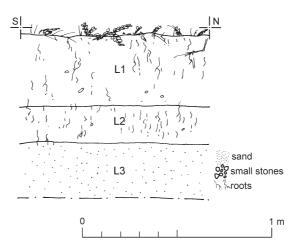


Fig 3 Representative section.

Essex Historic Environment Record/ Essex Archaeology and History

Summary sheet

Address: 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex, CO3 3RX				
Parish: Colchester	District: Colchester			
NGR: TL 977 253 (centre)	Site code:			
	CAT project ref.: 15/05g			
	UAD ref: ECC3756			
	OASIS ref: colchest3-212588			
Type of work:	Site director/group:			
Watching brief	Colchester Archaeological Trust			
Date of work:	Size of area investigated:			
2nd July 2015	Total size of area 2.4m ²			
Location of curating museum:	Funding source:			
Colchester museum	Owner			
accession code COLEM: 2015.51				
Further seasons anticipated?	Related UAD/SMR number:			
no	EHER 11713, 11714, 11716, 11805, 11806,			
	11809; scheduled monument 1002173			
Final report: CAT Report 951	Final report: CAT Report 951			
Periods represented: -	Periods represented: -			
Summary of fieldwork results: An archaeological watching brief was carried out at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester in advance of the construction of an extension to the rear of the property. Despite being located in an area of known Roman cemeteries and close to the pre-Roman settlement at Sheepen (Scheduled Monument 1002173), no significant archaeological horizons were identified.				
Previous summaries/reports: None CBC monitor: Jess Tipper				
Keywords: -	Significance: -			
, no, noi us.	Cigimiounice.			
Author of summary:	Date of summary:			
Laura Pooley	May 2016			

Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for continuous Archaeological Recording at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex

NGR: TL 977 253 (centre)

Planning reference: 146254

Client: Mr P. Powell

Agent: Chris Morris Design Ltd

Curating Museum: Colchester

Museum accession code: 2015.51

ECC Project code: n/a CAT Project code: 15/05g

Site Manager: Ben Holloway

CBC Monitor: Jess Tipper

This WSI written: 02.06.2015



COLCHESTER ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRUST, Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk Colchester, Essex, C02 7GZ tel: 07436 273 304

email: archaeologists@catuk.org

Site Location and Description

The proposed development site is at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex, CO3 3RX. It lies approximately 1.5 miles west of Colchester town centre on the northern side of Elianore Road. Centred at NGR TL 977 253 (Fig 1).

Proposed work

The development comprises the erection of a single-storey extension to the rear of the property to be a garden room where there is currently a conservatory.

Archaeological Background

The following archaeological background derives from the CBCAA brief with data from the Urban Archaeological Database (UAD) and Essex Historic Environment Records.

The site lies in an area of archaeological potential located within the area termed 'the western cemetery' by Hull (1958) or more generally considered the Lexden cemetery (Essex Historic Environment Record EHER no.s 11713, 11714), an area of Iron Age and Roman burial grounds to either side of Lexden Road. This was the main Roman road leading from the walled town to London. Discoveries in the area include an Iron Age burial (EHER 11806) and a Late Iron Age cremation (EHER 11716).

The proposed development is also outside the western edge of the site of pre-Roman settlement at Hilly Fields and Sheepen (Scheduled Monument 1002173). Earlier evidence for human activity in the vicinity is evidenced by Bronze Age finds (EHER 11805) and a Bronze Age cremation (EHER 11809).

A nearby evaluation (CAT report **338**) and associated archaeological watching brief by CAT at Lexden Grange (CAT Report **431**), off Lexden Road revealed part of a Late Iron Age pedestal urn, thought to be part of a disturbed cremation and some Roman pits and ditches which included metal-working debris and a fragment of crucible used for brass-making.

Planning Background

A planning application was submitted to Colchester Borough Council in October 2014 for the proposed work (above: Planning reference 146254). As the site lies within an area highlighted by the EHER as having a high potential for archaeological deposits, a full archaeological condition was recommended by Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor (CBCAA). The recommended archaeological condition is based on the guidance given in the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012) and states:

"Prior to commencement of development, details of a watching brief to be carried out by a suitably qualified archaeologist (during construction works) shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall thereafter be carried out in strict accordance with these agreed details. In the event that any significant archaeological features or remains are discovered which are beyond the scope of the watching brief (and require fuller rescue excavation) the construction work shall cease immediately and shall not recommence until a revised programme of archaeological work including a scheme of investigation has been submitted to, and approved in writing, by the Local Planning Authority. This will record and advance understanding of the significance of heritage assets that might be present at this location before they are damaged or destroyed."

Requirement for Work

The required archaeological work involves undertaking a Continuous Archaeological Recording (Watching Brief) of all the groundworks undertaken by the contractor (including the

removal of foundations of the previous conservatory). The mechanical stripping will involve using a flat—edged ditching bucket whilst under constant archaeological supervision. Details are given in a Project Brief written by CBCAO (Brief for Continuous Archaeological Recording at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, CO3 3RX - CBC 2015). Once the strip is complete a meeting will be held on site with CBCAA, the developer and CAT to discuss if any further work is needed.

It is anticipated that this work will comprise the complete excavation and recovery of any burials on the site and standard sample excavation of all other features.

Specific research aims are:

- Follow requirements as stated in section 3.1 and 3.2 of the Brief
- To preserve by record any archaeological remains that may be destroyed by the development.
- In particular to look for potential evidence of Iron Age or Roman burials.

General Methodology

All work carried out by CAT will be in accordance with:

- professional standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, including its Code of Conduct (CIfA 2014a-c)
- Standards and Frameworks published by East Anglian Archaeology (Gurney 2003, Medlycott 2011)
- required standards of fieldwork in Colchester Borough (CM 2008a, b)
- relevant Health & Safety guidelines and requirements (CAT 2014)
- the Project Brief issued by CBCAA (CBC 2015)

Professional CAT field archaeologists will undertake all specified archaeological work, for which they will be suitably experienced and qualified.

Notification of the supervisor/project manager's name and the start date for the project will be provided to CBCAA one week before start of work.

Unless it is the responsibility of other site contractors, CAT will study mains service locations and avoid damage to these.

A project or site code will be sought from the curating museum, as appropriate to the project. This code will be used to identify the finds bags and boxes, and the project archive when it is deposited at the curating museum.

Written Scheme of Investigation

Prior to start of work, a Written Scheme of Investigation will be submitted to CBCAA. The WSI will describe in appropriate detail how the *Brief* from CBCAA will be implemented in fieldwork, post-excavation, reporting and publication stages.

The WSI shall be submitted to CBCAA, and fieldwork will not commence prior to approval of WSI from CBCAA.

The WSI will include a location plan of the development site showing area of proposed excavation or trench layout.

OASIS Record

At the start of work (immediately before fieldwork commences) an OASIS online record http://ads.ahds.ac.uk/project/oasis/ will be initiated and key fields completed on Details, Location and Creators forms.

At the end of the project all parts of the OASIS online form will be completed for submission to CBCAA and EHER. This will include an uploaded .PDF version of the entire report.

Staffing

The number of field staff for this project is estimated as follows – one archaeologist to continually monitor the strip

In charge of day-to-day site work: Ben Holloway.

Watching brief methodology

There will be sufficient on-site attendance by CAT staff to maintain a watch on all contractors' ground reduction, footings work, service trench digging, and all related works to record, excavate or sample (as necessary) any archaeological features or deposits.

All topsoil removal and ground reduction, which will be done with a toothless bucket.

If archaeological features or deposits are uncovered, time will be allowed for these to be planned and recorded.

If any features or deposits uncovered are to be destroyed by the proposed development, time will be allowed for these features to be excavated by hand. This includes a 50% sample of discrete features (pits, etc) and 10% of linear features (ditches, etc).

Fast hand-excavation techniques involving (for instance) picks, forks and mattocks will not be used on complex stratigraphy.

A metal detector will be used to examine the site, spoil heaps, and the finds recovered.

Individual records of excavated contexts, layers, features or deposits will be entered on proforma record sheets. Registers will be compiled of finds, small finds and soil samples.

All features and layers or other significant deposits will be planned, and their profiles or sections recorded. The normal scale will be site plans at 1:20 and sections at 1:10, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be appropriate.

Site surveying

Normal scale for archaeological site plans and sections is 1:20 and 1:10 respectively, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be more appropriate.

The site grid will be tied into the National Grid. Corners of excavation areas and trenches will be located by NGR coordinates.

Environmental sampling policy

The number and range of samples collected will be adequate to determine the potential of the site, with particular focus on palaeoenvironmental remains including both biological remains (e.g. plants, small vertebrates) and small sized artefacts (e.g. smithing debris), and to provide information for sampling strategies on any future excavation. Samples will be collected for potential micromorphical and other pedological sedimentological analysis. Environmental bulk samples will be 40 litres in size (assuming context is large enough)

Sampling strategies will address questions of:

- the range of preservation types (charred, mineral-replaced, waterlogged), and their quality
- · concentrations of macro-remains
- and differences in remains from undated and dated features
- variation between different feature types and areas of site

CAT has an arrangement with Val Fryer (Loddon) whereby any potentially rich environmental layers or features will be appropriately sampled as a matter of course. Val Fryer will do any processing and reporting.

Should any complex, or otherwise outstanding deposits be encountered, VF will be asked onto site to advise. Waterlogged 'organic' features will always be sampled. In all cases, the

advice of VF and/or the English Heritage Regional Advisor in Archaeological Science (East of England) on sampling strategies for complex or waterlogged deposits will be followed, including the taking monolith samples.

Human remains

Policy depends on the age of the burial. If it is clear from their position, context, depth, or other factors that the remains are ancient, then normal procedure is to apply to the Department of Justice for a licence to remove them. In that case, conditions laid down by the license will be followed.

If it seems that the remains are not ancient, then the coroner, the client, and CBCAA will be informed, and any advice and/or instruction from the coroner will be followed.

Allowance will be made in the budget and timetable to allow a human bone specialist to visit site to advise on recording and lifting human remains (inhumations), and for an experienced conservator to visit site and advise on recording and lifting of fragile grave goods.

Photographic record

Will include both general and feature-specific photographs, the latter with scale and north arrow. A photo register giving context number, details, and direction of shot will be prepared on site, and included in site archive.

Post-excavation assessment

If a post-excavation assessment is required by CBCAA, it will be normally be submitted within 2 months of the end of fieldwork, or as quickly as is reasonably practicable and at a time agreed with CBCAA.

Where archaeological results do not warrant a post-excavation assessment, preparation of the normal site report will begin. This is usually a PDF report available as hard copy, and also published on the CAT website and on the OASiS website.

Finds

All significant finds will be retained.

All finds, where appropriate, will be washed and marked with site code and context number.

Stephen Benfield (CAT) normally writes our finds reports. Some categories of finds are automatically referred to other CAT specialists:

animal bones (small groups): Adam Wightman

flints: Adam Wightman

or to outside specialists:

small finds, metalwork, coins, etc: Nina Crummy.

animal bones (large groups) and human remains: Julie Curl (Sylvanus)

environmental processing and reporting: Val Fryer (Loddon)

conservation of finds: staff at Colchester Museum

Other specialists whose opinion can be sought on large or complex groups include:

Roman brick/tile: Ernest Black Roman glass: Hilary Cool Prehistoric pottery: Paul Sealey

Other: EH Regional Adviser in Archaeological Science (East of England).

All finds of potential treasure will be removed to a safe place, and the coroner informed immediately, in accordance with the rules of the Treasure Act 1996. The definition of treasure is given in pages 3-5 of the Code of Practice of the above act. This refers primarily to gold or silver objects.

Requirements for conservation and storage of finds will be agreed with the appropriate museum prior to the start of work, and confirmed to CBCAA.

End of Fieldwork, and Report

Notification will be given to CBCAA when the fieldwork has been completed.

An appropriate report will be prepared to minimum acceptable standards outlined in *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment* (English Heritage 2006).

The draft report will be submitted within 6 months of the end of fieldwork for approval by CBCAA.

Final report will normally be submitted to CBCAA as PDF, but printed copy can be provided on request.

The report will contain:

- The aims and methodology adopted in the course of the archaeological project
- Location plan of site and excavated area in relation to the proposed development. At least two
 corners of each trench / excavated area will be given 10 figure grid references.
- A section/s drawings showing depth of deposits from present ground level with Ordnance Datum, vertical and horizontal scale.
- Detailed archaeologists results including list of sites resulting from an EHER/UAD search, and historic maps to show changes and development of site, with a suitable conclusion and discussion and results referring to Regional Research Frameworks (Medlycott 2011).
- All specialist reports or assessments
- A concise non-technical summary of the project results.
- As Appendices, the OASIS entry and the WSI.

An EHER summary sheet will also be completed within four weeks and attached as Appendix to the site report, which will be emailed as PDF to CBCAA.

Results will be published, to at least a summary level (i.e. round-up in *Essex Archaeology & History*) in the year following the archaeological field work. An allowance will be made in the project costs for the report to be published in an adequately peer reviewed journal or monograph series

Archive Deposition

A site archive will be prepared to minimum acceptable standards given in CM 2008, CIfA 2014b, and MoRPHE (EH 2006).

The requirements for archive storage shall be agreed with the curating museum.

If the finds are to remain with the landowner, a full copy of the archive will be housed with the curating museum.

The archive will be deposited with the appropriate museum within 3 months of the completion of the final publication report, with a summary of the contents of the archive supplied to CBCAA.

A Drawing Interchange File (.dxf) will be supplied to for integration in the UAD/HER. AutoCAD files will also exported and saved into a format that can be can be imported into MapInfo.

Monitoring

CBCAA will be responsible for monitoring progress and standards throughout the project, and will be kept regularly informed during fieldwork, post-excavation and publication stages.

Notification of the start of work will be given to CBCAA one week in advance of its commencement.

Any variations in this WSI will be agreed with CBCAA prior to them being carried out.

CBCAA will be notified when the fieldwork is complete.

The involvement of CBCAA shall be acknowledged in any report or publication generated by this project.

References

CAT	2014	Health & Safety Policy
CAT Report	2007	An archaeological trial-trenching evaluation at Lexden Grange, 127 Lexden Road, Colchester, Essex, September 2005. Grey literature client report by K Orr
CAT Report 431	2007	CAT Report 431: An archaeological watching brief at Lexden Grange, 127 Lexden Road, Colchester, Essex: July 2006-February 2007. Grey literature client report by K Orr
CBCAA	2015	Brief for Continuous Archaeological Recording at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, CO3 3RX by J Tipper
ClfA	2014a	Standard and Guidance for an archaeological excavation
ClfA	2014b	Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives
ClfA	2014c	Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials
CM	2008	Guidelines on standards and practices for archaeological fieldwork in the Borough of Colchester
СМ	2008	Guidelines on the Preparation and Transfer of Archaeological Archives to Colchester & Ipswich Museums
Gurney, D	2003	Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
DCLG	2012	National Planning Policy Framework
English Heritage	2006	Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)
Hull, M. R	1958	Roman Colchester, RRCSAL, 20
Medlycott, M	2011	Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

Emma Holloway



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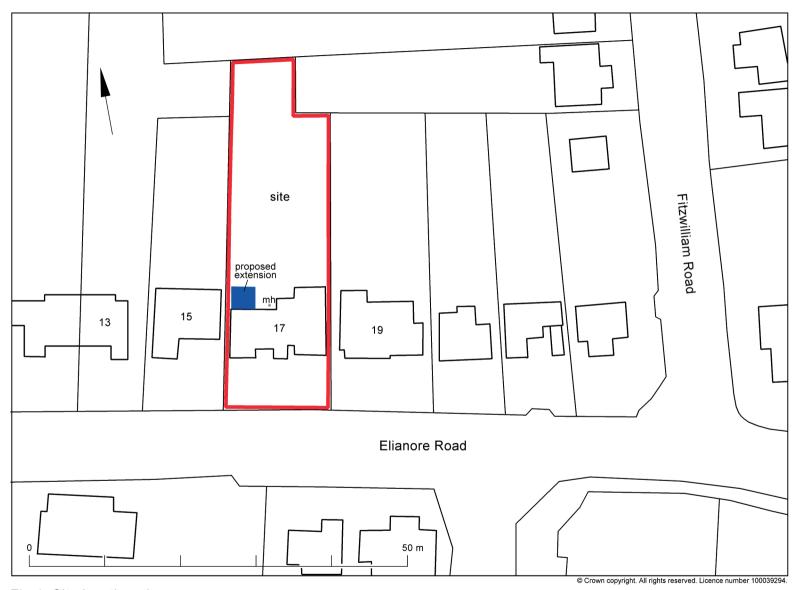


Fig 1 Site location plan.

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

List of Projects | Manage Projects | Search Projects | New project | Change your details | HER coverage | Change country | Log out

Printable version

OASIS ID: colchest3-212588

Project details

Project name Watching Brief at 17 Elianore Rd, Colchester

Short description of the project

An archaeological watching brief was carried out at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester in advance of the construction of an extension to the rear of the property. Despite being located in an area of known Roman cemeteries and close to the pre-Roman settlement at Hilly Fields and Sheepen (Scheduled Monument 1002173), no

significant archaeological horizons were identified.

Project dates Start: 02-07-2015 End: 02-07-2015

Previous/future work

No / Not known

Any associated project reference codes

15/05g - Contracting Unit No.

Any associated project reference codes

146254 - Planning Application No.

Any associated project reference codes

COLEM: 2015.51 - Museum accession ID

Any associated project reference codes

ECC3756 - HER event no.

Type of project

Recording project

Site status None

Current Land use Other 3 - Built over

Monument type N/A None Significant Finds N/A None

Investigation type "Watching Brief"

Prompt Planning condition

Project location

Country England

Site location ESSEX COLCHESTER COLCHESTER 17 Elianore Road

12/05/2016

Postcode CO3 3RX

Study area 2.4 Square metres

Site coordinates TL 977 253 51.890615484102 0.873375015631 51 53 26 N 000 52 24 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation

Colchester Archaeological Trust

Project brief originator

HEM Team Officer, ECC

Project design originator

Emma Holloway

Project

Chris Lister

director/manager

Project supervisor Mark Baister

Type of

Owner

sponsor/funding

body

Project archives

Physical Archive Exists?

ive No

Digital Archive

Colchester Museum

recipient

Digital Archive ID COLEM: 2015.51

Digital Media

available

"Images raster / digital photography"

Paper Archive

recipient

Colchester Museum

Paper Archive ID

COLEM: 2015.51

Paper Media available

"Context sheet", "Miscellaneous Material", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title Archaeological monitoring and recording at 17 Elianore Road, Colchester, Essex,

CO3 3RX: July 2015

Author(s)/Editor(s) Pooley, L

Other

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